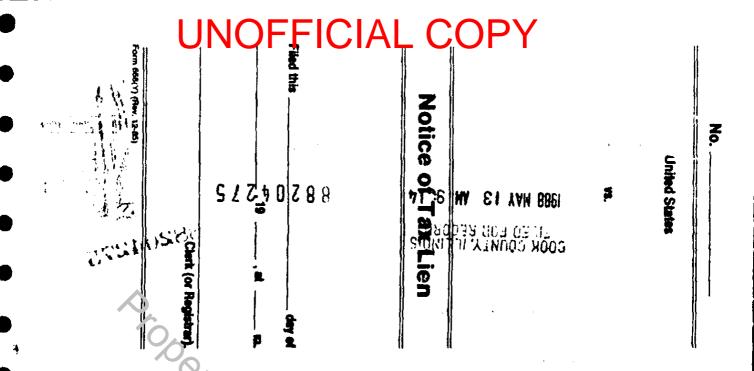
Form 668(Y)

26

(Rev. December 1965)	Notic	Notice of Federal Tax Lien Under Internal Revenue Laws				
District	ng garangah sagan sa separa na pandana antan mto	Serial Numbe	ır		For Optional Use by Recording Office	
	hicago: Il.		368808	976		
notice is givenessed against the sessed against the	en that taxes, linst the follow! as been made, i a United States of	i, 6322, and 8323 of the (including interest at ng-named taxpayer, but it remains unpaid, on all property and rigiount of these taxes, accrue.	id penaities) h Demand for pi Therefore, the his to property	ave been syment of re is a lien belonging	88204275	
ame of Taxpay	er Ruch &	CAROLYN KING				
	6838 S CGN1 CHICAGO, IL	Ft.L. 796491418			y	
notice of lien is:	reliled by the date of	ION: Man respect to each a given in column (e), this not release as occured in IRC 60	ice shall, on the da	low, unless y following		
(ind of Tax	Tax Period Ended (b)	Identifying Numbur	Date of Assessment (d)	Last Day for Refiling (e)	Unpaid Balance of Assessment (f)	
1040	12-31-83		3/02-87	4-01-93	955.90	
				Clark	S O ( ) ( )	
ce of Filing	Record Coak C Chicag			Totel	855.90	
s notice was p	prepared and sign	ed at Chicag	o. It.		, on this,	
5thay	of May	19				
natyre	Tryphos-	·	Title		Monager	

Rev. Rul. 71-468, 1971 - 2 C.B. 409)

Form 668(Y) (Rev. 12-85)



## Excerpts From Internal Revenue Core

Sec. 6321. Lien For Taxes.

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to preparty, whether real or personal, belonging

- Sec. 6322. Period Of Lien.
- Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien appeal by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so d (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.
- Sec. 6323. Validity and Priority Against Certain Persons.
- (a) Purchaser's, Holders Of Security Interests, Mechanic's Lienors, And Judgment Lien Creditors. — The lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid assessinst any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanics lienor, or judgment lien creditor until notice thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (f) has on filed by the Decretary.

## (f) Place For Filing Notice; Form.-

(1) Place For Filling - The notice referred to in subection (a) shall be filled -(A) Under State Laws

(i) Real Property - In the case of real property, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; and

(ii) Personal Property - In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated.

(B) With Clark Of District Court - In the office of the clark of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A), or

(C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia - In the affice of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of

(2) Situs Of Property Subject To Lien - For purposes of paragraphs (1) and (4), property shall be deemed to be situated -(A) Real Property . In the case of real property, at its

physical location; or

(R) Personal Property - In the case of personal property, whither tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filed.

For py pos is of paragraph (2) (8), the residence of a corporation or parametrip shall be deemed to be the place at which the principal (xec liv.) office of the business is located, and the residence of a 🚄 🚎 yer whose residence is without the United

States shall be d emed to in the District of Columbia.

(3) Form - Thy form and content of the notice referred to in substition (a) shall be prescribed by the Becretary. Such notice (nall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law reparting the form or content of a notice of lien.

Note: See section 6323(b) for protection for certain interests even though notice of lien Imposed by section 6321 is filed win respect

- Securities 1.
- Motor vehicles 2
- Personal property purchased at retail
- Personal property purchased in casual sale
- Personal property subjected to possessory lien
- Real property tax and special assessment flens Residential property subject to a mechanic's tion for certain repairs and Improvements
- Attorney's flens
- Certain insurance contracts
- Passbook leans
- (g) Refiling Of Notice. For purposes of this
- (1) General Rule. Unless notice of flen is reflied in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refilling period, such notice of lien shall be treated as filed on the date prowhich it is filled (in accordance with subsection (f)) after the expiration of such refilling period.
- (2) Place For Filing. A notice of lien refiled during the required refiling period shall be effective only -

(A) If -

(i) such notice of lien is refiled in the office in which the prior notice of lian was filed, and

(ii) in the case of real property, the fact of refiling is entered and recorded in an index to the extent required by subsection (f) (4), and

(B) In any case in which, 90 days or more prior to the date of a refilling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the Secretary received written information (in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary) concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a notice of such lien is also filed in accordance with subsection (f) in the State in which such residence is located.

(3) Regulred Refilling Period. — in the case of any notice of lien, the term "required refilling period" means -(A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 8 years after the date of the assessment of the tax, and (B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required reffling period for such notice of lien.

Release Of Lien Or Sec. 6325. Discharge Of Property.

- (a) Release Of Lien. Subject to such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe the Secretary shall issue a certificate of release of any tien imposed with respirel to any internal revenue tax not later than 30 days after the day on which .
- (1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable The Sycretary finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has become legally unenforceable; or
- (2) Bond Accepted There is furnished to the Secretary and a scapted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of ive amount assessed, together with all interest in respect there i, wit in the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements in Liting to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and suraties inerion, as may be specified by such regulations.
- Sec. 6103. confidentiality and Disclosure of Returns and Return information.
- (k) Disclosure of Certain Returns and Return Information For Tax Administration Pursones, -
- (2) Discipaure of amount of outstanding tien If a notice of lien has been filed pursuant to section 6373(f), the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by such Hen may be disclosed to any person who furnishes satisfactory written evidence that he has a right in the property subject to such lien or intends to obtain a right in such property