121010017/SELSHAS

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Illinois Anti-Predatory Lending Database Program

Certificate of Exemption



1015926023 Fee: \$56.00 Eugene "Gene" Moore RHSP Fee:\$10.00 Cook County Recorder of Deeds Date: 06/08/2010 09:23 AM Pg: 1 of 11

Report Mortgage Fraud 800-532-8785

The property identified as:

FIN: 15-22-122-007-0000

Address:

Street:

2504 S. 19TH AVENUE

Street line 2:

City: BROADVIEW

State: IL

Lender: WELLS FARGO BANK NA

Borrower: BARBARA H. SITTARO

Loan / Mortgage Amount: \$187,500.00

of County Clerks This property is located within Cook County and the transaction is exempt from the requirements 2005 ILCS 77/70 et

seq. because the loan is a reverse mortgage.

Certificate number: 8EC34EC8-5C93-4DD6-8D30-AB6698CD1AA2

Execution date: 05/24/2010

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This Instrument was prepared by: WELLS FARGO BANK, N.A.
3480 STATEVIEW BLVD MAC
FORT MILL, SC 297150000

When Recorded Mail To: WFHM FINAL DOCS X2599-024 405 SW 5TH STREET DES MOINES, IA 50309-4600

[Space	Above	This Lir	e For	Recording	Data]	

State of Illinois

FHA Case No.

137-5572305 951

Loan No.

0300736931

CLOSED-END FIXED RATE HOME EQUITY CONVERSION SECOND MORTGAGE

THIS MORTGAGE ("Security instrument" or "Second Security Instrument") is given on 05/24/2010. The mortgagor is BARBARA H SITTARO

whose address is 2504 SOUTH 19TH AVENUE, BROADVIEW IL 60155

("Borrower"). This Security Instrument is given to the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, whose address is 451 Seventh Street, S.W., Washington, DC 20410 ("Lender" or "Secretary"). Borrower has agreed to repay to Lender amounts which Lender is obligated to advance, including future advances, under the terms of a Home Equity Conversion Loan Agreement dated the same date as this Security Instrument ("Loan Agreement"). The agreement to repay is evidenced by Borrower's Note dated the same date as this Security Instrument ("Second Note"). This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (a) the repayment of the debt evidenced by the Second Note, with interest and all renewals, extensiors and modifications of the Note, up to a maximum principal amount of

ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY SEVEN THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED AND 00/100

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SEE ATTACHED TITLE

which has the address of 2504 SOUTH 19TH AVENUE

[Street]

BROADVIEW

ΙL

60155

("Property Address");

[State]

[Zip Code]

TOGETHERWI'TH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, rights, appurtanances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property."

BORROWERCOVENANTS hat Borrower is lawfully seized of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to mortgage, grant and convey the Property and that the Property is only encumbered by a First Security Instrument given by Borrower and dated the same date as this Security Instrument ("First Security Instrument"). Borrower warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demand's, subject to any encumbrances of record.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender coverant and agree as follows:

- 1. Payment of Principal and Interest. Borrower shall pay when due the principal of, and interest on, the debt evidenced by the Second Note.
- 2. Payment of Property Charges. Borrower shall pay all property charges consisting of taxes, ground rents, flood and hazard insurance premiums, and special assessments in a timely manner, and shall provide evidence of payment to Lender, unless Lender pays property charges by withholding funds from monthly payments due to the Borrower or by charging such payments to a line of credit as provided for in the Loan Agreement. Lender may require Borrower to pay specified property charges directly to the party owed payment even though Lender pays other property charges as provided in this Paragraph.
- 3. Fire, Flood and Other Hazard Insurance. Borrower shall insure all improvements on the Property, whether now in existence or subsequently erected, against any hazards, casualties, and contingencies, including fire. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts, to the extent and for the periods required by Lender. Borrower shall also insure all improvements on the Property, whether now in existence or subsequently erected, against loss by floods to the extent required by Lender. The insurance policies and any renewals shall be held by Lender and shall include loss payable clauses in favor of, and in a form acceptable to, Lender.

In the event of loss, Borrower shall give Lender immediate notice by mail. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower. Each insurance company concerned is hereby authorized and directed to make payment for such loss to Lender instead of to Borrower and Lender jointly. Insurance proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the damaged Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be

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FALPS# EF92: 04/08 NMFL #8808IL Doc Id: QGIL

Illinois HECM Second Security Instrument

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lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied first to the reduction of any indebtedness under the Second Note and this Security Instrument. Any excess insurance proceeds over an amount required to pay all outstanding indebtedness under the Second Note and this Security Instrument shall be paid to the entity legally entitled thereto. In the event of foreclosure of this Security Instrument or other transfer of title to the Property that extinguishes the indebtedness, all right, title and interest of Borrower in and to insurance policies in force shall pass to the purchaser.

4. Occupancy, Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Borrower's Loan Application; Leaseholds. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence after the execution of this Security Instrument, and Borrower (or at least one Borrower, if initially more than one person are Borrowers) shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for the term of the Security Instrument. "Principal residence" shall

have the same meaning as in the Loan Agreement.

Borrower shall not commit waste or destroy, damage or substantially change the Property or allow the Property to deteriorate, reasonable wear and tear excepted. Borrower shall also be in default if Borrower, during the loan application process, gave materially false or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with any material information) in connection with the loan evidenced by the Note, including, but not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as a principal residence. If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and fee title shall not be merged unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

5. Charges to Borrower and Protection of Lender's Rights in the Property. Borrower shall pay all governmental or municipal charges, fines and impositions that are not included in Paragraph 2. Borrower shall pay these obligations on time directly to the entity which is owed the payment. If failure to pay would adversely affect Lender's interest in the Property, upon Lender's request Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender receip's evidencing these payments. Borrower shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument in the manner provided

in Paragraph 12(c).

If Borrower fails to make these payments or the property charges required by Paragraph 2, or fails to perform any other covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, or there is a legal proceeding that may significantly affect Lender's rights in the Property (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, for condemnation or to enforce taws or regulations), then Lender may do and pay whatever is necessary to protect the value of the property and Lender's rights in the Property, including payment of taxes, hazard insurance and other items mentioned in Paragraph 2.

Property, including payment of taxes, hazard insurance and other items mentioned in Paragraph 2. To protect Lender's security in the Property, Lender shall advance and charge to Borrower all amounts due to the Secretary for the Mortgage Insurance Premium as defined in the Loan Agreement as well as all sums due to the loan servicer for servicing activities as defined in the Loan Agreement. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Paragraph shall be secured by this Security

Instrument.

6. Inspection. Lender or its agent may enter on, inspect or make appraisals of the Property in a reasonable manner and at reasonable times provided that Lender shall give the Portower notice prior to any inspection or appraisal specifying a purpose for the inspection or appraisal visich must be related to Lender's interest in the Property. If the Property is vacant or abandoned or the loan is in default, Lender may take reasonable action to protect and preserve such vacant or abandoned

Property without notice to the Borrower.

7. Condemnation. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages, direct or consequential, in connection with any condemnation or other taking of any part of the Property, or for conveyance in place of condemnation shall be paid to Lender. The proceeds shall be applied first to the reduction of any indebtedness under a Second Note and this Security Instrument. Any excess proceeds over an amount required to pay all outstanding indebtedness under the Second Note and this Security Instrument shall be paid to the entity legally entitled thereto.

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- **8. Fees.** Lender may collect fees and charges authorized by the Secretary for the Home Equity Conversion Mortgage Insurance Program.
 - 9. Groundsfor Acceleration of Debt.
 - (a) Due and Payable. Lender may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument if:
 - (i) A Borrower dies and the Property is not the principal residence of at least one surviving Borrower; or
 - (ii) All of a Borrower's title in the Property (or his or her beneficial interest in a trust owning all or part of the Property) is sold or otherwise transferred and no other Borrower retains title to the Property in fee simple or retains a leasehold under a lease for not less than 99 years which is renewable or a lease having a remaining period of not less than 50 years beyond the date of the 100th birthday of the youngest Borrower or retains a life estate (or retaining a beneficial interest in a trust with such an interest in the Property); or
 - (iii) The Property ceases to be the principal residence of a Borrower for reasons other than death and the Property is not the principal residence of at least one other Borrower; or
 - (iv) For a period of longer than twelve (12) consecutive months, a Borrower fails to occupy the Property because of physical or mental illness and the Property is not the principal residence of at least one other Borrower; or
 - (v) An obligation of the Borrower under this Security Instrument is not performed.
 - (b) Notice to Lender. Bonower shall notify the Lender whenever any of the events listed in Paragraph 9(a)(ii)-(v) occur
 - (c) Notice to Borrower. Lender shall notify Borrower whenever the loan becomes due and payable under Paragraph 9 (a)(ii)-(v). Lender shall not have the right to commence foreclosure until Borrower has had thirty (30) days after notice to either:
 - (i) Correct the matter which resulted in the Security Instrument coming due and payable; or
 - (ii) Pay the balance in full; or
 - (iii) Sell the Property for the lesser of the balaries or 95% of the appraised value and apply the net proceeds of the sale toward the balance; or
 - (iv) Provide the Lender with a deed in lieu of foreclosure
 - (d) Trusts. Conveyance of a Borrower's interest in the Property to a trust which meets the requirements of the Secretary, or conveyance of a trust sin the Property to a Borrower, shall not be considered a conveyance for purposes of this Paragraph 9. A trust shall not be considered an occupant or be considered as having a principal residence for purposes of this Paragraph 9.
- 10. No Deficiency Judgments. Borrower shall have no personal liability for payment of the debt secured by this Security Instrument. Lender may enforce the debt only through sale of the Property. Lender shall not be permitted to obtain a deficiency judgment against Borrowar if the Security Instrument is foreclosed.
- 11. Reinstatement. Borrower has a right to be reinstated if Lender has required immediate payment in full. This right applies even after foreclosure proceedings are instituted. To reinstate this Security Instrument, Borrower shall correct the condition which resulted in the requirement for immediate payment in full. Foreclosure costs and reasonable and customary attorneys' fees and expenses properly associated with the foreclosure proceeding shall be added to the principal balance. Upon reinstatement by Borrower, this Security Instrument and the obligations that it secures shall remain in effect as if Lender had not required immediate payment in full. However, Lender is not required to permit reinstatement if: (i) Lender has accepted reinstatement after the commencement of foreclosure proceedings within two years immediately preceding the commencement of a current foreclosure proceeding, (ii) reinstatement will preclude foreclosure on different grounds in the future, or (iii) reinstatement will adversely affect the priority of the Security Instrument.

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12. Lien Status.

(a) Modification. Borrower agrees to extend this Security Instrument in accordance with this Paragraph 12(a). If Lender determines that the original lien status of the Security Instrument is jeopardized under state law (including but not limited to situations where the amount secured by the Security Instrument equals or exceeds the maximum principal amount stated or the maximum period under which loan advances retain the same lien priority initially granted to loan advances has expired) and state law permits the original lien status to be maintained for future loan advances through the execution and recordation of one or more documents, then Lender shall obtain title evidence at Borrower's expense. If the title evidence indicates that the Property is not encumbered by any liens (except the First Security Instrument described in Paragraph 13(a), this Second Security Instrument and any subordinate liens that the Lender determines will also be subordinate to any future loan advances), Lender shall request the Borrower to execute any documents necessary to protect the lien status of future loan advances. Borrower agrees to execute such documents. If state law does not permit the original lien status to be extended to future loan advances, Borrower will be deemed to have failed to have performed an obligation under this Security Instrument.

(b) Tax Deferrationarms. Borrower shall not participate in a real estate tax deferral program, if any liers created by the tax deferral are not subordinate to this Security

Instrument.

(c) Prior Liens. Borrower shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender; (b) contests in good faith the lien by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in the Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien or forfeiture of any part of the Property; or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the lien to all amounts secured by this Security Instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which may attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the lien. Borrower shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above within 10 days of the giving of notice.

13. Relationshipto First Security Instrument.

(a) Second Security Instrument. In order to secure payments which the Secretary may make to or on behalf of Borrower pursuant to Section 255(i)(1)(A) of the National Housing Act and the Loan Agreement, the Secretary has required Borrower to execute a Second Note and this Second Security Instrument. Borrower also has executed a First Note and First Security Instrument.

(b) Relationship of First and Second Security Instruments. Payments made by the Secretary shall not be included in the debt under the First Note unless:

(i) The First Security Instrument is assigned to the Secretary; or

(i) The First Security Instrument is assigned to the Secretary; or (ii) The Secretary accepts reimbursement by the holder of the First Note for all payments made by the Secretary.

If the circumstances described in (i) or (ii) occur, then all payments by the Secretary, including interest on the payments, but excluding late charges paid by the Secretary, shall be included in the debt under the First Note.

(c) Effect on Borrower. Where there is no assignment or reimbursement as described in (b)(i) or (ii) and the Secretary makes payments to Borrower, then Borrower shall not:

- (i) Be required to pay amounts owed under the First Note, or pay any rents and revenues of the Property under Paragraph 19 to the holder of the First Note or a receiver of the Property, until the Secretary has required payment in full of all outstanding principal and accrued interest under the Second Note; or (ii) Be obligated to pay interest under the First Note at any time, whether accrued before or after the payments by the Secretary, and whether or not accrued interest has been included in the principal balance under the First Note.
- (d) No Duty of the Secretary. The Secretary has no duty to the holder of the First Note to enforce covenants of the Second Security Instrument or to take actions to preserve the value of the Property, even

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though the holder of the First Note may be unable to collect amounts owed under the First Note because of restrictions in this Paragraph 13. (e) Restrictionson Enforcement. Notwithstanding anything else in this Security Instrument, the Borrower shall not be obligated to comply with the covenants hereof, and Paragraph 19 shall have no force and effect, whenever there is no outstanding balance under the Second Note.

14. Forbearanceby LenderNot a Waiver. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right

or remedy shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy.

15. Successors and Assigns Bound; Joint and Several Liability. Borrower may not assign any rights or obligations under this Security Instrument or the Second Note, except to a trust that meets the requirements of the Secretary. Borrower's covenants and agreements shall be joint and several.

16. Notices. Any notice to Borrower provided for in this Security Instrument shall be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail unless applicable law requires use of another method. The notice shall be directed to the Property Address or any other address all Borrowers jointly designate. Any notice to the Secretary shall be given by first class mail to the HUD Field Office with jurisdiction over the Property or any other address designated by the Secretary. Any notice provided for in this Security Instrument shall be deemed to have been given to Borrower or Lender when given as provided in this Paragraph 16.

17. Governing Law; Severability. This Security Instrument shall be governed by Federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located. In the event that any provision or clause of this Security Instrument or the Second Note conflicts with applicable law, such conflict shall not affect other provisions of his Security Instrument or the Second Note which can be given effect without the conflicting provision. To this end the provisions of this Security Instrument and

the Second Note are declared to be severable.

18. Borrower's Copy. Borrower shall be given one conformed copy of the Second Note and this Security Instrument.

NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

19. Assignment of Rents. Borrower unconfittionally assigns and transfers to Lender all the rents and revenues of the Property. Borrower authorizes Lender or Lender's agents to collect the rents and revenues and hereby directs each tenant of the Property to pay the rents to Lender or Lender's agents. However, prior to Lender's notice to Porrower of Borrower's breach of any covenant or agreement in the Security Instrument, Borrower chall collect and receive all rents and revenues of the Property as trustee for the benefit of Lender and Borrower. This assignment of rents constitutes an absolute assignment and not an assignment for additional security only.

If Lender gives notice of breach to Borrower: (a) all rents received by Borrower shall be held by Borrower as trustee for benefit of Lender only, to be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument; (b) Lender shall be entitled to collect and receiver all of the rents of the Property; and (c) each tenant of the Property shall pay all rents due and unpaid to Lender or

Lender's agent on Lender's written demand to the tenant.

Borrower has not executed any prior assignment of the rents and has not and will not perform any act that would prevent Lender from exercising its rights under this Paragraph 19,

except as provided in the First Security Instrument.

Lender shall not be required to enter upon, take control of or maintain the Property before or after giving notice of breach to Borrower. However, Lender or a judicially appointed receiver may do so at any time there is a breach. Any application of rents shall not cure or waive any default or invalidate any other right or remedy of Lender. This assignment of rents of the Property shall terminate when the debt secured by this Security Instrument is poid in full

terminate when the debt secured by this Security Instrument is paid in full.

20. ForeclosureProcedure.If Lender requires immediate payment in full under Paragraph9, Lender at its option may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may foreclose this Security Instrument by judicial proceeding. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this Paragraph20, including, but not limited to, reasonableattorneys' fees and costs of

title evidence.

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21. Lien Priority. The full amount secured by this Security Instrument shall have a lien priority subordinate only to the full amount secured by the First Security Instrument.

22. Release. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall release this Security Instrument. Borrower shall pay any recordation costs. Lender may charge Borrower a fee for releasing this Security Instrument, but only if the fee is paid to a shall pay the security for sequipment and the sharping of the fee is partitled under applicable. third party for services rendered and the charging of the fee is permitted under applicable

23. Waiver of Homestead. In accordance with Illinois law, the Borrower hereby

releases and waives all rights under and by virtue of the Illinois homestead exemption laws.

24. Ridersto this Security Instrument If one or more riders are executed by Borrower and recorded together with this Security Instrument, the covenants of each such rider shall be incorporated into and shall amend and supplement the covenants and agreements of his Security Instrument as if the rider(s) were a part of this Security Instrument. [Chack applicable box(es).]

Ш	Condominium Rider	Planned Unit Development Rider
	Other (Specify)	
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		$\tau_{\mathcal{O}}$
		7.6

(Acknowledgments on following page)

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BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms contained in this Security Instrument and in any rider(s) executed by Borrower and recorded with it.

Barbara & Sittan	(Seal)
ARBARA H. SITTARO	-Borrowe
	(Seal)
O _O	-Borrowe
	(Seal) -Borrowe
Ox	-DOITONG
	(Seal) -Borrowe
	-DONOWE
<u> </u>	(Seal) -Borrowe
	(Seal) -Borrowe
	(Seal) -Borrows (Seal) -Borrows
	(Seal)
	(Seal)
	(5521)
	-Borrow

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[Space Below This	Line For Acknowledgment]	
State of ILLINOIS County of)) ss. _)	
This instrument was acknowledged before me on (date) byBAKBAKI H. \(\lefta (\tau\tau) AKBAKI H. \(\lefta (\tau\tau) AKBAKI H. \)	MAY 24, 2018	ð
(Seall) Note	(Signature of Notary Public) "OFFICIAL SEAL" effrey 3. Optholt ry Public, **ate of Illinois mmission Expires %/11/2013	(name/s of person/s).
		C

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STREET ADDRESS: 2504 S. 19TH AVENUE

CITY: BROADVIEW COUNTY: COOK

TAX NUMBER: 15-22-122-007-0000

LEGAL DESCRIPTION:

THE SOUTH 45 FEET OF THE NORTH 90 FEET OF THAT PART OF LOT 183 LYING SOUTH OF THE SOUTH LINE OF 15TH STREET IN BROADVIEW, A SUBDIVISION IN SECTION 22, TOWNSHIP 39 NORTH, RANGE 12, EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, IN COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS.

Property of Cook County Clark's Office

CLEGALD