1048420

After Recording Return To:
PROVIDENT FUNDING ASSOCIATES, L.P.
PO BOX 5913
SANTA ROSA, CA 95402-5913
Loan No. 9516120548

[Space Above This Line For Recording Data] _______
MORTGAGE

DEFINITIONS

MIN 1000179-9516120548-9

Words used in multiple sections of thir doc ment are defined below and other words are defined in Sections 3, 11, 13, 18, 20 and 21. Certain rules regarding the usage of words used in this document are also provided in Section 16.

- (A) "Security Instrument" means this do arment, which is dated 12/20/2006, together with all Riders to this document.
- (B) "Borrower" is JAMES F MURRAY AND BARBARA M MURRAY, HUSBAND AND WIFE. Borrower is the mantgagar under this Security Instrument.
- (C) "MERS" is Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems. 10°. MERS is a separate corporation that is acting solely as a nominee for Lender and Lender's successors and a signs. MERS is the mortgages under this Security Instrument. MERS is organized and existing under the laws of D laware, and has an address and telephone number of P.O. Box 2026, Flint, MI 48501-2026, tel. (888) 679-MERS.
- (D) "Lender" is PROVIDENT FUNDING GROUP, INC., Lender is a Limited Partnership organized and existing under the laws of CALIFORNIA, Lender's address is 1633 BAYSHOP & HIGHWAY, SUITE 100, BURLINGAME, CA 94010.
- (E) "Note" means the promissory note signed by Borrower and dated 12/20/20% The Note states that Borrower owes Lender TWO HUNDRED THREE THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED AND 00/120 Deltars (U.S. \$203,200.00) plus interest. Borrower has promised to pay this debt in regular Periodic Payments and to periodic debt in full not later than 1/1/2037.
- (F) "Property" means the property that is described below under the heading "Transfer of R. e. is in the Property".

 (G) "Loas" means the debt evidenced by the Note, plus interest, any prepayment charges and lete charges due under the Note, and all sums due under this Security Instrument, plus interest.

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(H) "Riders" means all Riders to are to be executed by Borrower [chee	this Security Instrument that are executed box as applicable]:	ted by Borrower. The following Riders	
() Adjustable Rate Rider () RiderBalloon Rider () 1-4 Family Rider	() Condominium Rider ()Planned Unit Development Rider () Biweekly Payment Rider	() Second Home Rider () Other(s	
(I) "Applicable Law" means all controlling applicable federal, state and local statutes, regulations, ordinances and 2 m. histrative rules and orders (that have the effect of law) as well as all applicable final, non-appealable judicial opinions. (J) "Community Association Duet, Fees and Assessments" means all dues, fees, assessments and other charges that are in not of on Borrower or the Property by a condominium association, homeowners association or similar organization. (K) "Electronic Funds Transfer" means any transfer of funds, other than a transaction originated by check, draft, or similar paper insurance, which is initiated through an electronic terminal, telephonic instrument, computer, or magnetic tape so as to order, instruct, or authorize a financial institution to debit or credit an account. Such term includes, but is not limited to, point-of-sale transfers, automated teller machine transactions, transfers initiated by telephone, wire transfers, and rate nated clearinghouse transfers. (L) "Escrow Items" mean those it and that are described in Section 3. (M) "Miscellaneous Proceeds" mean any compensation, settlement, award of damages, or proceeds paid by any third party (other than insurance proceeds paid under the coverages described in Section 5) for: (i) damage to, or destruction of, the Property; (ii) condemna ion or other taking of all or any part of the Property; (iii) damage to, or destruction of, the Property; (iii) condemna ion or other taking of all or any part of the Property; (iii) conveyance in licu of condemnation; or (iv) misrepresentation; or, or omissions as to, the value and/or condition of the Property. (N) "Mortgage Insurance" means the regularly scheduled arount due for (i) principal and interest under the Note, plus (ii) any amounts under Section 3 of this Security Insurance of the Arabic Condition of the Property instrument, "RESPA" means the Real Estate Settlement Procedules Arabic (12 U.S.C. §2601 et seq.) and its implementing regulation, Regulation X (24 C.F.R. Part 35			
		y Instrument.	
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TRANSFER OF RIGHTS IN THE PROPERTY

This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (i) the repayment of the Loan, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; and (ii) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower does hereby mortgage, grant and convey to MERS (solely as nominee for Lender and Lender's successors and assigns) and to the successors and assigns of MERS, the following described property located in the county of COOK

LEGAL DESCRIPTION ATTACHED HERETO AND MADE A PART HEREOF AS EXHIBIT "A".

which currently has the add tos of 8024 SOUTH OKETO AVENUE PRIDGEVIEW, ILLINOIS 60455 ("Property Address"):

TOGETHER WITH all the in provements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property". Borrower understands and agrees that MERS beid, only legal title to the interests granted by Borrower in this Security Instrument, but, if necessary to comply with law or custom, MERS (as nominee for Lender and Lender's successors and assigns) has the right: to exercise any or all of hose interests, including, but not limited to, the right to foreclose and sell the Property; and to take any action required of Lender including, but not limited to, releasing and canceling this Security Instrument.

BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully served of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to mortgage, grant and convey the Property and that the Property is an excumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Borrower warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for covenant use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

1. Payment of Principal, Interest, Escrow Items, Prepayment Charges, and Late Charges. Borrower shall pay when due the principal of, and interest on, the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment colleges and late charges due under the Note. Borrower shall also pay funds for Escrow Items pursuant to Sectio 1.3. 'avments due under the Note and this Security Instrument shall be made in U.S. currency. However, if any cheek or other instrument received by Lender as payment under the Note or this Security Instrument is returned to Lender unjaid, Lender may require that any or all subsequent payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument be mide in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified cheek, bar a check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer.

Payments are deemed received by Lender when received at the location designated in the Note or at such other location as may be designated by Lender in accordance with the notice provisions in Section 15. Lender may return any payment or partial payment if the payment or partial payments are insufficient to bring the Loan current. Lender may accept any payment or partial payment insufficient to bring the Loan current, without waiver of any rights hereunder or prejudice to its rights to refuse such payment or partial payments in the future, but Lender is not obligated to apply such payments at the time such payments are accepted. Neach Periodic Payment is applied as of

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its scheduled due date, then Lender need not pay interest on unapplied funds. Lender may hold such unapplied funds until Borrower makes payment to bring the Loan current. If Borrower does not do so within a reasonable period of time, Lender shall either apply such funds or return them to Borrower. If not applied carlier, such funds will be applied to the outstanding principal balance under the Note immediately prior to foreclosure. No offset or claim which Borrower might have now or in the future against Lender shall relieve Borrower from making payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument or performing the covenants and agreements secured by this Security Instrument.

2. Application of Payments or Proceeds. Except as otherwise described in this Section 2, all payments accepted and applied by Lender shall be applied in the following order of priority: (a) interest due under the Note; (b) principal due under the Note; (c) amounts due under Section 3. Such payments shall be applied to each Periodic Payment in the order in which it became due. Any remaining amounts shall be applied first to late charges, second to any outer amounts due under this Security Instrument, and then to reduce the principal balance of the Note.

amount to one any late charge due, the payment may be applied to the delinquent payment and the late charge. If more than or. Periodic Payment is outstanding, Lender may apply any payment received from Borrower to the repayment of the repayment of the repayment if, and to the extent that, each payment can be paid in full. To the extent that any excess exists after the payment is applied to the full payment of one or more Periodic Payments, such excess may be applied to any later harges due. Voluntary prepayments shall be applied first to any prepayment charges and then as described in the Nice.

Any application of prym mts, insurance proceeds, or Miscellaneous Proceeds to principal due under the Note shall not extend or postpone the due date, or change the amount, of the Periodic Payments.

3. Funds for Escrow Items. Son ower shall pay to Lender on the day Periodic Payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, 1 sum (the "Funds") to provide for payment of amounts due for: (a) taxe s and assessments and other items which can attrin priority over this Security Instrument as a lien or encumbrance on the Property; (b) teasehold payments or ground wats on the Property, if any; (c) premiums for any and all insurance required by Lender under Section 5; and (d) A deage Insurance premiums, if any, or any sums payable by Borrower to Lender in lieu of the payment of Mor gage Insurance premiums in accordance with the provisions of Section 10. These items are called "Escrow Items". it or gination or at any time during the term of the Loan, Lender may require that Community Association Dues, Sees and Assessments, if any, be escrowed by Borrower, and such dues, fees and assessments shall be an Escrow Iten. Portower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this Section. Borrower shall pay Lerder the Funds for Escrow Items unless Lender waives Borrower's obligation to pay the Funds for any or all F.cr. w Items. Lender may waive Borrower's obligation to pay to Lender Funds for any or all Escrow Items at any core. Any such waiver may only be in writing. In the event of such waiver, Borrower shall pay directly, when and where cayable, the amounts due for any Escrow Items for which payment of Funds has been waived by Lender and, if Lender r quires, shall furnish to Lender receipts evidencing such payment within such time period as Lender may req ire. Porrower's obligation to make such payments and to provide receipts shall for all purposes be deemed to be a covered and agreement contained in this Security Instrument, as the phrase "covenant and agreement" is used in Section 9 16 Borrower is obligated to pay Escrow Items directly, pursuant to a waiver, and Borrower fails to pay the amount due for an Escrow Item, Lender may exercise its rights under Section 9 and pay such amount and Borrower shall then be obligated under Section 9 to repay to Lender any such amount. Lender may revoke the waiver as to any or all burow items at any time by a notice given in accordance with Section 15 and, upon such revocation, Borrower shall pay to lender all Funds, and in such amounts, that are then required under this Section 3.

Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount (a) sufficient to permit Lender to apply the Funds at the time specified under RESPA, and (b) not to exceed the maximum amount a lender can require under RESPA. Lender shall estimate the amount of Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of future Ferrary large and the state of future Ferrary large and the state of future for the state of the sta

expenditures of future Escrow Items or otherwise in accordance with Applicable Law.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Lender, if Lender is an institution whose deposits are so insured) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply the Funds to pay the Escrow Items no later than the time specified under RESPA. Lender shall not charge Borrower for holding and applying the Funds, annually analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items, unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds and Applicable Law permits Lender to make such a charge. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on the Funds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on the Funds. Borrower and Lender can agree

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in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the Funds. Lender shall give to Borrower, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds as required by RESPA.

If there is a surplus of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess funds in accordance with RESPA. If there is a shortage of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than twelve monthly payments. If there is a deficiency of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the deficiency in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than twelve monthly payments.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to

Borrow, a y Funds held by Lender.

4. Charges; Liens. Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines, and impositions attributable to the Property which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any and Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any. To the extent that these items

are Escrow Item. By rrower shall pay them in the manner provided in Section 3.

Borrower and promptly discharge any len which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender, but only so long as Borrower is performing such agreement; (b) contests the lien in good faith by, or defends against enforcement, of the lien in, legal proceedings which in Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien while these proceedings are pending, but only until such proceedings are concluded; or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the lien to this Security Instrument. If Lender determines that are pair of the Property is subject to a lien which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give between a notice identifying the lien. Within 10 days of the date on which that notice is given, Borrower shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above in this Section 4.

Lender may require Borrower to pay a var time charge for a real estate tax verification and/or reporting service used by Lender in connection with this Loan.

5. Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage," and any other hazards including, but not limited to, earthquakes and floods, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts (including deductible levels) and for the periods that Lender requires. What Lender requires pursuant to the preceding sentences can change during the learn of the Loan. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender stight to disapprove Borrower's choice, which right shall not be exercised unreasonably. Lender may require Borrower to pay, in connection with this Loan, either: (a) a one-time charge for flood zone determination, certification and lacking services; or (b) a one-time charge for flood zone determination and certification services and subsequent charges each time remappings or similar changes occur which reasonably might affect such determination or certification. Borrower shall also be responsible for the payment of any fees imposed by the Federal Emergency Management A array in connection with the review of any flood zone determination resulting from an objection by Borrower.

If Borrower fails to maintain any of the coverages described above, Lender may obt in incurance coverage, at Lender's option and Borrower's expense. Lender is under no obligation to purchase any particular type or amount of coverage. Therefore, such coverage shall cover Lender, but might or might not protect Borrow. By trower's equity in the Property, or the contents of the Property, against any risk, hazard or liability and might provine greater or lesser coverage than was previously in effect. Borrower acknowledges that the cost of the insurance or ever ge so obtained might significantly exceed the cost of insurance that Borrower could have obtained. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 5 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Sec mity Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

All insurance policies required by Lender and renewals of such policies shall be subject to Lender's right to disapprove such policies, shall include a standard mortgage clause, and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewal certificates. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. If Borrower obtains any form of insurance coverage, not otherwise required by Lender, for damage to, or destruction of, the Property, such policy shall include a standard mortgage clause and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss

payee.

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In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower. Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any insurance proceeds, whether or not the underlying insurance was required by Lender, shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such insurance proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such insurance proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such proceeds. Fees for public adjusters, or other third parties, retained by Borrower shall not be paid out of the insurance proceeds and shall be the sole obligation of Borrower. If the retained for in or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be arpiled to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrowe. Such insurance proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

If bur swer abandons the Property, Lender may file, negotiate and settle any available insurance claim and related matters. If no rower does not respond within 30 days to a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may negotiate and settle the claim. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given. In elther event, or if Lender acquires the Property under Section 22 or otherwise, Borrower hereby assigns to Lender (a) Borrower's rights to any insurance proceeds in an amount not to exceed the amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Insurance, and (b) any other of Borrower's rights (other than the right to any refund of uncarned premiums paid by Romer's) under all insurance policies covering the Property, insofar as such rights are applicable to the coverage of the Property. Lender may use the insurance proceeds either to repair or restore the Property or to pay amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

6. Occupancy. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within sixty days after the execution of the Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control.

7. Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Inspections. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deterio ate or commit waste on the Property. Whether or not Borrower is residing in the Property, Borrower shall maintain the Property in order to prevent the Property from deteriorating or decreasing in value due to its condition. Unless it is not ermined pursuant to Section 5 that repair or restoration is not economically feasible, Borrower shall promptly repair the Property if damaged to avoid further deterioration or damage. If insurance or condemnation proceeds are paid in connection with damage to, or the taking of, the Property, Borrower shall be responsible for repairing or restoring the Property only if Lender has released proceeds for such purposes. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repair and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. If the insurance or condemnation proceeds are not sufficient to repair or restore the Property, Borrower is not relieved of Borrower's obligation for the completion of such repair or restoration.

Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Prope ty. If it has reasonable cause, Lender may inspect the interior of the improvements on the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to such an interior inspection specifying such reasonable cause.

8. Borrower's Lean Application. Borrower shall be in default if, during the Loan application process, Borrower or any persons or entities acting at the direction of Borrower or with Borrower's knowledge of consent gave materially false, misleading, or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Loader with material information) in connection with the Loan. Material representations include, but are not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as Borrower's principal residence.

9. Protection of Lender's Interest in the Property and Rights Under this Security Instrument. If (a) Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, (b) there is a legal proceeding that might significantly affect Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture, for enforcement of a lien which may attain priority over this Security Instrument or to enforce laws or regulations), or (c) Borrower has abandoned the Property, then Lender may do and pay for whatever is reasonable or appropriate to protect Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including protecting and/or assessing the value of the Property, and securing and/or repairing the Property. Lender's actions can include, but are not limited to: (a)

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paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument; (b) appearing in court; and (c) paying reasonable attorneys' fees to protect its interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument, including its secured position in a bankruptcy proceeding. Securing the Property includes, but is not limited to, entering the Property to make repairs, change locks, replace or board up doors and windows, drain water from pipes, eliminate building or other code violations or dangerous conditions, and have utilities turned on or off. Although Lender may take action under this Section 9, Lender does not have to do so and is not under any duty or obligation to do so. It is agreed that Lender incurs no liability for not taking any or all actions authorized under this Section 9.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 9 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrowe, acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the

merger in writing.

10. Nortgage Insurance. If Lender required Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the Mortgage Insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the Mortgage Insuranc, or verage required by Lender ceases to be available from the mortgage insurer that previously provided such insurance, and Borrower was required to make separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance, 50 rower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer selected by Lender. If substantially equivalent Mortgage Insurance coverage is not available, Borrower shall continue to pay to Lender the amount of the separately designated payments that were due when the insurance coverage ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a non-refundable loss reserve in lieu of Mortgage Insurance. Such loss reserve shall be non-refundable, notwithstruding the fact that the Loan is ultimately paid in full, and Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interess c. earnings on such loss reserve. Lender can no longer require loss reserve payments if Mortgage Insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period that Lender requires) provided by an insurer selected by Lender again becomes av ilable is obtained, and Lender requires separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance If I ender required Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan and Borrower was required to make apparetely designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain Mortgage Insurance in effect, or to provide a non-refundable loss reserve, until the Lender's requirement for Mortgage Insurance ends in accordance with any written agreement between Borrower and Lender providing for such termination or until termination is required by Applicable Law. Nothing in this Section 10 affects Borrove's obligation to pay interest at the rate provided in the Note

Mortgage Insurance reimburses Lender (or any entity that purchases are Note) for certain losses it may

incur if Borrower does not repay the Loan as agreed. Borrower is not a party to he Morigage Insurance.

Mortgage insurers evaluate their total risk on all such insurance in force for, time to time, and may enter into agreements with other parties that share or modify their risk, or reduce losses. These agreements are on terms and conditions that are satisfactory to the mortgage insurer and the other party (or parties, to these agreements. These agreements may require the mortgage insurer to make payments using any source of funds that the mortgage insurer may have available (which may include funds obtained from Mortgage Insurance premiur is).

As a result of these agreements, Lender, any purchaser of the Note, another insurer, any reinstruct, any other entity, or any affiliate of any of the foregoing, may receive (directly or indirectly) amounts that derive from (or might be characterized as) a portion of Borrower's payments for Mortgage Insurance, in exchange for Flacing or modifying the mortgage insurer's risk, or reducing losses. If such agreement provides that an affiliate of Londer takes a share of the insurer's risk in exchange for a share of the premiums paid to the insurer, the arrangement is often termed "captive reinsurance." Further:

(a) Any such agreements will not affect the amounts that Borrower has agreed to pay for Mortgage Insurance, or any other terms of the Loan. Such agreements will not increase the amount Borrower will owe

for Mortgage Insurance, and they will not entitle Borrower to any refund.

(b) Any such agreements will not affect the rights Borrower has- if any- with respect to the Mortgage Insurance under the Homeowners Protection Act of 1998 or any other law. These rights may include the right to receive certain disclosures, to request and obtain cancellation of the Mortgage Insurance, to have the Mortgage Insurance terminated automatically, and/or to receive a refund of any Mortgage Insurance premiums that were uncarned at the time of such cancellation or teragination.

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11. Assignment of Miscellaneous Proceeds; Forfeiture. All Miscellaneous Proceeds are hereby assigned to and shall be paid to Lender.

If the Property is damaged, such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such Miscellaneous Proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may pay for the repairs and restoration in a single disbursement or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such Miscellaneous Proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such Miscellaneous Proceeds. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible, or lender's security would be lessened, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

In the synt of a total taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower.

In the event of a postial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or, loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender of aer rise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the Misser laneous Proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value. Any balance shall be paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument whether or not the sums are then due.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice, by Lender to Borrower that the Opposing Party (as defined in the next sentence) offers to make an award to settle a saim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is aumorized to collect and apply the Miscellaneous Proceeds either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums seeved by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. "Opposing Party" means the third party that owes Borrower Miscellaneous Proceeds or the party against whom Borrower has a right of action in regard to Miscellaneous Proceeds

Borrower shall be in default if any action of proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that, in Lender's judgement, could result in forfeiture of the Property or other material impair and of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. Borrower can cure such a default and, if acceleration has occurred, reinstate as provided in Section 19, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismined with a ruling that, in Lender's judgment, precludes forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of I ender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. The proceeds of any award or claim for camages that are attributable to the impairment of Lender's interest in the Property are hereby assigned and shall be paid of Lender.

All Miscellaneous Proceeds that are not applied to restoration or repair of the Property shall be a plied in the order provided for in Section 2.

12. Borrower Not Released; Forbearance By Lender Not a Waiver. Extension of the time for payaient or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to Borrower or any Successor in Interest of Borrower shall not operate to release the liability of Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Lender shall not be required to commence proceedings against any Successor in Interest of Borrower or to refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument by reason of any demand made by the original Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy including, without limitation, Lender's acceptance of payments from third persons, entities or Successors in Interest of Borrower or in amounts less than the amount then due; shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy.

13. Joint and Several Liability; Co-signers; Successors and Assigns Bound. Borrower covenants and agrees that Borrower's obligations and liability shall be joint and several. However, any Borrower who co-signs this

ILLINOIS-Single Family-Famile MacFreddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT

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Security Instrument but does not execute the Note (a "co-signer"): (a) is co-signing this Security Instrument only to mortgage, grant and convey the co-signer's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower can agree to extend, modify, forbear or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without the co-signer's consent.

Subject to the provisions of Section 18, any Successor in Interest of Borrower who assumes Borrower's obligations under this Security Instrument in writing, and is approved by Lender, shall obtain all of Borrower's rights and benefits under this Security Instrument. Borrower shall not be released from Borrower's obligations and liability under this Security Instrument unless Lender agrees to such release in writing. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind (except as provided in Section 20) and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender.

Borrow 1's default, for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, attorneys fees, property inspection and valuation fees. In regard to any other fees, the absence of express authority in this Security Instrument to charge a specific fee to Borrower shall not be construed as a prohibition on the charging of such fee. Lender may not charge fees that are expressly prohibited by this Security Instrument or by Applicable Law.

If the Loan is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other lear energies collected or to be collected in connection with the Loan exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan on a ge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment without any prepayment charge (whether or) of a prepayment charge is provided for under the Note). Borrower's acceptance of any such refund made by direct payment to Borrower will constitute a waiver of any right of action Borrower might have arising out of such overcharge.

15. Notices. All notices given by Borrov er or Lender in connection with this Security Instrument must be in writing. Any notice to Borrower in connection with this Security Instrument shall be deemed to have been given to Borrower when mailed by first class mail or when actually delivered to Borrower's notice address if sent by other means. Notice to any one Borrower shall constitute notice ic all Borrowers unless Applicable Law expressly requires otherwise. The notice address shall be the Property in drivers unless Borrower has designated a substitute notice address by notice to Lender. Borrower shall promptly notify Lender of Borrower's change of address. If Lender specifies a procedure for reporting Borrower's change of address, hen Borrower shall only report a change of address through that specified procedure. There may be only one de ignated notice address under this Security Instrument at any one time. Any notice to Lender shall be given by delivering it to by mailing it by first class mail to Lender's address stated herein unless Lender has designated another address by notice to Borrower. Any notice in connection with this Security Instrument shall not be deemed to have been given the Law, the Applicable Law requirement will satisfy the corresponding requirement under this Security Instrument.

16. Governing Law; Severability; Rules of Construction. This Security Instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located. All rights and o'digations contained in this Security Instrument are subject to any requirements and limitations of Applicable Law. Applicable Law might explicitly or implicitly allow the parties to agree by contract or it might be silent, but such silence shall not be construed as a prohibition against agreement by contract. In the event that any provision or clause or this Security Instrument or the Note conflicts with Applicable Law, such conflict shall not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the conflicting provision.

As used in this Security Instrument: (a) words of the masculine gender shall mean and include corresponding neuter words or words of the feminine gender; (b) words in the singular shall mean and include the plural and vice versa; and (c) the word "may" gives sole discretion without any obligation to take any action.

17. Borrower's Copy. Borrower shall be given one copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument.

18. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. As used in this Section 18, "Interest in the Property" means any legal or beneficial interest in the Property, including, but not limited to, those beneficial interests transferred in a bond for deed, contract for deed, installment sales contract or escrow agreement, the intent of which is the transfer of title by Borrower at a future date to a purchaser.

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If all or any part of the Property or any Interest in the Property is sold or transferred (or if Borrower is not a natural person and a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if such exercise is prohibited by federal law.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given in accordance with Section 15 within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further

notice or demand on Borrower.

19. Borrower's Right to Reinstate After Acceleration. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time prior to the earliest of: (a) five days before sale of the Property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this Security Instrument; (b) such other period as Applicable Law might specify for the termination of Borrower's right to reinstate; or (c) entry of a judgment inforcing this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) cures any default of any our, a venants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not lim'ted to, reasonable attorneys' fees, property inspection and valuation fees, and other fees incurred for the purpose of rotecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument; and (d) takes such action as 1 macr may reasonably require to assure that Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument, shall continue unchanged unless as other sise provided under Applicable Law. Lender may require that Borrower pay such reinstatement sums and expenses in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank theck, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer. Upon reinstatement by Borrower aris Security Instrument and obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under Section 18.

20. Sale of Note; Change of Loan Servicer; Votic of Grievance. The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with this Security Instrument) can be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale might result in a change in the entity (known as the "Lo.n Fervicer") that collects Periodic Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument and performs other mort age loan servicing obligations under the Note, this Security Instrument, and Applicable Law. There also might be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrows vill be given written notice of the change which will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer, the address to which payments should be made and any other information RESPA requires in connection with a notice of transfer of servicing. If the Note is sold and thereafter the Loan is serviced by a Loan Servicer other than the purchaser of he Note, the mortgage loan servicing obligations to Borrower will remain with the Loan Servicer or be transferred to a processor Loan Servicer and are

not assumed by the Note purchaser unless otherwise provided by the Note purchaser

Neither Borrower nor Lender may commence, join, or be joined to any judicial action (as either an individual litigant or the member of a class) that arises from the other party's actions p resuant to this Security Instrument or that alleges that the other party has breached any provision of, or any duty over by reason of, this Security Instrument, until such Borrower or Lender has notified the other party (with such notice given in compliance with the requirements of Section 15) of such alleged breach and afforded the other part bereto a reasonable period after the giving of such notice to take corrective action. If Applicable Law provides a time action which must clapse before certain action can be taken, that time period will be deemed to be reasonable for purposes of this paragraph. The notice of acceleration and opportunity to cure given to Borrower pursuant to Section 2/2 at d the notice of acceleration given to Borrower pursuant to Section 18 shall be deemed to satisfy the notice a opportunity to take corrective action provisions of this Section 20.

21. Hazardous Substances. As used in this Section 21: (a) "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as loxic or hazardous substances, pollutants, or wastes by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials; (b) "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection; (c) "Environmental Cleanup" includes any response action, remedial action, or removal action, as

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defined in Environmental Law; and (d) an "Environmental Condition" means a condition that can cause, contribute to, or otherwise trigger an Environmental Cleanup.

Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances, or threaten to release any Hazardous Substances, on or in the Property. Borrower shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property (a) that is in violation of any Environmental Law, (b) which creates an Environmental Condition, or (c) which, due to the presence, use, or release of a Hazardous Substance, creates a condition that adversely affects the value of the Property. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property (including, but not limited to, hazardous substances in consumer products).

or mower shall promptly give Lender written notice of (a) any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge, (b) any Environmental Condition, including but not limited to, any spilling, leaking, discharge, release or threat of release of any Hazardous Substance, and (c) any confution caused by the presence, use or release of a Hazardous Substance which adversely affects the value of the Propert. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority, or any private party, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower shall promptly called all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law. Nothing herein shall create any obligation on Lender for an Environmental Cleanup.

NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

22. Acceleration; Remeties. Lender shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's breach of any covenant of agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under Section 18 unless Applicable Law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) a Late, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument, foreclosure by judicial proceeding and sale of the Property. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to reinstate after acceleration and the right to assert in the foreclosure proceeding the mon-existence of a default or any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and foreclosure. If the default is not cared on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender at its option may require impediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may free lose this Security Instrument by judicial proceeding. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in surrounding the remedies provided in this Section 22, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and core of title evidence.

23. Release. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall release this Security Instrument. Borrower shall pay any recordation costs. Lender may charge Borrower a fee for releasing this Security Instrument, but only if the fee is paid to a third party for services rendered and the charging of the fee is permitted under Applicable Law.

24. Waiver of Hemestead. In accordance with Illinois law, the Borrower herroy cleases and waives all

rights under and by virtue of the Illinois homestead exemption laws.

25. Placement of Collateral Protection lasurance. Unless Borrower provides Lender vith evidence of the insurance coverage required by Borrower's agreement with Lender, Lender may purchase incommence at Borrower's expense to protect Lender's interests in Borrower's collateral. This insurance may, but not done, protect Borrower's interests. The coverage that Lender purchases may not pay any claim that Borrower makes or any claim that is made against Borrower in connection with the collateral. Borrower may later cancel any insurance problemed by Lender, but only after providing Lender with evidence that Borrower has obtained insurance as required by Borrower's and Lender's agreement. If Lender purchases insurance for the collateral, Borrower will be responsible for the costs of that insurance, including interest and any other charges Lender may impose in connection with the placement of the insurance, until the effective date of the cancellation or expiration of the insurance. The costs of the insurance may be added to Borrower's total outstanding balance or obligation. The costs of the insurance may be more than the cost of insurance Borrower may be able to obtain on its own.

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BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees Instrument and in any Rider executed by Borrower and record	to the terms and covenants contained in this Security rided with it.
Witnesses:	1 DA
	March (Seal)
JAM	IES F MURRAY -Borrower
	(Seal)
	Вотгомет
O.	
	(Seal) -Borrower
C)	
	(Seal)
Ox	Carly My Neuls as N
BA	RBARA M MURRAY
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ACKNOWLEL	GEMENT
STATE OF ILLINOIS, Could County	555
Certify that	Public in and for said country and state de basely
certify that	I don't in the let said country and state, do neterly
AMES F MURRAY	DADDINA MARKATANA
AMEST MORKAY	BARBARA M MUI RAY
	0/4
	4,
personally known to me to be the same person(s) whose nan before me this day in person, and acknowledged that help his her their free and voluntary act, for the uses and purposes	shelthey signed and delivered the said instrument as
Given under my hand and official seal, this day of _	Docom Berg 20 Love
	Frank R Coleman
. 1 . 1	Notify Public
My Commission expires: Or 07/10	OFFICIAL SEAL
This instrument was prepared by:	FRANK R. COLEMAN NOTARY PUBLIC, STATE OF ILLINOIS MY COMMISSION EXPIRES 2-7-2010
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Exhibit "A"

The land referred to herein is situated in the State of Illinois, County of Cook described as follows:

LOT 3 IN LECH'S SUBDIVISION OF THE NORTH 1/4 OF LOT 1 IN BLOCK 4 IN FREDERICK H. BARTLETT'S OKETO FIELDS BEING A SUBDIVISION IN THE WEST 1/2 OF THE NORTH EAST 1/4 OF SECTION 36, TOWNSHIP 38 NORTH RANGE 12 EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, IN COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS.

The Cotton County Clerk's Office SOURCE OF TTILT: LOCUMENT NUMBER 86-420175, (RECORDED 09/17/1986)

APN: 18-36-204-008