

UNOFFICIAL COPY

89059270

Form 668(Y)

347

Department of the Treasury - Internal Revenue Service

(Rev December 1985)

Notice of Federal Tax Lien Under Internal Revenue Laws

District

Chicago, IL

Serial Number

360900591

For Optional Use by Recording Office

As provided by sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is given that taxes (including interest and penalties) have been assessed against the following-named taxpayer. Demand for payment of this liability has been made, but it remains unpaid. Therefore, there is a lien in favor of the United States on all property and rights to property belonging to this taxpayer for the amount of these taxes, and additional penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue.

Name of Taxpayer BRITANNI, & KAREN P. JONES

Residence 1304 PINE VALLEY DR.
SCHAUMBURG, IL 60173

IMPORTANT RELEASE INFORMATION: With respect to each assessment listed below, unless notice of lien is filed by the date given in column (e), this notice shall, on the day following such date, operate as a certificate of release as defined in IRC 6325(a).

042659068

Kind of Tax (a)	Tax Period Ended (b)	Identifying Number (c)	Date of Assessment (d)	Last Day for Refiling (e)	Unpaid Balance of Assessment (f)
1040	12/31/87	353-46-4410	06/06/88	07/06/88	\$ 1661.30

Place of Filing
Recorder of Deeds
Cook County
Chicago, IL 60602

Total	\$ 1661.30
-------	------------

This notice was prepared and signed at Chicago, IL, on this

the 12th day of January, 1989.

Signature *J. Hernandez*
for T. Hartshorn 4405

Title

Revenue Officer
36-01-4405(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take an acknowledgment does not extend to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien
Reg. Bul. 71-406, 1971, 2 C.R.B. 46-5)

UNOFFICIAL COPY

No.

United States

vs.

Notice of Tax Lien

1989 EEB 681

20

BOOK C 1000 NOV 1989

89-9370

Clerk (or Registrar),
day of
at m.

Excerpts From Internal Revenue Code

Sec. 6321. Lien For Taxes.

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

Sec. 6322. Period Of Lien.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer resulting from such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

Sec. 6323. Validity and Priority Against Certain Persons.

(a) **Purchaser's, Holders Of Security Interests, Mechanic's Liens, And Judgment Lien Creditors.** — The lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lien, or judgment lien creditor until notice thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (b) has been filed by the Secretary.

(b) Place For Filing Notice; Form. —

(i) **Place For Filing.** — The notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be filed:

(A) Under State Laws

(i) **Real Property.** — In the case of real property, in one office within the State for the county, or other governmental subdivision, as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated, and

(ii) **Personal Property.** — In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, in the office within the State for the county, or other governmental subdivision, as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated, or

(B) With Clerk Of District Court. — In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the State law so provides, or in the office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A)(c).

(C) With Recorder Of Deeds Or The District Clerk. — In the office of the recorder of deeds of the district of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(2) **Status Of Property Subject To Lien.** — For purposes of paragraphs (1) and (4), property shall be deemed to be situated—

(A) **Real Property.** — In the case of real property, at its physical location; or

(B) **Personal Property.** — In the case of personal property,

(i) whether tangible or intangible, at the residence or the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filed;

(ii) in the case of a corporation or partnership, at the place at which the principal office, office of the business, is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia;

(3) **Form.** — The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary. Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

Note: See section 6323(b) for protection for certain interests even though notice of lien imposed by section 6321 is filed with respect to.

1. Securities
2. Motor vehicles
3. Personal property purchased at retail
4. Personal property purchased in casual sale
5. Personal property subjected to possessory lien
6. Real property tax and special assessment debt
7. Residential property subject to a mechanics lien for certain repairs and improvements
8. Attorney's fees
9. Certain insurance contracts
10. Taxbook loans

(c) Refiling Of Notice. — For purposes of this section—

(i) **General Rule.** — An notice of lien referred to in section 6321 may be filed during the period of 60 days after the date on which it was filed, except as provided in subsection (d) or (e).

(ii) **Place For Filing.** — A notice of lien filed during the required refiling period may be filed in either of the following places:

(A) In the office where the original notice of lien was filed, if the property subject to the lien was then in the office where the original notice of lien was filed;

(B) In the case of real property, the original notice of lien may be filed in any office where the property is situated;

(C) In the case of personal property, the original notice of lien may be filed in any office where the property is situated;

(D) In the case of a corporation or partnership, the original notice of lien may be filed in any office where the property is situated;

(E) In the case of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States, the original notice of lien may be filed in any office where the taxpayer is located;

(F) In the case of a taxpayer whose residence is in the District of Columbia, the original notice of lien may be filed in any office where the taxpayer is located;

Secretary received written information (in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary) concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a notice of such change is filed in accordance with subsection (f) to the State in which such residence is located.

(d) Required Refiling Period. — In the case of any notice of lien, the term "required refiling period" means—

- (A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax; and
- (B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required refiling period for such notice of lien.

Sec. 6325. Release Of Lien Or Discharge Of Property.

(a) Release Of Lien. — Subject to such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, the Secretary shall issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax not later than 30 days after the day on which—

(i) **Likely Satisfied or Unenforceable.** — The Secretary finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has become legally unenforceable; or

(ii) **Bond Accepted.** — There is furnished to the Secretary and accepted by him a bond if is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time); and that is in accordance with such regulations relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon as may be prescribed by such regulations.

Sec. 6103. Confidentiality and Disclosure of Returns and Return Information.

(a) Disclosure of Certain Returns and Return Information For Tax Administration Purposes. —

(1) **Information About Outstanding Debts.** — If a notice of lien has been filed under section 6321, the amount of the debt referred to in such notice may be disclosed to any person who has the right to inspect returns, or to any evidence that he may furnish, that the property subject to such notice of lien is held in trust for him.