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Department of the Treasury - Internal Revenue Service

115

Form 888(C)(ACS)

(FEB 1983)

CHICAGO

Serial Number

For Optional Use by Recording Office

As provided by sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is given that taxes (including interest and penalties) have been assessed against the following-named taxpayer. Demand for payment of this liability has been made, but it remains unpaid. Therefore, there is a lien in favor of the United States on all property and rights to property belonging to this taxpayer for the amount of these taxes, and additional penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue.

Name of Taxpayer GEORGE E. BEELEY & JAMES

Residence 3854 W DIVERSITY
CHICAGO IL 60647-1057

IMPORTANT RELEASE INFORMATION: With respect to each assessment listed below, unless notice of lien is refiled by the date given in column (e), this notice shall, on the day following such date, operate as a certificate of release as defined in IRC 6325 (a).

Kind of Tax	Tax Period Ended	Identifying Number	Date of Assessment	Last Day for Refiling	Unpaid Balance of Assessment
1040	12-31-84	[REDACTED]	06-03-85	07-03-91	1,239.20
1040	12-31-85	[REDACTED]	07-07-86	08-06-92	357.01

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KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI

This notice was prepared and signed at _____, on this,

12TH DECEMBER 19

Signature

Title

COLLECTED FRANCE

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien, Rev. Rul. 71-466, 1971-2, C.B. 409)

Part 1: To Be Kept by Recipients (2/1/20)

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Form 658-C(1)(A)(3) (2-63)

Ma.

United States

Notice of Tax Lien

which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A), or
(C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia
in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of
Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the
District of Columbia.
(2) **Situs Of Property Subject To Lien.** — For purposes
of paragraphs (1) and (4), property shall be deemed to be situated:
(A) Real Property. — In the case of real property, at the
principal location of
(B) Personal Property. — In the case of personal
property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence
of the taxpayer, at the time the notice of lien is filed.

For purposes of paragraph (2) (B), the residence of a cor-
poration or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at
which the principal executive office of the business is
located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is
without the United States shall be deemed to be in the
District of Columbia.

(3) **Form.** — The form and content of the notice
referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the
Secretary. Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any
other provision of law regarding the form or content of a
notice of lien.

(g) **Refiling Of Notice.** — For purposes of this
section:

(1) **General Rule.** — Unless notice of lien is refiled
in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the re-
quired refiling period, such notice of lien shall be treated
as filed on the date on which it is filed (in accordance with
subsection (f)) after the expiration of such refiling period.

(2) **Place For Filing.** — A notice of lien refiled
during the required refiling period shall be effective only:

(A) If:

(i) such notice of lien is refiled in the office in
which the prior notice of lien was filed; and

(ii) in the case of real property, the fact of
refiling is entered and recorded in an index to
the extent required by subsection (f) (4); and

(B) in any case in which, 90 days or more prior to the
date of a refiling of notice of lien under subparagraph
(A), the Secretary received written information (in the
manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary)
concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a
notice of such lien is also filed in accordance with sub-
paragraph (A), in the office in which such residence is located.

Excerpts From Internal Revenue Code

Sec. 6321. Lien For Taxes.

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to
pay the same after demand, the amount including any interest,
additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty,
together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto,
shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property
and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging
to such person.

Sec. 6322. Period of Lien.

Under another date, if specifically fixed by law, the lien
imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the
assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for
the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the tax-
payer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes
unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

Sec. 6323. Validity and Priority Against Certain Persons.

(a) **Purchasers, Holders Of Security Interests, Mechanics' Liens, And Judgment Lien Creditors.** — The lien imposed by section 6321
shall not be valid against any purchaser, holder of a
security interest, mechanic's lien, or judgment lien creditor
until notice thereof which meets the requirements
of subsection (f) has been filed by the Secretary.

(b) **Protection For Certain Interests Even Though Notice Filed.** — Even though notice of a lien
imposed by section 6321 has been filed, such lien shall not
be valid.

(c) Place For Filing Notice; Form.—

(1) **Place For Filing.** — The notice referred to in sub-
section (g), shall be filed:

(A) **Under State Laws.** —

(i) **Real Property.** — In the case of real property in
one office within the State (or the county, or other
governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of
such State, in which the property subject to the
lien is situated; and

(ii) **Personal Property.** — In the case of personal
property, whether tangible or intangible, in one office
within the State (or the county, or other governmental
subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State,
in which the property subject to the lien is situated;
or

(B) **With Clerk Of District Court.** — In the office of
clerk of the United States district court for the judicial
district in which the property subject to lien is situated,
whenever the State has not by law designated one office.

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(3) **Required Refiling Period.** — In the case of
any "lien" of tax, the term "required refiling period"
means:

(A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the ex-
piration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of
the tax; and

(B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of
6 years after the date of the preceding required refiling
period for such notice of lien.

Sec. 6325. Release Of Lien Or Discharge Of Property.

(a) **Release Of Lien.** — Subject to such regulations as
the Secretary may prescribe, the Secretary may file a cer-
tificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any
internal revenue tax if:

(1) **Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.** — The Secretary
finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with
all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has
become legally unenforceable; or

(2) **Bond Accepted.** — There is furnished to the
Secretary and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned
upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with
all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by
law (including any extension of such time), and that is in
accordance with such requirements relating to terms, condi-
tions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be
specified by such regulations.

Sec. 6326. Confidentiality and Disclosure of Returns and Return Information.

(k) Disclosure of Certain Returns and Return Information For Tax Administration Purposes.

(2) **Disclosure of amount of outstanding lien.** — If a notice
of lien has been filed pursuant to section 6323(f), the
amount of the outstanding obligation secured by such lien
may be disclosed to any person who furnishes satisfactory
written evidence that he has a right in the property subject to
such lien or intends to obtain a right in such property.