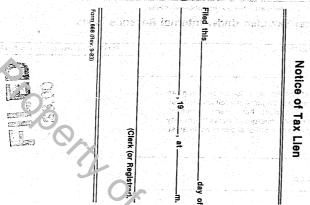
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Form **668** Nonce of Federal Tax Lien Under Internal Revenue Laws (Rev. Sept. 1983) Serial Number For Optional Use by Recording Office District Chicago As provided by sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the literral Revenue Code, notice is given that taxes (including interest and penalties) have been asset sect against the following-named taxpayer. Demand for payment of this liability has been and, but it remains unpaid. Therefore, there is a lien in favor of the United States on all professional professio Name of taxpayer Edward C. Johnson and Gail R. Johnson Residence 3630 West George Street Chicago, Illinois 60618 IMPORTANT RELEASE INFORMATION—With respect to each assessment listed below, unless notice of lien is refiled by the date given in column (e), this notice shall, on the day following such date, operate as a certificate of release as defined in IRC 6325 (a). Unpaid Balance of Assessment (f) Tax Period Ended (b) Date of Last Day for Refiling Identifying Number Kind of Tax (d) 57..02 11-09-89 10-10-83 12-31-82 340-03-9484 968.65 340-03-9484 07-16-84 08-15-90 12-31-83 1040 Place of filing 1,541.67 Cook County Chicago, Illinois Chicago, Illinois This notice was prepared and signed at the 13th day of March Signature 202 Revenue Officer K. Ahmed (NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgements is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien Rev. Rul. 71-466, 1971-2 C.B. 409.) Part 1 - To be kept by recording office

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Excerpts From Internal Revenue Code

Sec. 6321. Lien For Taxes.

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lief in favor of the United States upon all properly and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

Sec. 6322. Period Of Lien.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessmen is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

Sec. 6323. Validity and Priority Against Certain Persons.

(a) Purchasers, Holders Of Security Interests, Mechanic's Lienors, And Judgment Lien Creditors.—The lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lienor, or judgment lien creditor until notice thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (f) has been filed by the Secretary.

(b) Protection For Certain Interests Even Though

(b) Protection For Cartain Interests Even Though Notice Filed.—Even though notice of a lien imposed by section 632 has been filed, such lien shall not be valid—(i) Place For Filing Notice: Form.—(i) Place For Filing.—The notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be filed.—(A) Under State Laws.—(i) Real Property.—In the case of real property, in one office within the State for the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; and (ii) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision).

(iii) Personal ruperty: It was a support of the within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; or [8] With Clark Of District Court in the office of the clerk of the United State Court in the office of the district in which the property subject to the law of situation, whenever the State has not by law designated on office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A); or

(C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District of Colu. bija.—In the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is swaat u in the District of Columbia.

2) Si s o Common. In the property subject to the near is a common and the property subject to Lien.—For purposes of par., pp. (1) and (4), property shall be deemed to be situated—

(A) Real roperty.—In the case of real property, at its physical location; or host continuous property, whether ta nible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the wine one notice of lien is filled. For purposes of paragrapt (2)(1), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall.—Ge nied to be the place at which the principal executive office. In the since is without the United States shall be deemed to h, in the District of Columbia.

(3) Form.—The form and content of the ritice aferred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the S. r. ary. Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any of the provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(g) Refiling Of Notice. - For purpose of this section

(g) Refiling Of Notice.—For purpose of this section—

(1) General Rule.—Unless notice of lien is refiled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refiling period, such notice of lien shall be treated as filled on the date on which it is filled (in accordance with subsection (II) after the expiration of such refiling period.

(2) Place For Filing.—A notice. of lien refiled during the required refiling period shall be effective only—(A) if the control of the property of of the

required by subsection (f) (4); and

(B) In any case in which 90 days or more prior to the
date of a refiling of notice of lieu under subparagraph (A),
the Secretary received written information (in the manner
prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary) concerning a change in the laxapser's residence, if a notice of such,
lien is also filed in accordance with subsection (f) in the

(3) Required Refiling Period.—In the case of any lotice of lien, the term "required refiling period" means—

(A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 5 years after the date of the assessment of the tax, and

(B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required refiling period for such notice of lien.

Jnited States

Sec. 6325. Release Of Lien Or Discharge Of Property.

(a) Release Of Lien.—Subject to such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, the Secretary shall issue a certificate of release of any flen imposed with respect to an internal revenue tax not later than 30 days after the day on which.

which

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has become legally unenforceable; or (2) Bond Accepted,—There is furnished to the Sec stary and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon it? payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (if Jer", any extension of such time), and that is in according a "if such requirements retaining to terms, conditions, and form of "be hand and surtlets thereon, as may be specified by such egulations.

Sec. 61... Confidentiality and dis-

Sec. 61%. Confidentiality and disclosure of returns and e.u.n information.

(k) Disclosure of Certa, Returns and Return Information For Tax Administration

(2) Disclosure of amount of out and a lien.—If a notice of lien has been filed pursuant to ser on sec. If, the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by such l.n may be disclosed to any person who furnishes satisfa. Yer into evidence that he has a right in the property subject to be a lien or intends to obtain a right in such property.

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