

RECORDATION REQUESTED BY:

JOHN P. REIDY
4 Partridge Lane
Palos Hills, IL 60464



WHEN RECORDED MAIL TO:

JOHN P. REIDY
4 Partridge Lane
Palos Hills, IL 60464

4292081 VL (2/2)

GIT

MORTGAGE

THIS MORTGAGE (Security Instrument) is given on June 14, 2002. The mortgagors are JOHN J. REIDY and BARBARA M. REIDY, his wife, (hereinafter referred to as "Borrowers"). This Security Instrument is given to JOHN P. REIDY, whose address is 4 Partridge Lane, Palos Hills, Illinois 60464, (hereinafter referred to as "Lender"). Borrowers owe lender the principal sum of THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND and 00/100ths DOLLARS (\$300,000.00).

This debt is evidenced by Borrowers' note dated the same date as this Security Instrument ("Note"), which provides for one lump sum payment due and payable on September 14, 2002. This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (a) the repayment of the debt evidenced by the Note, with interest, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; (b) the payment of all other sums, with interest, advanced under paragraph 7 to protect the security of this Security Instrument; and (c) the performance of Borrowers' covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrowers do hereby mortgage, grant and convey to Lender the following described property located in COOK County, Illinois:

LOT 151 IN BROOK HILLS WEST P.U.D UNIT 3, BEING A SUBDIVISION IN THE NORTHWEST 1/4 OF SECTION 31, TOWNSHIP 36 NORTH, RANGE 12, EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, IN COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS.

Commonly known as: 17840 Brookfield Circle, Orland Park, IL 60467

27-31-115-010

TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instruments as the "Property."

BORROWERS COVENANT that Borrowers are lawfully seized of the estate hereby conveyed and have the right to mortgage, grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Borrowers warrant and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrowers and lender covenant and agree as follows:

1. **Payment of Principal and Interest; Repayment and Late Charges.** Borrowers shall promptly pay when due the principal of and interest on the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment and late charges due under the Note.

690

2. Funds for Taxes and Insurance. Subject to applicable law or to a written waiver by Lender, Borrowers shall pay to Lender on the date full payment is due under the note, or until the Note is paid in full, a sum ("Funds") for: (a) yearly taxes and assessments which may attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien on the Property; (b) yearly leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) yearly hazard or property insurance premiums; (d) yearly flood insurance premiums, if any; (e) yearly mortgage insurance premiums, if any; and (f) any sums payable by Borrowers to Lender, in accordance with the provisions of Paragraph 8, in lieu of the payment of mortgage insurance premiums. These items are called "Escrow Items." Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount not to exceed the maximum amount a lender for a federally related mortgage loan may require for Borrowers' escrow accounts under the federal Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act of 1974 as amended from time to time, 12 USC Section 2601 *et seq.* ("RESPA"), unless another law that applies to the Funds sets a lesser amount. If so, Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount not to exceed the lesser amount. Lender may estimate the amount of Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future Escrow Items or otherwise in accordance with applicable law.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Lender, if Lender is such an institution) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply the Funds to pay Escrow Items. Lender may not charge Borrowers for holding and applying the Funds, annually analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items, unless Lender pays Borrowers interest on the Funds and applicable law permits Lender to make such a charge. However, Lender may require Borrowers to pay a one-time charge for an independent real estate tax reporting service used by Lender in connection with this loan, unless applicable law provides otherwise. Unless an agreement is made or applicable law requires interest to be paid, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrowers any interest or earnings on the Funds. Borrowers and Lender may agree in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the Funds. Lender shall give to Borrowers, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds, showing credits and debits to the Funds and the purpose for which each debit to the Funds was made. The Funds are pledged as additional security for all sum secured by this Security Instrument.

If the Funds held by Lender, exceed the amount permitted to be held by applicable law, Lender shall account to Borrowers for the excess Funds in accordance with the requirements of applicable law. If the amount of the Funds held by Lender at any time is not sufficient to pay the Escrow Items when due, Lender may so notify Borrowers in writing, and, in such case Borrowers shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the deficiency. Borrowers shall make up the deficiency in no more than 12 monthly payments, at Lender's sole discretion.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrowers any Funds held by Lender. If, under paragraph 21, Lender shall acquire or sell the Property, Lender, prior to the acquisition or sale of the Property, shall apply any Funds, held by Lender at the time of acquisition or sale as a credit against the sums secured by this Security Instrument.

3. Application of Payments. Unless applicable law provides otherwise, all payments received by Lender under paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be applied: first, to any prepayment charges due under the Note; second, to amounts payable under paragraph 2; third, to interest due; fourth to principal due; and last, to any late charges due under the Note.

4. Charges; Liens. Borrowers shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines and impositions attributable to the Property which may attain priority over this Security Instrument, and leasehold payments or ground rents, if any. Borrowers shall pay these obligations in the manner provided in paragraph 2, or if not paid in that manner, Borrowers shall pay them on time directly to the person or entity owed payment. Borrowers shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices or amounts to be paid under this paragraph. If Borrowers make these payments directly, Borrowers shall promptly furnish to Lender receipts evidencing the payments.

Borrowers shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrowers: (a) agree in writing to the payment of the obligations secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender; (b) contests in good faith the lien by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in the Lender's opinion operates to prevent the enforcement of the lien; or (c) secure from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the lien to this Security Instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which may attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Borrowers a notice identifying the lien. Borrowers shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above within ten days of the giving of notice.

5. Hazard or Property Insurance. Borrowers shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the terms "extended coverage" and any other hazards, including floods or flooding, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts and

for the periods that Lender requires. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrowers subject to Lender's approval which shall not be unreasonably withheld. If Borrowers fail to maintain coverage described above, Lender may, at Lender's option, obtain coverage to protect Lender's rights in the Property in accordance with paragraph 7.

All insurance policies and renewals shall be acceptable to Lender and shall include a standard mortgage clause. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewals. If Lender requires, Borrowers shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. In the event of loss, Borrowers shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrowers.

Unless Lender and Borrowers otherwise agree in writing, insurance proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property damaged, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lenders security is not lessened. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lenders security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to Borrowers. If Borrowers abandon the Property, or do not answer within 30 days a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may collect the insurance proceeds. Lender may use the proceeds to repair or restore the property or to pay any sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given.

Unless Lender and Borrowers otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the payments referred to in paragraph 1 and 2 or change the amount of the payments. If under paragraph 21 the property is acquired by Lender, Borrowers right to any insurance policies and proceeds resulting from the damage to the Property prior to the acquisition shall pass to lender to the extent of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately prior to the acquisition.

6. Occupancy, Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Borrowers Loan Application; Leaseholds. Borrowers shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrowers' principal residence within sixty days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrowers' principal residence for the duration of this loan, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrowers' control. Borrowers shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate, or commit waste on the Property. Borrowers shall be in default if any forfeiture action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that in Lender's good-faith judgment could result in forfeiture of the Property or otherwise materially impair the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrowers may cure such a default and reinstate, as provided in paragraph 18, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's good-faith determination, precludes forfeiture of the Borrowers' interest in the property or other material impairment of the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrowers shall also be in default if Borrowers, during the loan application process, gave materially false or inaccurate information or statements to the Lender (or failed to provide Lender with any material information) in connection with the loan evidenced by the Note, including, but not limited to, representations concerning Borrowers' occupancy of the Property as a principal residence. If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrowers shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrowers acquire fee title to the property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees in writing to the merger.

7. Protection of Lender's Rights in the Property. If Borrowers fail to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, or there is a legal proceeding that may significantly affect Lender's rights in the Property (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture or to enforce laws or regulations), then Lender may do and pay for whatever is necessary to protect the value of the Property and Lender's rights in the Property. Lender's actions may include paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument, appearing in court, paying reasonable attorney fees and entering on the property to make repairs. Although Lender may take action under this paragraph 7, Lender does not have to do so.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this paragraph 7 shall become additional debt of Borrowers secured by this Security Instrument unless Borrowers and Lender agree to other terms of payment, these amounts shall bear interest from the date of disbursement at the Note rate and shall be payable, with interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrowers requesting payment.

8. Mortgage Insurance. If lender required mortgage insurance as a condition of making the loan secured by this Security Instrument, Borrowers shall pay the premiums required to maintain the mortgage insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the mortgage insurance coverage required by Lender lapses or ceases to be in effect, Borrowers shall pay the

UNOFFICIAL COPY

premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the mortgage insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrowers of the mortgage insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer of proved by Lender. If substantially equivalent mortgage insurance coverage is not available, Borrowers shall pay to Lender a sum equal to the cost for coverage Lender obtained and Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a loss of service in lieu of mortgage insurance. Loss reserve payments may no longer be required, at the option of Lender, if mortgage insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period that lender requires) provided by an insurer approved by Lender again becomes available and is obtained. Borrowers shall pay the premiums required to maintain mortgage insurance in effect or to provide a loss reserve, until the requirement for mortgage insurance ends in accordance with any written agreements between Borrowers and Lender or applicable law.

8. Inspection. Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. Lender shall give Borrowers notice at the time of or prior to in inspection specifying reasonable cause for the inspection.

9. Condemnation. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages, direct or consequential, in connection with any condemnation or other taking of any part of the Property, or for conveyance in lieu of condemnation, are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender.

In the event of a total taking of the Property, the proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to the Borrowers. In the event of a partial taking of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the taking, unless Borrowers and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the taking, divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking. Any balance shall be paid to Borrowers. In the event of a partial taking of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the taking, unless Borrowers and Lender otherwise agree in writing or unless applicable law otherwise provides, the proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument whether or not the sums are then due.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrowers, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrowers that the condemnor offers to make an award or settle a claim for damages, Borrowers fail to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the proceeds, at its option either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

Unless Lender and Borrowers otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the payment(s) referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of such payment(s).

11. Borrowers Not Released; Forbearance By Lender Not a Waiver. Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to any successor in interest of Borrowers shall not operate to release the liability of the original Borrowers or Borrowers' successors in interest. Lender shall not be required to commence proceedings against any successor in interest or refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument by reason of any demand made by the original Borrowers or Borrowers' successors in interest. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy.

12. Successors and Assigns Bound; Joint and Several Liability; Co-signers. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender and Borrowers, subject to the provisions of Paragraph 17. Borrowers covenants and agreements shall be joint and several. Any Borrower who cosigns this Security Instrument but does not execute the Note: (a) is co-signing this Security Instrument only to mortgage, grant and convey that Borrower's interest in the Property, under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees the Lender and any other Borrower may agree to extend, modify, forbear or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without that Borrower's consent.

13. Loan Charges. If the loan secured by this Security Instrument is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the loan exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce

the charge to the permitted limits; and (b) any sums already collected from Borrowers which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to borrowers. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrowers. If a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial pre-payment without to any pre-payment charge under the Note.

14. Notices. Any notice to Borrowers provided for in this Security Instrument shall be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first-class mail unless applicable law requires use of another method. The notice shall be directed to the Property Address or any other address Borrowers designate by notice to Lender. Any notice to Lender shall be given by first-class mail to Lender's address stated herein or any other address Lender designates by notice to Borrowers. Any notice provided for in this Security Instrument shall be deemed to have been given to Borrowers or Lender when given as provided in this paragraph.

15. Governing Law; Severability. This Security Instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located. In the event that any provision or clause in this Security Instrument or the Note conflicts with applicable law, such conflict shall not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the conflicting provision. To this end the provision of this Security Instrument and the Note are declared to be severable.

16. Borrowers Copy. Borrowers shall be given 1 conformed copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument.

17. Transfer of the Property or Beneficial Interest in Borrower. If all or any part of the Property or any interest in it is sold or transferred (or if a beneficial interest in borrower is sold or transferred and Borrower is not a natural person) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may, at his option, require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised the Lender if exercise is prohibited by federal law as of the date of this Security Instrument.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower's notice of acceleration. The note or shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is delivered or mailed within which Borrowers must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrowers fail to pay the sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Borrowers.

18. Borrowers Right to Reinstate. If Borrowers meet certain conditions, Borrowers shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued and any time prior to the earlier of: (a) five days (or such other period as applicable law may specify for reinstatement) before sale of the Property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this Security Instrument; or (b) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Borrowers (a) pay Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) cures any default of any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorney's fees; and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that the lien of this Instrument shall continue unchanged. Upon reinstatement by Borrowers, this Security Instrument and the obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under Paragraph 17.

19. Sale of Note; Change of Loan Servicer. The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with any Security Instrument) may be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrowers. A sale may result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects monthly payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument. There also may be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrowers will be given written notice of the change in accordance with paragraph 14 above and applicable law. The notice will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer and the address to which payments should be made. The notice will also contain any other information required by applicable law.

20. Hazardous Substances. Borrowers shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances on or in the Property. Borrowers shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property that is in violation of any Environmental Law. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the property.

Borrowers shall promptly give Lender written notice of any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substances or Environmental Law of which Borrowers have actual knowledge. If Borrowers learn, or are notified by any governmental or regulatory authority, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrowers shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law.

As used in this Paragraph 20, "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances by Environmental Law and the following substances, gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials. As used in this Paragraph 20, "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection..

NOT-UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrowers and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

21. Acceleration; Remedies. Lender shall give notice to borrowers prior to acceleration following Borrowers breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under Paragraph 17 unless applicable law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) a date not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrowers, by which default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument, foreclosure by judicial proceeding and sale of the property. The notice shall further inform Borrowers of the right to reinstate after acceleration and the right to assert in the foreclosure proceeding the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Borrowers' to acceleration and foreclosure. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender, at his option, may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may foreclose this Security Instrument without further demand and may foreclose this Security Instrument by judicial proceeding. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this paragraph 21, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorney's fees and the costs of title evidence.

22. Release. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall release this Security Instrument without charge to Borrowers. Borrowers shall pay any recordation costs.

23. Waiver of Homestead. Borrowers waive all right of Homestead exemption in the Property.

BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrowers accept and agree to the terms and covenants contained in this Security Instrument and in any riders executed by Borrowers and recorded with it.

John J. Reidy
JOHN J. REIDY

Barbara M. Reidy
BARBARA M. REIDY

STATE OF ILLINOIS)
)
COUNTY OF COOK)

I, the undersigned, a Notary Public, in and for said County, in the state aforesaid, DO HEREBY CERTIFY that JOHN J. REIDY and BARBARA M. REIDY, personally known to me to be the persons whose names are subscribed to the foregoing instrument, appeared before me this day in person and acknowledged that they signed, sealed and delivered the said instrument as their free and voluntary act, for the uses and purposes therein set forth.

Given under my hand and official seal this 14th day of June, 2002

Mary C. Krumtinger

