

# UNOFFICIAL COPY

0021124473

RETURN TO:  
SECURITY FIRST TITLE CO.  
50 W. DOUGLAS, SUITE 1002  
FREEPORT, IL 61032  
CK37474

SKOKIE OFFICE  
COOK COUNTY  
RECORDER  
EUGENE "GENE" MOORE

9302/0006 07 006 Page 1 of 13  
2002-10-15 09:26:11  
Cook County Recorder 40.50

Prepared By:  
After Recording Return To:

ROSE MORTGAGE  
CORPORATION  
6413 NORTH KINZUA  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60646  
Loan Number: 608662110



0021124473

[Space Above This Line For Recording Data]

## MORTGAGE

### DEFINITIONS

Words used in multiple sections of this document are defined below and other words are defined in Sections 3, 11, 13, 18, 20 and 21. Certain rules regarding the usage of words used in this document are also provided in Section 16.

- (A) "Security Instrument" means this document, which is dated OCTOBER 1 , 2002 , together with all Riders to this document.
- (B) "Borrower" is W. ESTER HAMILTON TAYLOR, A SINGLE WOMAN

Borrower is the mortgagor under this Security Instrument.

(C) "Lender" is ROSE MORTGAGE CORPORATION

Lender is a CORPORATION

organized

and existing under the laws of ILLINOIS

Lender's address is 6413 NORTH KINZUA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60646

Lender is the mortgagee under this Security Instrument.

(D) "Note" means the promissory note signed by Borrower and dated OCTOBER 1 , 2002 . The Note states that Borrower owes Lender SIXTY NINE THOUSAND SIX HUNDRED AND

00/100 Dollars (U.S. \$ 69,600.00 ) plus interest. Borrower has promised to pay this debt in regular Periodic Payments and to pay the debt in full not later than NOVEMBER 1, 2032 .

(E) "Property" means the property that is described below under the heading "Transfer of Rights in the Property."

(F) "Loan" means the debt evidenced by the Note, plus interest, any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note, and all sums due under this Security Instrument, plus interest.

(G) "Riders" means all Riders to this Security Instrument that are executed by Borrower. The following Riders are to be executed by Borrower [check box as applicable]:

- |  |   |   |
|--|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Adjustable Rate Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Condominium Rider              | <input type="checkbox"/> Second Home Rider  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Balloon Rider         | <input type="checkbox"/> Planned Unit Development Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Other(s) [specify] |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1-4 Family Rider      | <input type="checkbox"/> Biweekly Payment Rider         |   |

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RETURN TO:

SE

COOK COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE  
FEE COLLECTOR

Property of Cook County Clerk's Office

(H) "Applicable Law" means all controlling applicable federal, state and local statutes, regulations, ordinances and administrative rules and orders (that have the effect of law) as well as all applicable final, non-appealable judicial opinions.

(I) "Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments" means all dues, fees, assessments and other charges that are imposed on Borrower or the Property by a condominium association, homeowners association or similar organization.

(J) "Electronic Funds Transfer" means any transfer of funds, other than a transaction originated by check, draft, or similar paper instrument, which is initiated through an electronic terminal, telephonic instrument, computer, or magnetic tape so as to order, instruct, or authorize a financial institution to debit or credit an account. Such term includes, but is not limited to, point-of-sale transfers, automated teller machine transactions, transfers initiated by telephone, wire transfers, and automated clearinghouse transfers.

(K) "Escrow Items" means those items that are described in Section 3.

(L) "Miscellaneous Proceeds" means any compensation, settlement, award of damages, or proceeds paid by any third party (other than insurance proceeds paid under the coverages described in Section 5) for: (i) damage to, or destruction of, the Property; (ii) condemnation or other taking of all or any part of the Property; (iii) conveyance in lieu of condemnation; or (iv) misrepresentations of, or omissions as to, the value and/or condition of the Property.

(M) "Mortgage Insurance" means insurance protecting Lender against the nonpayment of, or default on, the Loan.

(N) "Periodic Payment" means the regularly scheduled amount due for (i) principal and interest under the Note, plus (ii) any amounts under Section 3 of this Security Instrument.

(O) "RESPA" means the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. §2601 et seq.) and its implementing regulation, Regulation X (24 C.F.R. Part 3500), as they might be amended from time to time, or any additional or successor legislation or regulation that governs the same subject matter. As used in this Security Instrument, "RESPA" refers to all requirements and restrictions that are imposed in regard to a "federally related mortgage loan" even if the Loan does not qualify as a "federally related mortgage loan" under RESPA.

(P) "Successor in Interest of Borrower" means any party that has taken title to the Property, whether or not that party has assumed Borrower's obligations under the Note and/or this Security Instrument.

#### TRANSFER OF RIGHTS IN THE PROPERTY

This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (i) the repayment of the Loan, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; and (ii) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower does hereby mortgage, grant and convey to Lender and Lender's successors and assigns the following described property located in the

COUNTY of COOK :

[Type of Recording Jurisdiction]

[Name of Recording Jurisdiction]

SEE LEGAL DESCRIPTION ATTACHED HERETO AND MADE A PART HEREOF AS  
EXHIBIT "A".

A.P.N. #: 20-29-102-024

which currently has the address of 1400 WEST 71ST PLACE

[Street]

CHICAGO

, Illinois

[City]

60636 ("Property Address"):

[Zip Code]

TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property."

**BORROWER COVENANTS** that Borrower is lawfully seised of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to mortgage, grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Borrower warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

**UNIFORM COVENANTS.** Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

1. **Payment of Principal, Interest, Escrow Items, Prepayment Charges, and Late Charges.** Borrower shall pay when due the principal of, and interest on, the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note. Borrower shall also pay funds for Escrow Items pursuant to Section 3. Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument shall be made in U.S. currency. However, if any check or other instrument received by Lender as payment under the Note or this Security Instrument is returned to Lender unpaid, Lender may require that any or all subsequent payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument be made in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer.

Payments are deemed received by Lender when received at the location designated in the Note or at such other location as may be designated by Lender in accordance with the notice provisions in Section 15. Lender may return any payment or partial payment if the payment or partial payments are insufficient to bring the Loan current. Lender may accept any payment or partial payment insufficient to bring the Loan current, without waiver of any rights hereunder or prejudice to its rights to refuse such payment or partial payments in the future, but Lender is not obligated to apply such payments at the time such payments are accepted. If each Periodic Payment is applied as of its scheduled due date, then Lender need not pay interest on unapplied funds. Lender may hold such unapplied funds until Borrower makes payment to bring the Loan current. If Borrower does not do so within a reasonable period of time, Lender shall either apply such funds or return them to Borrower. If not applied earlier, such funds will be applied to the outstanding principal balance under the Note immediately prior to foreclosure. No offset or claim which Borrower might have now or in the future against Lender shall relieve Borrower from making payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument or performing the covenants and agreements secured by this Security Instrument.

2. **Application of Payments or Proceeds.** Except as otherwise described in this Section 2, all payments accepted and applied by Lender shall be applied in the following order of priority: (a) interest due under the Note; (b) principal due under the Note; (c) amounts due under Section 3. Such payments shall be applied to each Periodic Payment in the order in which it became due. Any remaining amounts shall be applied first to late charges, second to any other amounts due under this Security Instrument, and then to reduce the principal balance of the Note.

If Lender receives a payment from Borrower for a delinquent Periodic Payment which includes a sufficient amount to pay any late charge due, the payment may be applied to the delinquent payment and the late charge. If more than one Periodic Payment is outstanding, Lender may apply any payment received from Borrower to the repayment of the Periodic Payments if, and to the extent that, each payment can be paid in full. To the extent that any excess exists after the payment is applied to the full payment of one or more Periodic Payments, such excess may be applied to any late charges due. Voluntary prepayments shall be applied first to any prepayment charges and then as described in the Note.

Any application of payments, insurance proceeds, or Miscellaneous Proceeds to principal due under the Note shall not extend or postpone the due date, or change the amount, of the Periodic Payments.

3. **Funds for Escrow Items.** Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day Periodic Payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum (the "Funds") to provide for payment of amounts due for: (a) taxes and assessments and other items which can attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien or encumbrance on the

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If Borrower does not respond within 30 days to a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has refused to settle a claim, then Lender may negotiate and settle the claim. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given. In either event, or if Lender acquires the Property under Section 22 or otherwise, Borrower hereby assigns to Lender (a) Borrower's rights to any insurance proceeds in an amount not to exceed the amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, and (b) any other of Borrower's rights (other than the right to any refund

All insurance policies required by Lender, and renewals of such policies shall be subject to Lender's right to disapprove such policies, shall include a standard mortgage clause, and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as additional loss payee. Lender shall have the right to void the policies and renewals certificates. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. If Lender requires, form of insurance coverage, not otherwise required by Lender, for damage to, or destruction of, the Property, such policy shall include a standard mortgage clause and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as additional loss payee.

If Borrower fails to maintain any of the coverages described above, Lender may obtain insurance coverage, at Lender's option and Borrower's expense. Lender is under no obligation to purchase any particular type or amount of coverage. Therefore, such coverage shall cover Lender, but might not protect Borrower, if Lender's obligation to the Property, or the contents of the Property, against any risk, hazard or liability greater than was previously in effect. Borrower acknowledges that the cost of the insurance coverage so detailed might significantly exceed the cost of insurance that Borrower could have obtained. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 5 shall bear interest at the rate of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower whenever payment.

3. Property insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage," and any other hazards including, but not limited to, earthquakes and floods, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts (including deductible levels) and for the periods that Lender requires. What Lender requires pursuant to the preceding sentence can change during the term of the Loan. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's right to disapprove Borrower's choice, which right shall not be exercised unreasonably. Lender may require Borrower to pay, in connection with this Loan, either: (a) a one-time charge for Loan and certification services; or (b) a one-time charge for Loan zone determination and certification, tracking services; or (c) a one-time charge for Loan zone determination and certification or certification or tracking services; or (d) a one-time charge from the Federal Emergency Management Agency in connection with the review of any flood zone fees imposed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in connection with the payment of any fees determined by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in connection with the review of any flood zone reasonably required by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in connection with the review of any flood zone.

Beneficiary may give Borrower a notice demandingly the lien. Within 10 days of the date on which that notice is given, Borrower shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above in this Section 4.

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provided such insurance and Borrower was required to make separate payments toward the premiums Mortgage Insurance coverage required by Lender ceases to be available from the mortgage insurer that previously Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the Mortgage Insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the lesseehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If this Security Instrument is a condition of making the Loan, Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the lesseehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

If this Security Instrument is a Note, Lender shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 9 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall

Lender incurs no liability for not taking any or all actions authorized under this Section 9.

Lender does not have to do so and is not under any duty or obligation to do so. It is agreed that under this Section 9, Lender may take action under code violations or dangerous conditions, and have utilities turned on or off. Although Lender may take action other code violations, change locks, replace or board up doors and windows, drain water from pipes, eliminate building or

make repairs, change locks, replace or board up doors and windows, drain water from pipes, eliminate building or

position in a bankruptcy proceeding. Securing the Property includes, but is not limited to, entering the secured assets to protect its interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument, including its secured

position by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument; (b) appearing in court; and (c) paying reasonable sums and securing and/or preparing the Property. Lender's actions can include, but are not limited to: (a) paying any sums

Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including protection, and/or assessing the value of the Property, then Lender may do and pay for whatever is reasonable or appropriate to protect Lender's interest in the

Property, then Lender may do and pay for whatever is reasonable or appropriate to protect Lender's interest in the

Security priority over this Security Instrument or to enforce laws or regulations, or (c) Borrower has abandoned the

attain priority as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probable, for condemnation or (c) forfeiture, for enforcement of a lien which may

proceeding that might significantly affect Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument, (b) there is a legal

Borrower fails to perform the requirements contained in this Security Instrument, (b) there is a legal

9. Protection of Lender's Interest in the Property and Rights Under this Security Instrument. If (a)

represents actions concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as Borrower's principal residence.

Borrower or any persons or entities acting as the direction of Borrower or with Borrower's knowledge or consent gave material information in connection with the Lien. Material representations included, but are not limited to,

materially false, misleading, or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with

information concerning Borrower's interest in the Property, Lender shall give Borrower notice at

the time of or prior to such an inspection specifying such reasonable cause.

Lender may inspect the interior of the improvements on the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at

cause, Lender may inspect the exterior of the improvements on the Property. If it has reasonable

or restoration.

to repair or restore the Property, Borrower is not relieved of Borrower's obligation for the completion of such repair

a series of progress, payments as the work is completed. If the insurance or condemnation proceeds are not sufficient

proceeds for such purposes, Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment

of the Property, Borrower shall be responsible for repairing the Property only if Lender has released

of the Property or damage. If insurance or condemnation proceeds are paid in connection with damage to, or the taking

deterioration or damage. Borrower shall promptly repair the Property if damaged to avoid further

repair or restoration of the Property, unless it is determined pursuant to Section 5 that repair or

decreasing or decreasing in value due to its condition. Unless it is determined pursuant to Section 5 that repair or

Borrower is residing in the Property, Borrower shall maintain the Property in order to prevent the Property from

damaging or impairing the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate or commit waste on the Property. Whether or not

control.

7. Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Inspections. Borrower shall not destroy,

property or to pay amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

are applicable to the coverage of the Property. Lender may use the insurance proceeds either to repair or restore the

of unearned premiums paid by Borrower) under all insurance policies covering the Property, insofar as such rights

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be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

Lender's security would be lessened, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall interest or earnings on such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Law requires interest to be paid on such Miscellaneous Proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may pay for the repairs and restoration in a single disbursement opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the right to hold such Miscellaneous Proceeds until Lender has had an and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such Miscellaneous Proceeds until Lender has had an property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair If the Property is damaged, such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the to and shall be paid to Lender.

11. Assignment of Miscellaneous Proceeds; Foreclosure. All Miscellaneous Proceeds are hereby assigned that were unearned at the time of such cancellation or termination.

Mortgage Insurance terminated automatically, and/or to receive a refund of any Mortgage Insurance premiums to receive certain disclosures, to request and obtain cancellation of the Mortgage Insurance, to have the insurance under the Homeowners Protection Act of 1998 or any other law. These rights may include the right (b) Any such agreements will not affect the rights Borrower has - if any - with respect to the Mortgage for Mortgage Insurance, and they will not entitle Borrower to any refund.

(a) Any such agreements will not affect the amount Borrower has agreed to pay for Mortgage Insurance, or any other terms of the loan. Such agreements shall not increase the amount Borrower will owe "capitive reinsurance." Further:

As a result of these agreements, Lender any purchaser of the Note, another insurer, any remitter, any other of the insurer's risk in exchange for a share of the premiums paid to the insurer, the arrangement is often termed the mortgage insurer's risk, or reducing losses. If such agreement provides that an affiliate of Lender takes a share be characterized as) a portion of Borrower's payout for Mortgage Insurance, in exchange for sharing or modifying entity, or any affiliate of the foregoing, may receive (directly or indirectly) amounts that derive from (or might Mortgagelender any other party or modify their risk, or reduce losses. These agreements are on terms and conditions that are satisfactory to the mortgage insurer and the other party (or parties) to these agreements. These agreements with other parties that share or modify their risk, or reduce losses. These agreements are on terms and Mortgagelender even take their total risk on all such insurance in force from time to time, and may enter into "capitive reinsurance." Further:

Mortgage Insurance remittances Lender (or any entity that purchases the Note) for certain losses it may incur if Borrower does not repay the loan as agreed. Borrower is not a party to the Mortgage Insurance. Nothing in this section 10 affects Borrower's obligation to pay interest at the rate provided in the Note.

Borrower and Lender providing for such termination or until termination is required by Applicable Law, between Borrower and Lender's requirement for Mortgage Insurance ends in accordance with any written loss reserve, until Lender's requirement for Mortgage Insurance in effect, or to provide a non-refundable Borrower was required to make separate payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance, premiums for Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required separate payments toward the making of the loan and by Lender again becomes available, is obtained, and Lender requires separately designated payments toward the Mortgage Insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period that Lender requires) provided by an insurer selected by Borrower any interest or earnings on such loss reserve. Lender can no longer require loss reserve payments if reasonably, notwithstanding the fact that the loan is ultimately paid in full, and Lender shall not be required to pay certain these payments as a non-refundable loss reserve in lieu of Mortgage Insurance. Such loss reserve shall be non-refundable, Mortgage Insurance coverage is not available, Borrower shall continue to pay to Lender the amount of the separate Mortgage Insurance coverage is not available, from an alternate mortgagelender selected by Lender. If substantial equivalence relating these payments that were due when the insurance coverage ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and designate payments that are due when the insurance coverage is to pay to Lender the amount of the separate Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower to obtain coverage equivalent to the for Mortgage Insurance, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the

Security Instrument or the Note without the co-signer's consent. Subject to the provisions of Section 18, any Successor in interest of Borrower who assumes Borrower's obligations under this Security Instrument in writing, and is approved by Lender, shall obtain all of Borrower's rights and benefits under this Security Instrument. Borrower shall not be released from Borrower's obligations under this Security Instrument unless Lender agrees to such release in writing. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind (except as provided in Section 20) and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender.

amount then due, shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy available to the Lender under this Agreement or any other instrument or document relating to the Obligations.

12. Borrower Not Released By Lender; Extension of the time for payment of principal or interest or prepayment of any debt or exercise of any right or remedy by Lender shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy by Lender.

Borrower shall be in default if an action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that, in Lender's judgment, could result in forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property rights under this Security Instrument. Borrower can cure such a default and, if acceleration, reinstatement, provided in Section 19, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's judgment, precludes forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property under this Security Instrument. To recover costs and expenses of collection, including reasonable attorney fees, incurred by Lender in the enforcement of this Agreement, Lender may sue in any court of competent jurisdiction for damages resulting from the non-payment of the amount due hereunder, and Lender may also sue for specific performance of the terms of this Agreement.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the Opposing Party has failed to make an award to settle a claim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender's notice within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the Miscellaneous Proceeds either to restore the property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether Proceeds either to restore the property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether Proceeds due. "Opposing Party" means the third party that owes Borrower Miscellaneous Proceeds or the party

In the event of a total taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to

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- If the Loan is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the Loan exceed the permitted limits, item (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limits; item (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower when mailed by first class mail or when actually delivered to Borrower's notice address if sent by other means. Notice to any one Borrower shall constitute notice to all Borrowers unless Applicable Law expressly requires otherwise. The notice address shall be the Property Address unless Borrower has designated a substitute notice address by notice to Lender. Borrower shall promptly notify Lender of Borrower's change of address through a procedure for reporting Borrower's change of address, then Borrower shall only report a change of address to any one time. Any notice to Lender shall be given by first class mail to Lender's address stated herein unless Lender has designated another address by notice to Borrower. Any notice in connection with this Security Instrument shall not be deemed to have been given to Lender until actually received by Lender. If any notice required by this Security Instrument is also required under Applicable Law, the Applicable Law requires that such notice be given to Lender at the same time as the notice required under this Security Instrument. All notices given by Borrower or Lender in connection with this Security Instrument must be given to Lender by first class mail or by first class mail to Lender's address stated herein unless Lender has designated a substitute notice address by notice to Borrower. Any notice to Borrower shall be the Property Address unless Borrower has designated a substitute notice address by notice to Lender. The notice address shall be the Property Address unless Borrower has designated a substitute notice address by notice to Lender. All notices given by Borrower or Lender in connection with this Security Instrument will satisfy the correspondence requirements under this Security Instrument.
15. Notices. All notices given by Borrower or Lender in connection with this Security Instrument must be given to Lender by first class mail or when actually delivered to Borrower's notice address if sent by other means. Notice to any one Borrower shall constitute notice to all Borrowers unless Applicable Law expressly requires otherwise. The notice address shall be the Property Address unless Borrower has designated a substitute notice address by notice to Lender. Borrower shall be entitled to have been given notice of such overcharge.
16. Governing Law; Severability; Rules of Construction. This Security Instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the jurisdiction in which the Note and of this Security Instrument is made. Any notice to Lender shall be given by first class mail to Lender's address stated herein unless Lender has designated another address by notice to Borrower. Any notice in connection with this Security Instrument shall not be deemed to have been given to Lender until actually received by Lender. If any notice required by this Security Instrument is also required under Applicable Law, the Applicable Law requires that such notice be given to Lender at the same time as the notice required under this Security Instrument. All notices given by Borrower or Lender in connection with this Security Instrument must be given to Lender by first class mail or by first class mail to Lender's address stated herein unless Lender has designated a substitute notice address by notice to Borrower. Any notice to Borrower shall be the Property Address unless Borrower has designated a substitute notice address by notice to Lender. The notice address shall be the Property Address unless Borrower has designated a substitute notice address by notice to Lender. All notices given by Borrower or Lender in connection with this Security Instrument will satisfy the correspondence requirements under this Security Instrument.
17. Borrower's Copy. Borrower shall be given one copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument.
18. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. As used in this Section 18, "Interest in the Property" means any legal or beneficial interest in the Property, including, but not limited to those beneficial interests transferred in a bond for deed, contract for deed, instalment sales contract or escrow agreement, natural person and a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if such exercise is prohibited by Applicable Law.
- If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given in accordance with Section 15 within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower.

21. Hazardous Substances. As used in this Section 21: (a) "Hazardous Substances," the those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances, pollutants, or wastes by Environmental Law and the rule gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials; (b) "Environmental Law," laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection; (c) "Environmental Cleanups" includes any response action, remedial action, or removal action; (d) "Environmental Condition" means a condition that can cause, contribute to, or otherwise trigger an Environmental Cleanup.

22. Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances, or retain to release any Hazardous Substances, on or in the Property. Borrower shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property (a) that is in violation of any Environmental Law, (b) which creates an Environmental Condition, or (c) which, due to the presence, use, or release of a Hazardous Substance, creates a condition that adversely affects the value of the Property. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized as toxic or hazardous substances, pollutants, or wastes by Environmental Law and the rule gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials.

Neither Borrower nor Lender may commence, join, or be joined to any judicial action (as either an individual litigant or the member of a class) that arises from the other party's actions pursuant to this Security Instrument or that alleges that the other party has breached any provision of, or any duty owed by reason of, this Security Instrument, until such Borrower or Lender has notified the other party (with such notice given in compliance with the requirements of Section 15) of such alleged breach and afforded the other party hereto a reasonable period after the giving of such notice to take corrective action. If Applicable Law provides a time period which must elapse before certain action can be taken, that time period will be deemed to be reasonable for purposes of this paragraph. The notice of acceleration and opportunity to cure given to Borrower pursuant to Section 22 and the notice of acceleration given to Borrower pursuant to Section 18 shall be deemed to satisfy the notice and opportunity to take corrective action provisions of this Section 20.

19. Borrower's Right to Remitiate After Acceleration. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time prior to the earliest of: (a) five days before sale of the Property pursuant to Section 22 of this Security Instrument; (b) such other period as this Applicable Law might specify for the termination of Borrower's right to remitiate; or (c) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument; (b) pays Lender all expenses incurred by Lender to enforce this Security Instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (c) cures any default of any other covenant or agreements; (d) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorney's fees, property inspection and valuation fees, and other fees incurred for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument; and (e) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument, shall continue unchanged unless as otherwise provided under Applicable Law. Lender may require that Borrower pay such remitiation sums and expenses in one of more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, cashier's check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a Federal agency, instrumentality or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer.

20. Sale of Note. Change of Lessor. Seller shall not apply in the case of acceleration under Section 18. However, this right to remitiate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under Section 18. Note (together with this Security Instrument) can be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale Note and this Security Instrument and obligations "known as the "Loan Servicer" that collects Periodic Payments due under the Note result in a change (known as the "Loan Servicer") of the "Loan Servicer". The seller of the Note, this Security Instrument, and Applicable Law. There also might be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change which will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer, the address of which payments should be made and any other information RESPA requires in connection with the new Loan Servicer, the address of which payments should be made and therefore the Note is serviced by a new Loan Servicer other than the Note, the mortgage loan servicing obligations assumed by Borrower will remain with the Note until the transfer of service to the Note to the Note purchaser.

22 Acceleration; Remedies. Borrower shall give notice to Lender further covenant and agrees as follows:  
Borrower's breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under Section 18 unless Applicable Law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument, foreclosure by judicial proceeding and sale of the property. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to remit state after acceleration and the right to insist in the foreclosure proceeding the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and foreclosure. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender at its option may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and notice. Lender shall pay all costs of title evidence.  
23. Release. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall release this Security Instrument, Borrower shall pay any recording costs. Lender may charge Borrower a fee for releasing this Security Instrument, but only if the fee is paid to a third party for services rendered and the charging of the fee is permitted under Applicable Law.

**NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS.** Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of (a) any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any government agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge, (b) any Environmental Condition, including but not limited to, any spilling, leaking, ditching, release or threat of release of any Hazardous Substance, and (c) any condition caused by the presence, use or release of a Hazardous Substance which adversely affects the value of the Property. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any government authority or regulatory agency, that removal or other removal of any Hazardous Substance is necessary or prudent under any Environmental Law, Borrower shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law. Nothing herein shall create any obligation on Lender for an Environmental Clean-up.

to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintainance of the Property (including, but not limited to,

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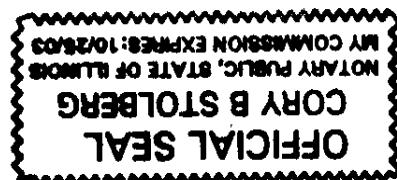
ILLINOIS--Single Family-Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT  
Form 3014 1/01  
DocMagic EForms 800-691-1362  
www.docmagic.com  
Page 12 of 12

Serial Number, if any

(Seal)

Title

Signature of Person Taking Acknowledgment



by W. ESTER HAMILTON TAYLOR  
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this

State of Illinois  
County of COOK

Witness:

Witness:

Borrower  
(Seal)

Borrower  
(Seal)

Borrower  
(Seal)

Borrower  
(Seal)

Borrower  
(Seal)

W. ESTER HAMILTON TAYLOR-Borrower  
(Seal)

Instrument and in any Rider executed by Borrower and recorded with it.  
BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this Security

EXHIBIT A

Legal Description

Lot 83 in the Resubdivision of Lots 1, 2 and 4 to 30 inclusive in Block 1, Lots 1 to 30 inclusive in Block 2, Lots 1 to 30 inclusive in Block 3, Lots 1 to 9 inclusive and Lots 12 to 29 inclusive in Block 4, Lots 1 to 5 inclusive and Lots 8 to 29 inclusive in Block 5, Lots 1 to 30 inclusive in Block 6, Lots 1 to 30 inclusive in Block 7, and Lots 1, 2 and 6 to 30 inclusive in Block 8, all in Dewey and Castetter's Subdivision of Blocks 1, 2, 3, 4 in the Subdivision by Frederick M. Jones and others in the West Half of Section 29, Township 38 North, Range 14, East of the Third Principal Meridian; situated in Cook County in the State of Illinois.

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