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Department of the Treasury - Internal Revenue Service

Form 668(Y)

Rev. Ver. 1-88

Notice of Federal Tax Lien Under Internal Revenue Laws

District	Serial Number	For Official Use By Recording Office
Chicago, IL	368605732	

As provided by sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is given that taxes (including interest and penalties) have been assessed against the following-named taxpayer. Demand for payment of this liability has been made, but it remains unpaid. Therefore, there is a lien in favor of the United States on all property and rights to property belonging to this taxpayer for the amount of these taxes, and additional penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue.

Name of Taxpayer Louis A. Rivera

Residence 2452 North Harding
Chicago, IL 60647

IMPORTANT RELEASE INFORMATION. With respect to each assessment listed below, unless notice of lien is filed by the date given in column (e), this notice shall, on the day following such date, operate as a certificate of release as defined in IRC 6325(a).

Kind of Tax (a)	Tax Period Ended (b)	Identifying Number (c)	Date of Assessment (d)	Last Day for Filing (e)	Unpaid Balance of Assessment (f)
1040	12-31-81	[REDACTED]	12-31-84	1-30-91	3355.22

Place of Filing	Total	\$
Recorder of Deeds Cook County Chicago, IL 60602		3355.22

This notice was prepared and signed at Chicago, IL, on this,

the 11th day of June, 1986.

Signature

Title

for N. Snodgriss

36-01-4523

Revenue Officer

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien.
Rev. Rul. 71-466, 1971-2 C.B. 4091)

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United States

vs.

Notice of Tax Lien

(Form 6681(V) Rev. 1-64)

Clerk for Registration

I filed this _____ day of _____,

19_____, at _____, in

Excerpts From Internal Revenue Code

Sec. 6321. Lien For Taxes.

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand the amount (including any interest additional amount addition to tax, or assessable penalties) together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

Sec. 6322. Period Of Lien.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed for a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

Sec. 6323. Validity and Priority Against Certain Persons.

(a) **Purchaser's, Holders Of Security Interests, Mechanic's Liens, And Judgment Lien Creditors.** — The lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lien, or judgment lien creditor unless thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (i) has been fixed by the Secretary.

(b) Place For Filing Notice; Form.

(i) **Place For Filing.** — The notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be filed:

(A) Under State Laws.

(i) **Real Property.** — In the case of real property in one office within the State for the county or other governmental subdivision, as designated by the laws of such State in which the property subject to the lien is situated; and

(ii) **Personal Property.** — In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, in one office within the State for the county or other governmental subdivision, as designated by the laws of such State in which the property subject to the lien is situated;

(B) **With Clerk Of District Court.** — In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A); or

(C) **With Register Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia.** — In the office of the register of deeds of the District of Columbia if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(2) **State Of Property Subject To Lien.** — For purposes of paragraphs 1 and 4, property shall be deemed to be situated:

(a) **Real Property.** — In the case of real property, at its physical location; or

(b) **Personal Property.** — In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filed.

For purposes of paragraph (2)(b), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at which the principal office, the office of the business, is located and the residence of a taxpayer whose sole place of business in the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia.

(3) **Form.** — The form and manner of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary. Such notice shall be valid as a lien under any other provision of the regulations or form of content of a notice of lien.

Note: See section 6323(b) for exceptions to a valid notice of lien imposed by section 6321 with respect to:

1. Securities
2. Motor vehicles
3. Personal property purchased at retail
4. Personal property purchased in cash sale
5. Personal property subjected to possession lien
6. Real property tax and special assessment lien
7. Residential property subject to a mechanic's lien for certain repairs and improvements
8. Attorney's liens
9. Certain insurance contracts
10. Passbook loans

(c) Refiling Of Notice. — For purposes of this section:

(1) **General Rule.** — Unless notice of lien is filed in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refiling period, such notice of lien shall be treated as filed on the date on which it is filed in accordance with subsection (a) after the expiration of such refiling period.

(2) **Place For Filing.** — A notice of lien filed during the required refiling period shall be effective only if:

(A) such notice of lien is filed in the place in which the prior notice of lien was filed; and

(B) in the case of real property, the fact of filing is entered and recorded in an index to the extent required by subsection (1), (4), and

(C) in any case in which 90 days or more elapse from the date of a refiling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the

Secretary receives written information, within the meaning prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, showing that such person is no longer in any manner a resident of the State in which such residence is located.

(3) **Required Refiling Period.** — In the case of any notice of lien, the term referred to in paragraph (2) means:

- (A) the one year period for the tax year in which the tax is assessed, plus one year; or
- (B) the one year period ending with the tax year in which the tax is assessed, plus one year.

Sec. 6325 Release Of Lien Or Discharge Of Property.

(a) **Release Of Lien.** — Upon the filing of such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, the Secretary shall issue a certificate of release of lien in connection with any internal revenue tax not later than 30 days after the day on which:

(i) Liability Satisfied or Lien Foreclosed. — The Secretary finds that the liability for the amount assessed, or the claim or interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied, or has become legally unenforceable; or

(ii) Bond Accepted. — There is furnished to the Secretary and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon payment of the amount assessed, together with interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law, without any extension of such time, and that is in full compliance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such regulations.

Sec. 6103 Confidentiality And Disclosure of Returns and Return Information.

(a) Disclosure of Certain Returns and Return Information For Tax Administration Purposes.

(1) Disclosure of amounts outstanding. — If a notice of lien has been filed pursuant to section 6321, the outstanding obligation secured by such notice may be disclosed to any person who furnishes satisfactory evidence that he has a right in the property subject to such lien or intends to obtain a right in such property.