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1360/027745 001 Page 1 of 19
2001-04-17 11:16:13

Cook County Recorder 57.00



Grepley
After Recording Return To:

GMAC Mortgage Corp.
100 Witmer Road
Horsham, PA 19044-0963
ATTN: Capital Markets

[Space Above This Line For Recording Data]

79107242 C.R. 19JW
Loan No. 511802209

MORTGAGE

DEFINITIONS

Words used in multiple sections of this document are defined below and other words are defined in Sections 3, 11, 13, 18, 20 and 21. Certain rules regarding the usage of words used in this document are also provided in Section 16.

- (A) "Security Instrument" means this document, which is dated April 3, 2001, together with all Riders to this document.
(B) "Borrower" is

John Achino and Vera Achino HUSBAND & WIFE J.A.

Borrower is the mortgagor under this Security Instrument.

(C) "MERS" is Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc. MERS is a separate corporation that is acting solely as a nominee for Lender and Lender's successors and assigns. MERS is the mortgagee under this Security Instrument. MERS is organized and existing under the laws of Delaware, and has an address and telephone number of P.O. Box 2026, Flint, MI 48501-2026, tel. (888) 679-MERS.

ILLINOIS -- Single Family -- Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac
UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Form 3014 1/01

(Page 1 of 18) 109130762 Initials: *J.A.* 345
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Bob V.A.

Initials:

GMACM - CMS.0012.II (0001) (Page 2 of 18)
ILLINOIS - Single Family - Frame Mae/Freddie Mae UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Form 301A 1/01

(M) "Miscellaneous Proceeds" means any compensation, settlement, award of damages, or proceeds paid by any third party (other than insurance proceeds paid under the coverages described in Section 5) for: (i) damage to, or destruction of, the Property; (ii) condemnation or other taking of all or any part of the Property; (iii) conveyance in lieu of condemnation; or (iv) misrepresentations of, or omissions as to, the value and/or condition of the Property.

(L) "Escrow Items" means those items that are described in Section 3.

(K) "Electronic Funds Transfer" means any transfer of funds, other than a transaction originated by check, draft, or similar paper instrument, which is initiated through a financial, telephonic instrument, computer, or magnetic tape so as to order, instruct, or authorize a financial institution to debit or credit an account. Such term includes, but is not limited to, point-of-sale transfers, automated teller machine transactions, transfers initiated by telephone, wire transfers, and automated clearinghouse transfers.

(J) "Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments" means all dues, fees, assessments and other charges that are imposed on Borrower or the Property by a condominium association, homeowners association or similar organization.

(I) "Applicable Law" means all controlling applicable federal, state and local statutes, regulations, ordinances and administrative rules and orders (that have the effect of law) as well as all applicable final, non-appellable judicial opinions.

<input type="checkbox"/> Adjustable Rate Rider <input type="checkbox"/> Grandfather Rider <input type="checkbox"/> Other(s) [Specify] <input type="checkbox"/> Second Home Rider	<input type="checkbox"/> Biweekly Payment Rider <input type="checkbox"/> 1-4 Family Rider	<input type="checkbox"/> Biweekly Payment Rider <input type="checkbox"/> Planned Unit Development Rider
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The following Riders are to be executed by Borrower [check box as applicable]:
(H) "Riders" means all Riders to this Security Instrument that are executed by Borrower.

(G) "Loan" means the debt evidenced by the Note, and all sums due under this Security Instrument, plus interest.

(F) "Property" means the property that is described below under the heading "Transfer of Rights in the Property".

Dollars (U.S. \$ 152,300.00) plus interest. Borrower has promised to pay this debt in regular Periodic Payments and to pay the debt in full not later than April 1, 2016

One Hundred Fifty Two Thousand Three Hundred and 00/100

2001 . The Note states that Borrower owes Lender
(E) "Note" means the promissory note signed by Borrower and dated April 1, 3,

Lender is a Corporation organized and existing under the Laws of Pennsylvania . Lender's address is 100 Witmer Road, P.O. Box 963, Horsham, PA 19044

(D) "Lender" is GMAC Mortgage Corporation

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- (N) "Mortgage Insurance" means insurance protecting Lender against the nonpayment of, or default on, the Loan.
- (O) "Periodic Payment" means the regularly scheduled amount due for (i) principal and interest under the Note, plus (ii) any amounts under Section 3 of this Security Instrument.
- (P) "RESPA" means the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. §2601 et seq.) and its implementing regulation, Regulation X (24 C.F.R. Part 3500), as they might be amended from time to time, or any additional or successor legislation or regulation that governs the same subject matter. As used in this Security Instrument, "RESPA" refers to all requirements and restrictions that are imposed in regard to a "federally related mortgage loan" even if the Loan does not qualify as a "federally related mortgage loan" under RESPA.
- (Q) "Successor in Interest of Borrower" means any party that has taken title to the Property, whether or not that party has assumed Borrower's obligations under the Note and/or this Security Instrument.

TRANSFER OF RIGHTS IN THE PROPERTY

This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (i) the repayment of the Loan, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; and (ii) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower does hereby mortgage, grant and convey to MERS (solely as nominee for Lender and Lender's successors and assigns) and to the successors and assigns of MERS, the following described property located in the

[Type of Recording Jurisdiction]

of

[Name of Recording Jurisdiction]

SEE LEGAL DESCRIPTION ATTACHED

which currently has the address of
4290 Eisenhower Circle,

[Street]

Hoffman Estates
[City]

, Illinois 60195

[Zip Code]

("Property Address"):

TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property." Borrower understands and agrees that MERS holds only legal title to the interests granted by Borrower in this Security Instrument, but, if necessary to comply with law or custom, MERS (as nominee for Lender and Lender's successors and assigns) has the right: to exercise any or all of those interests, including, but not limited to, the right to foreclose and sell the Property; and to take any action required of Lender including, but not limited to, releasing and canceling this Security Instrument.

ILLINOIS - Single Family -- Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Form 3014 1/01

GMACM - CMS.0012.IL (0001) (Page 3 of 18)

Initials: J.A. V.A.

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10308090

J.A.

Initials:

GMACM - CMS.0012.II (0001) (Page 4 of 18)

ILLINOIS - Single Family - Form Mac/ Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Form 3014 1/01

LOAN NO: 511802209

Note.

amounts due under this Security Instrument, and then to reduce the principal balance of the amounts due. Any remaining amounts shall be applied first to late charges, second to any other it became due. Such payments shall be applied to each Periodic Payment in the order in which under Section 3. Such payments shall be applied to each Periodic Payment due under the Note; (c) amounts due of priority: (a) interest due under the Note; (b) principal due under the Note; (c) amounts due Section 2, all payments accepted and applied by Lender shall be applied in the following order Section 3. Such payments shall be applied to each Periodic Payment in the order in which amounts due under this Security Instrument, and then to reduce the principal balance of the amounts due. Any remaining amounts shall be applied first to late charges, second to any other it became due. Such payments shall be applied to each Periodic Payment in the order in which under Section 3. Such payments shall be applied to each Periodic Payment due under the Note; (c) amounts due of priority: (a) interest due under the Note; (b) principal due under the Note; (c) amounts due Section 2, all payments accepted and applied by Lender shall be applied in the following order

2. Application of Payments or Proceeds. Except as otherwise described in this covenants and agreements secured by this Security Instrument.

from making payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument or performing the or claim which Borrower might have now or in the future against Lender shall relieve Borrower or the outstanding principal balance under the Note immediately prior to foreclosure. No offset to the outstanding principal balance earlier, such funds will be applied apply such funds or return them to Borrower. If not applied earlier, Lender shall either current. If Borrower does not do so within a reasonable period of time, Lender shall hold the loan funds. Lender may hold such unapplied funds until Borrower makes payment on unpaid principal as applied as of its scheduled due date, then Lender need not pay interest on unpaid principal to apply such payments at the time such payments are due accepted. If each Periodic obligation to its rights to refuse such payment or partial payment, but Lender is not partial payment insufficient to bring the loan current, Lender may accept any rights hereunder or partial payments are insufficient to bring the loan current. Lender may refuse any payment or provisions in Section 15. Lender may return any payment or partial payment if the notice the Note or at such other location as may be designated by Lender in accordance with the notice payments are deemed received at the location designated in

agency, instrumentality, or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer.

provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, cash; (d) cashier's check in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) security instrument be used in any or all subsequent payments due under the Note and this unpaid, Lender may choose that any or all subsequent payments due under the Note and this received by Lender is payment under the Note or this Security Instrument is returned to Lender security instrument shall be made in U.S. currency. However, if any check or other instrument security instrument to Escrow Items pursuant to Section 3. Payments due under the Note and this pay funds for Escrow Items due under the Note and this security instrument shall be made in U.S. currency. However, if any check or other instrument received by Lender is payment under the Note or this Security Instrument is returned to Lender received by Lender is payment under the Note or this Security Instrument is returned to Lender

1. Payment of Principal, Interest, Escrow Items, Prepayment Charges, and Late

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

Instrument covering real property.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security

BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully seized of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to grant and convey the property and interest in, the debt evidenced by record, generally the title to the property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Borrower warrants and will defend of record.

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If Lender receives a payment from Borrower for a delinquent Periodic Payment which includes a sufficient amount to pay any late charge due, the payment may be applied to the delinquent payment and the late charge. If more than one Periodic Payment is outstanding, Lender may apply any payment received from Borrower to the repayment of the Periodic Payments if, and to the extent that, each payment can be paid in full. To the extent that any excess exists after the payment is applied to the full payment of one or more Periodic Payments, such excess may be applied to any late charges due. Voluntary prepayments shall be applied first to any prepayment charges and then as described in the Note.

Any application of payments, insurance proceeds, or Miscellaneous Proceeds to principal due under the Note shall not extend or postpone the due date, or change the amount, of the Periodic Payments.

3. Funds for Escrow Items. Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day Periodic Payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum (the "Funds") to provide for payment of amounts due for: (a) taxes and assessments and other items which can attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien or encumbrance on the Property; (b) leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) premiums for any and all insurance required by Lender under Section 5; and (d) Mortgage Insurance premiums, if any, or any sums payable by Borrower to Lender in lieu of the payment of Mortgage Insurance premiums in accordance with the provisions of Section 10. These items are called "Escrow Items." At origination or at any time during the term of the Loan, Lender may require that Community Association Dues, Fees and Assessments, if any, be escrowed by Borrower, and such dues, fees, and assessments shall be an Escrow Item. Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this Section. Borrower shall pay Lender the Funds for Escrow Items unless Lender waives Borrower's obligation to pay the Funds for any or all Escrow Items. Lender may waive Borrower's obligation to pay to Lender Funds for any or all Escrow Items at any time. Any such waiver may only be in writing. In the event of such waiver, Borrower shall pay directly, when and where payable, the amounts due for any Escrow Items for which payment of Funds has been waived by Lender and, if Lender requires, shall furnish to Lender receipts evidencing such payment within such time period as Lender may require. Borrower's obligation to make such payments and to provide receipts shall for all purposes be deemed to be a covenant and agreement contained in this Security Instrument, as the phrase "covenant and agreement" is used in Section 9. If Borrower is obligated to pay Escrow Items directly, pursuant to a waiver, and Borrower fails to pay the amount due for an Escrow Item, Lender may exercise its rights under Section 9 and pay such amount and Borrower shall then be obligated under Section 9 to repay to Lender any such amount. Lender may revoke the waiver as to any or all Escrow Items at any time by a notice given in accordance with Section 15 and, upon such revocation, Borrower shall pay to Lender all Funds, and in such amounts, that are then required under this Section 3.

Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount (a) sufficient to permit Lender to apply the Funds at the time specified under RESPA, and (b) not to exceed the maximum amount a lender can require under RESPA. Lender shall estimate the amount of Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future Escrow Items or otherwise in accordance with Applicable Law.

LOAN NO: 511802209

ILLINOIS -- Single Family - Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Form 3014 1/01

GMACM - CMS.0012.IL (0001) (Page 5 of 18)

Initials:

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ILLINOIS Single Family - Faute Me/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Form 3014-1/01
GMACM - CMS.0012.1L (0001) (Page 6 of 18)

5. **Property Insurance.** Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or
hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term
"extended coverage," and any other hazards including, but not limited to, earthquakes and
floods, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts
and/or reporting service used by Lender in connection with this Loan.

Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for a real estate tax verification
satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above in this Section 4.

Securitly Instruments that any part of the Property is subject to a Lien
identify the Lien. Within 10 days of the date on which that notice is given, Borrower shall
which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Borrower a notice
Security Instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a Lien
from the holder of the Lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the Lien to this
those proceedings are pending, but only until such proceedings are concluded; or (c) secures
legal proceedings which in Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the Lien in,
agreement; (b) conveys the Lien in good faith by, or defers as long as Borrower is performing such
the Lien in a manner acceptable to Lender, but only so long as Borrower is secured by
Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by
Borrower shall promptly discharge any Lien which has priority over this Security
Instrument.

4. **Charges, Liens.** Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines, and
impositions attributable to the Property which can attain priority over this Security Instrument,
leseshold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any, and Community Association Dues,
Fees, and Assessments, if any. To the extent that these items are Escrow Items, Borrower shall
pay them in the manner provided in Section 3.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall
promptly refund to Borrower any Funds held by Lender.
If there is a surplus of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall
account to Borrower for the excess funds in accordance with RESPA. If there is a shortage of
Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by
RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in
accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments.
If there is a shortage in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by
RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in
accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments. If there is a deficiency in
Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by
RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in
accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments. If there is a deficiency in
Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by
RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in
accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal
agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Lender, if Lender is an institution whose deposits
are so insured) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply the Funds to pay the
Escrow Items, unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds and Applicable Law permits
Lender to make such a charge. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law
requires interest to be paid on the Funds, Lender shall not charge Borrower any
interest or earnings on the Funds. Borrower and Lender can agree in writing, however, that
interest with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments. If there is a deficiency in
Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by
RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in
accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments. If there is a shortage in
Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by
RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in
accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments. If there is a deficiency in
Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by
RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in
accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments.

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(including deductible levels) and for the periods that Lender requires pursuant to the preceding sentences can change during the term of the Loan. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's right to disapprove Borrower's choice, which right shall not be exercised unreasonably. Lender may require Borrower to pay, in connection with this Loan, either: (a) a one-time charge for flood zone determination, certification and tracking services; or (b) a one-time charge for flood zone determination and certification services and subsequent charges each time remappings or similar changes occur which reasonably might affect such determination or certification. Borrower shall also be responsible for the payment of any fees imposed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in connection with the review of any flood zone determination resulting from an objection by Borrower.

If Borrower fails to maintain any of the coverages described above, Lender may obtain insurance coverage, at Lender's option and Borrower's expense. Lender is under no obligation to purchase any particular type or amount of coverage. Therefore, such coverage shall cover Lender, but might or might not protect Borrower, Borrower's equity in the Property, or the contents of the Property, against any risk, hazard or liability and might provide greater or lesser coverage than was previously in effect. Borrower acknowledges that the cost of the insurance coverage so obtained might significantly exceed the cost of insurance that Borrower could have obtained. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 5 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

All insurance policies required by Lender and renewals of such policies shall be subject to Lender's right to disapprove such policies, shall include a standard mortgage clause, and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewal certificates. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. If Borrower obtains any form of insurance coverage, not otherwise required by Lender, for damage to, or destruction of, the Property, such policy shall include a standard mortgage clause and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee.

In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower. Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any insurance proceeds, whether or not the underlying insurance was required by Lender, shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such insurance proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such insurance proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such proceeds. Fees for public adjusters,

LOAN NO: 511802209

ILLINOIS - Single Family - Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Form 3014 1/01

GMACM - CMS.0012.IL (0001) (Page 7 of 18)

Initials:

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If Borrower abandons the Property, Lender may file, negotiate and settle any available insurance claim and related matters. If Borrower does not respond within 30 days to a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may negotiate and settle the claim. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given. In either event, or if Lender acquires the Property under Section 22 or otherwise, Borrower hereby assigns to Lender (a) Borrower's rights to any insurance proceeds in an amount not to exceed the amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, and (b) any other of Borrower's rights (other than the right to any refund of unearned premiums paid by Borrower) under all insurance policies covering the Property, unless Lender may use the insurance proceeds either to repair or restore the Property or to pay amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

6. Occupancy. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within 60 days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property in order to prevent the Property from deteriorating or decreasing in value due to its condition. Unless it is determined pursuant to Section 5 that repair or restoration is not economically feasible, Borrower shall promptly repair the Property if damaged further deterioration or damage. If insurance money responsible for repairing the Property only if Lender has released funds for such purposes, Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progressive payments as the work is completed. If the insurance or condemnation proceeds are not sufficient to repair or restore the Property, Borrower is not relieved of Borrower's obligation to repair or restore the Property only if the repair or restoration is required by the insurance company or the court to avoid further deterioration or damage. If insurance money responsible for repairing the Property is not used for repairing the Property, Borrower shall be responsible for the cost of repairing the Property to its condition. Unless it is determined in writing that repair or replacement with reasonable care is required by the insurance company or the court to maintain the Property in order to prevent the Property from deteriorating or decreasing in value due to its condition, Lender or its agent may make reasonable and necessary expenditures to repair or replace the Property if Lender's expenses exceed the amount of insurance money received by Lender or its agent for repairing or replacing the Property, whether or not Lender has released funds for such purposes, or if Lender's expenses exceed the amount of insurance money received by Lender or its agent for repairing or replacing the Property if the insurance company or the court requires Lender to repair or replace the Property to its original condition, or if the insurance company or the court requires Lender to repair or replace the Property if the insurance company or the court determines that the repair or replacement is required by law. If the insurance company or the court determines that the repair or replacement is required by law, Lender may deduct from the insurance money received by Lender or its agent the amount of the repair or replacement required by law, and Lender may sue the insurance company or the court for the amount of the repair or replacement required by law.

7. Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Inspections. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate or commit waste on the Property. Whether or not Borrower is residing in the Property, Borrower shall maintain the Property in order to prevent the Property from deteriorating or decreasing in value due to its condition. Unless it is determined in writing that repair or replacement with reasonable care is required by the insurance company or the court to maintain the Property in order to prevent the Property from deteriorating or decreasing in value due to its condition, Lender or its agent may make reasonable and necessary expenditures to repair or replace the Property if Lender's expenses exceed the amount of insurance money received by Lender or its agent for repairing or replacing the Property, whether or not Lender has released funds for such purposes, or if Lender's expenses exceed the amount of insurance money received by Lender or its agent for repairing or replacing the Property if the insurance company or the court requires Lender to repair or replace the Property to its original condition, or if the insurance company or the court requires Lender to repair or replace the Property if the insurance company or the court determines that the repair or replacement is required by law. If the insurance company or the court determines that the repair or replacement is required by law, Lender may deduct from the insurance money received by Lender or its agent the amount of the repair or replacement required by law, and Lender may sue the insurance company or the court for the amount of the repair or replacement required by law.

8. Borrower's Loan Application. Borrower shall be in default if, during the Loan application process, Borrower or any persons or entities acting at the direction of Borrower or with Borrower's knowledge or consent gave materially false, misleading, or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with material information) in specifying such reasonable cause. If it has reasonable cause, Lender may inspect the interior of the improvements on the Property. Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property.

9. Repairs and Restoration. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to such an interior inspection that Borrower is in default if, during the Loan application process, Borrower or any persons or entities acting at the direction of Borrower or with Borrower's knowledge or consent gave materially false, misleading, or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with material information) in specifying such reasonable cause.

10. Interests in Real Estate. If Lender gives Borrower notice to repair or restore the Property within ten (10) days of notice, Lender may enter upon the Property and make necessary and reasonable alterations and improvements to repair or restore the Property, and Lender may deduct from the insurance money received by Lender or its agent the amount of the repair or replacement required by law, and Lender may sue the insurance company or the court for the amount of the repair or replacement required by law. Lender may take such action as Lender deems necessary and reasonable to repair or restore the Property, and Lender may deduct from the insurance money received by Lender or its agent the amount of the repair or replacement required by law, and Lender may sue the insurance company or the court for the amount of the repair or replacement required by law.

11. Taxes and Assessments. Lender may require Borrower to pay taxes and assessments on the Property. Lender may require Borrower to pay taxes and assessments on the Property.

12. Insurance. Lender may require Borrower to obtain insurance coverage for the Property. Lender may require Borrower to obtain insurance coverage for the Property.

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L.A.

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If the Property is damaged, such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such Miscellaneous Proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may pay for the repairs and restoration in a single disbursement or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such Miscellaneous Proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such Miscellaneous Proceeds. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

In the event of a total taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the Miscellaneous Proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value. Any balance shall be paid to Borrower.

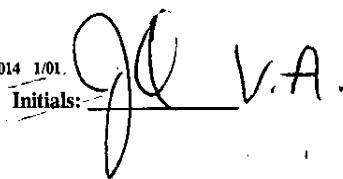
In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument whether or not the sums are then due.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the Opposing Party (as defined in the next sentence) offers to make an award to settle a claim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the Miscellaneous Proceeds either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. "Opposing Party" means the third party that owes Borrower Miscellaneous Proceeds or the party against whom Borrower has a right of action in regard to Miscellaneous Proceeds.

LOAN NO: 511802209

ILLINOIS -- Single Family - Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Form 3014 1/01.

GMACM - CMS.0012.IL (0001) (Page 11 of 18)

Initials: 

10308090

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Borrower shall be in default if any action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that, in Lender's judgment, could result in forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. Borrower can cure such a default and, if acceleration has occurred, remit same as provided in Section 19, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's judgment, precludes forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages that are attributable to the impairment of Lender's interest in the Property are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender.

All Miscellaneous Proceeds that are not applied to restoration or repair of the Property shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

12. Borrower Not Released; Forbearance By Lender Not a Waiver. Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument, granted by Lender to Borrower or any Successor in Interest of Borrower shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy.

13. Joint and Several Liability; Co-signers; Successors and Assigns Bound. Borrower covenants and agrees that Borrower's obligations and liability shall be joint and several. However, any Borrower who co-signs this Security Instrument but does not execute the Note (a "co-signer"): (a) is co-signing this Security Instrument only to mortgagee, grant and convey the co-signer's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower can agree to extend, modify, forgive or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without the co-signer's consent.

Subject to the provisions of Section 18, any Successor in Interest of Borrower who assumes Borrower's obligations under this Security Instrument in writing, and is approved by Lender, shall obtain all of Borrower's rights and benefits under this Security Instrument. Borrower shall not be released from Borrower's obligations and liability under this Security Instrument unless Lender agrees to such release in writing. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind him (except as provided in Section 20) and benefit his successors and assigns of Lender.

ILLINOIS - Single Family - Family Member UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Form 3014 1/01
GMACM - CMS.0012.1L (0001) (Page 12 of 18)

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connection with the Loan. Material representations include, but are not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as Borrower's principal residence.

9. Protection of Lender's Interest in the Property and Rights Under this Security Instrument. If (a) Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, (b) there is a legal proceeding that might significantly affect Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture, for enforcement of a lien which may attain priority over this Security Instrument or to enforce laws or regulations), or (c) Borrower has abandoned the Property, then Lender may do and pay for whatever is reasonable or appropriate to protect Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including protecting and/or assessing the value of the Property, and securing and/or repairing the Property. Lender's actions can include, but are not limited to: (a) paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument; (b) appearing in court; and (c) paying reasonable attorneys' fees to protect its interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument, including its secured position in a bankruptcy proceeding. Securing the Property includes, but is not limited to, entering the Property to make repairs, change locks, replace or board up doors and windows, drain water from pipes, eliminate building or other code violations or dangerous conditions, and have utilities turned on or off. Although Lender may take action under this Section 9, Lender does not have to do so and is not under any duty or obligation to do so. It is agreed that Lender incurs no liability for not taking any or all actions authorized under this Section 9.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 9 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

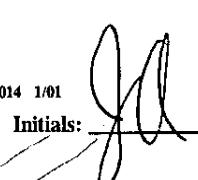
If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

10. Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the Mortgage Insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the Mortgage Insurance coverage required by Lender ceases to be available from the mortgage insurer that previously provided such insurance and Borrower was required to make separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer selected by Lender. If substantially equivalent Mortgage Insurance coverage is not available, Borrower shall continue to pay to Lender the amount of the separately designated payments that were due when the insurance coverage ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a non-refundable loss reserve in lieu of Mortgage Insurance. Such loss reserve shall be non-refundable, notwithstanding the fact that the Loan is ultimately paid in full, and Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such loss reserve. Lender can no longer require loss reserve payments if Mortgage Insurance coverage (in the

LOAN NO: 511802209

ILLINOIS -- Single Family -- Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Form 3014 1/01

GMACM - CMS.0012.IL (0001) (Page 9 of 18)

Initials:  V.A.

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ILLINOIS - Single Family - Family Mac/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Form 301A - 1/01
GMACM - CMS.0012.1L (0001) (Page 10 of 18)

Proprietary and Confidential
10308090

amount and for the period that Lender requires) provided by an insurer selected by Lender again becomes available, is obtained, and Lender requires separately designated payments toward the premium for Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan and Borrower was required to make separately designated payments toward the premium for Mortgage Insurance, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain Mortgage Insurance in effect, or to provide a non-refundable loss reserve, until the Lender's requirement for Mortgage Insurance ends in accordance with any written agreement between Borrower and Lender providing for such termination or until termination is required by applicable Law. Nothing in this Section 10 affects Borrower's obligation to pay interest at the rate provided in the Note.

Mortgage Insurance reemburses Lender (or any entity that purchases the Note) for certain losses it may incur if Borrower does not repay the Loan as agreed. Borrower is not a party to the Mortgage Insurance.

Mortgage Insurance evaluates their total risk on all such funds obtained from Mortgage Insurance.

At a result of these agreements, Lender, any purchaser of the Note, another insurer, any reinsurer, any other entity, or any affiliate of any of the foregoing, may receive (directly or indirectly) amounts that derive from (or might be characterized as) a portion of Borrower's payments for Mortgage Insurance, in exchange for sharing the mortgage insurer's risk, or reducing losses. If such agreement provides that an affiliate of Lender takes a share of the insurer's risk in exchange for a share of the premiums paid to the insurer, the arrangement is often termed "capitive reinsurance." Further:

(a) Any such agreements will not affect the amounts that Borrower has agreed to pay for Mortgage Insurance, or any other terms of the Loan. Such agreements will not increase the amount Borrower will owe for Mortgage Insurance, and they will not entitle Borrower to any refund.

(b) Any such agreements will not affect the rights Borrower has - if any - with respect to the Mortgage Insurance under the Homeowners Protection Act of 1998 or any other law. These rights may include the right to receive certain disclosures, to request and obtain cancellation of the Mortgage Insurance, to have the Mortgage Insurance terminated automatically, and/or to receive a refund of any Mortgage Insurance premiums that were unearned at the time of such cancellation or termination.

II. Assignment of Miscellaneous Proceeds; Forfeiture. All Miscellaneous Proceeds are hereby assigned to and shall be paid to Lender.

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14. Loan Charges. Lender may charge Borrower fees for services performed in connection with Borrower's default, for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, attorneys' fees, property inspection and valuation fees. In regard to any other fees, the absence of express authority in this Security Instrument to charge a specific fee to Borrower shall not be construed as a prohibition on the charging of such fee. Lender may not charge fees that are expressly prohibited by this Security Instrument or by Applicable Law.

If the Loan is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the Loan exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment without any prepayment charge (whether or not a prepayment charge is provided for under the Note). Borrower's acceptance of any such refund made by direct payment to Borrower will constitute a waiver of any right of action Borrower might have arising out of such overcharge.

15. Notices. All Notices given by Borrower or Lender in connection with this Security Instrument must be in writing. Any notice to Borrower in connection with this Security Instrument shall be deemed to have been given to Borrower when mailed by first class mail or when actually delivered to Borrower's notice address if sent by other means. Notice to any one Borrower shall constitute notice to all Borrowers unless Applicable Law expressly requires otherwise. The notice address shall be the Property Address unless Borrower has designated a substitute notice address by notice to Lender. Borrower shall promptly notify Lender of Borrower's change of address. If Lender specifies a procedure for reporting Borrower's change of address, then Borrower shall only report a change of address through that specified procedure. There may be only one designated notice address under this Security Instrument at any one time. Any notice to Lender shall be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail to Lender's address stated herein unless Lender has designated another address by notice to Borrower. Any notice in connection with this Security Instrument shall not be deemed to have been given to Lender until actually received by Lender. If any notice required by this Security Instrument is also required under Applicable Law, the Applicable Law requirement will satisfy the corresponding requirement under this Security Instrument.

16. Governing Law; Severability; Rules of Construction. This Security Instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located. All rights and obligations contained in this Security Instrument are subject to any requirements and limitations of Applicable Law. Applicable Law might explicitly or implicitly allow the parties to agree by contract or it might be silent, but such silence shall not be construed as a

LOAN NO: 511802209

ILLINOIS - Single Family - Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Form 3014 1/01

GMACM - CMS.0012.IL (0001) (Page 13 of 18)

Initials: JL V.A.

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GMACM - CMS.0012.JL (0001) (Page 14 of 18)

ILLINOIS - Single Family - Faunie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Form 304-1/8

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Instrumentality or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer. Upon remittance by Borrower, check is drawn upon an institution whose depositors are insured by a federal agency, order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such expenses in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money under Applicable Law. Lender may require that Borrower pay such reinstatement sums and secured by this Security Instrument, shall continue unchanged unless as otherwise provided Property and rights under this Security Instrument to pay the sums and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that Lender's interest in the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument; attorney's fees, property inspection and valuation fees, and other fees incurred for the incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable had occurred; (b) gives any default of any other covenants or agreements (c) pays all expenses which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note as if no acceleration sums which are due under this Security Instrument and Lender all enforces this Security instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower: (a) pays Lender all might specify for the termination of Borrower's right to reinstate, or (c) entry of a judgment pursuant to Section 22 of this Security Instrument; (b) 14 days before sale of the Property discontinued at any time prior to the earliest of: (a) the date of acceleration of this Security conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have preference of this Security Instrument on Borrower.

If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender accordance with Section 15 within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given in notice if such exercise is prohibited by Applicable Law.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The by Lender if such exercise is prohibited by Applicable Law. However, this option shall not be exercised full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender may require immediate payment in transferred) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender is sold or (or if Borrower is sold or (or if Borrower is not a natural person and a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or title by Borrower at a future date to a purchaser.

If all or any part of the Property or any interest in the Property is sold or transferred instrument. As used in this Security Instrument, "Interest in the Property" means any interest in Section 18, "Interest in the Property" means any legal or beneficial interest in the Property, including, but not limited to, those beneficial interests transferred in a bond for deed, contract for deed, instant sales contract or escrow agreement, the intent of which is the transfer of title by Borrower at a future date to a purchaser.

17. Borrower's Copy. Borrower shall be given one copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument without any obligation to take any action. As used in this Security Instrument: (a) words of the masculine gender shall mean and shall mean and include the plural and vice versa; and (c) the word "may" gives sole discretion other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the conflict provision.

Security Instrument or the Note conflicts with Applicable Law, such conflict shall not affect prohibitory against any provision of this Security Instrument. In the event that any provision or clause of this

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this Security Instrument and obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under Section 18.

20. Sale of Note; Change of Loan Servicer; Notice of Grievance. The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with this Security Instrument) can be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale might result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects Periodic Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument and performs other mortgage loan servicing obligations under the Note, this Security Instrument, and Applicable Law. There also might be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change which will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer, the address to which payments should be made and any other information RESPA requires in connection with a notice of transfer of servicing. If the Note is sold and thereafter the Loan is serviced by a Loan Servicer other than the purchaser of the Note, the mortgage loan servicing obligations to Borrower will remain with the Loan Servicer or be transferred to a successor Loan Servicer and are not assumed by the Note purchaser unless otherwise provided by the Note purchaser.

Neither Borrower nor Lender may commence, join, or be joined to any judicial action (as either an individual litigant or the member of a class) that arises from the other party's actions pursuant to this Security Instrument or that alleges that the other party has breached any provision of, or any duty owed by reason of, this Security Instrument, until such Borrower or Lender has notified the other party (with such notice given in compliance with the requirements of Section 15) of such alleged breach and afforded the other party hereto a reasonable period after the giving of such notice to take corrective action. If Applicable Law provides a time period which must elapse before certain action can be taken, that time period will be deemed to be reasonable for purposes of this paragraph. The notice of acceleration and opportunity to cure given to Borrower pursuant to Section 22 and the notice of acceleration given to Borrower pursuant to Section 18 shall be deemed to satisfy the notice and opportunity to take corrective action provisions of this Section 20.

21. Hazardous Substances. As used in this Section 21: (a) "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances, pollutants, or wastes by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials; (b) "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection; (c) "Environmental Cleanup" includes any response action, remedial action, or removal action, as defined in Environmental Law; and (d) an "Environmental Condition" means a condition that can cause, contribute to, or otherwise trigger an Environmental Cleanup.

Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances, or threaten to release any Hazardous Substances, on or in the Property. Borrower shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property (a) that is in violation of any Environmental Law, (b) which creates an Environmental Condition, or (c) which, due to the presence, use, or release of a Hazardous Substance, creates a condition that

LOAN NO: 511802209

ILLINOIS -- Single Family - Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Form 3014 1/01

GMACM - CMS.0012.IL (0001) (Page 15 of 18)

Initials:  V.A.

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GMACM - CMS.0012.II (0001) (Page 16 of 18)

Initials:

ILLINOIS

Q/A LA.

25. Placement of Collateral Protection Insurance. Unless Borrower provides Lender with evidence of the insurance coverage required by Borrower's expense to protect Lender's interests in Borrower's may purchase insurance at Borrower's expense to protect Lender's interests in Borrower's releases all rights under and by virtue of the Illinois homestead exemption laws.
24. Waiver of Homestead. In accordance with Illinois law, the Borrower hereby releases his Securty Instrument, Borrower shall pay any recordation costs. Lender may charge Borrower a fee for releasing this Security Instrument, but only if the fee is paid to a third party for services rendered and the charging of the fee is permitted under Applicable Law.
23. Release. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall release this Security Instrument. Borrower shall pay recordation costs. Lender may charge Borrower a fee for releasing this Security Instrument, but only if the fee is paid to a third party for services rendered and the charging of the fee is permitted under Applicable Law.
22. Acceleration. Borrower shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under Section 18 unless Applicable Law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify which the default must be cured; and (d) the action required to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in a failure to meet the date specified in the notice to the Borrower to accelerate and foreclose. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice to the Borrower to accelerate and foreclose, Lender at its option may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may foreclose this security instrument by judicial proceeding. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this Section 22, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorney's fees and costs of title evidence.

NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of (a) any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Substances of which Borrower has actual knowledge, (b) any Environmental Condition, including but not limited to, any spillage, leaking, discharge, release or threat of release of any Hazardous Substance, and (c) any condition caused by the presence, use or release of a Hazardous Substance which adversely affects the value of the Property. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any government or regulatory authority, or any private party, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law. Nothing herein shall create any obligation on Lender for an Environmental Clean-up.

adversely affects the value of the Property. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances in consumer products.

generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property (including, but not limited to, hazardous substances in consumer products).

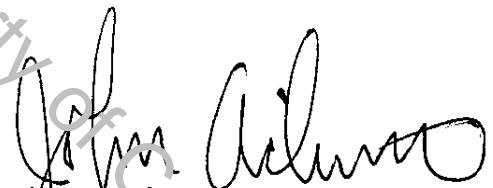
Property (including, but not limited to, hazardous substances in consumer products).

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collateral. This insurance may, but need not, protect Borrower's interests. The coverage that Lender purchases may not pay any claim that Borrower makes or any claim that is made against Borrower in connection with the collateral. Borrower may later cancel any insurance purchased by Lender, but only after providing Lender with evidence that Borrower has obtained insurance as required by Borrower's and Lender's agreement. If Lender purchases insurance for the collateral, Borrower will be responsible for the costs of that insurance, including interest and any other charges Lender may impose in connection with the placement of the insurance, until the effective date of the cancellation or expiration of the insurance. The costs of the insurance may be added to Borrower's total outstanding balance or obligation. The costs of the insurance may be more than the cost of insurance Borrower may be able to obtain on its own.

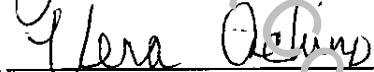
BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this Security Instrument and in any Rider executed by Borrower and recorded with it.



John Achino

(Seal)

-Borrower



Vera Achino

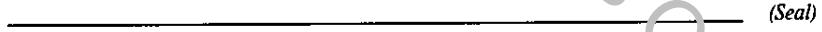
(Seal)

-Borrower



(Seal)

-Borrower



(Seal)

-Borrower

LOAN NO: 511802209
Witnesses:

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GMACM - CMS.0012.II (0001) (Page 18 of 18)
ILLINOIS - Single Family - Faunie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Form 3014 1/01
Instruments:

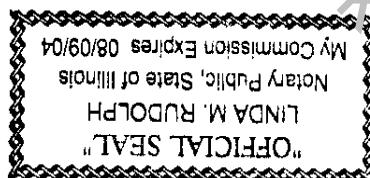
GMACM - CMS.0012.II (0001) (Page 18 of 18)

ILLINOIS - Single Family - Faunie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Form 3014 1/01

This instrument was prepared by:

Ketich Kessler
433 South Main Street
W Hartford, CT 06110

for: GMAC Mortgage Corp.



My Commission Expires:

2001

Given under my hand and official seal, this 3rd day of April

Notary Public

I, John Achino and Vera Achino
in and for said county and state do hereby certify that
Instrument, appeared before me this day in person, and acknowledged that THEY
personally known to me to be the same person(s) whose name(s) subscribed to the foregoing
and purposes therein set forth.

10308090

I, John Achino and Vera Achino
in and for said county and state do hereby certify that

COUNTY OF McHenry { ss

STATE OF ILLINOIS,

INDIVIDUAL ACKNOWLEDGMENT

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CHICAGO TITLE INSURANCE COMPANY

ORDER NUMBER: 1410 007910724 UA

STREET ADDRESS: 4290 EISENHOWER CIRCLE

CITY: HOFFMAN ESTATES COUNTY: COOK

TAX NUMBER: 02-19-433-020-0000

LEGAL DESCRIPTION:

LOT 20 IN BLOCK 8 IN WESTBURY UNIT NO. 3, BEING A SUBDIVISION OF PART OF THE SOUTH EAST 1/4 OF SECTION 19, TOWNSHIP 42 NORTH, RANGE 10 EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, AND A RESUBDIVISION OF PARTS OF LOTS AND VACATED STREETS IN HOWIE IN THE HILLS UNIT NOS. 3 AND 4, BEING SUBDIVISIONS IN SAID SOUTH EAST 1/4 OF SECTION 19, ACCORDING TO THE PLAT THEREOF RECORDED WITH THE RECORDER OF DEEDS ON FEBRUARY 1, 1977 AS DOCUMENT 23805851, ALL IN COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS