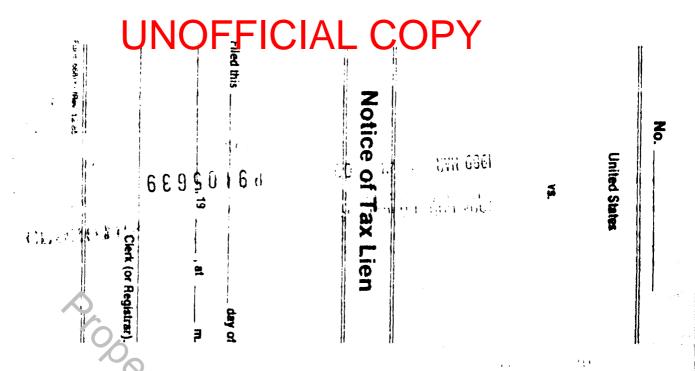
Form 668(Y)

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Rev December 1985)	Notic	e of Federal Tax	Lien Unde	r Internal F	Revenue Laws	
istrict		Serial Number		-	For Optional Use by Recording Office	
As provided by sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is given that taxes (including interest and penalties) have been assessed against the following-named taxpayer. Demand for payment of this liability has been made, but it remains unpaid. Therefore, there is a liun in favor of the United States on all property and rights to property belonging to this taxpayer for the amount of these taxes, and additional penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue.					89105639	
	or AL S JAC					
MPORTANT RE	refiled by the date g	ION Wan respect to each a siven in column (e), this no release as defined in IRC 6	tice shall, on the da		Unpaid Balance of Assessment	
1040 1040 1040	12/31/85 12/31/86 12/31/87	319-48-9205	12/05/88 12/12/88 12/05/88	01/04/9! 01/11/9! 01/04/9!	5 4048.83 5 12813.84	
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ce of Filing	Cook C	er of Deeds punty n. IL 60602		Total	\$ 30007.59	
	orepared and sign	ed at Chicae	o, IL		, on th	
nature For	Ki) K (EEE)		Title Revenue Officer 36-01-1310			

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Ilen Rev. Rul. 71-468, 1971 - 2 C.B. 409)



Excerpts From Internal Revenue Cour

Sec. 6321. Lien For Taxes

If any person liable to day any tax neglects or refuses to a pay the same after demand, the amount iniciding any interest, additional amount, addition to tax for assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition theretot shall be a filen in favor of the United States upon all property, and rights to property, whether real or personal belonging to such person.

Sec. 6322. Period Of Lien.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall drise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the trability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxipayar arraing out of such trability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

Sec. 6323, Validity and Priority Against Certain Persons.

(a) Purchaser's, Holders Of Security Interests, Mechanic's Lienors, And Judgment Lien Creditors. — The lien imposed by section 8321 shall not be valid as had inst any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanish lienor, or judgment lien creditor until notice thereof which makes the requirements of subsection (f) has been filed by the East etary.

(1) Place For Filing Notice; Form.-

(1) Place For Filing - The notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be filed -

(A) Under State Laws

(i) Real Property - In the case of real property, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated, and

(ii) Personal Property - In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible in one office within the State (or the county or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State in which the property subject to the lien is situated

(B) With Clark Of District Court - In the office of the clark of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A), or

(C) With Recorder Of Deeds On the District Of Columbia in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia if the property subject to the lien is situated in the function of Columbia.

(2) bitus Of Property Subject to Lien - For purposes of paragraphs (1) and (4) property shall be deemed to be situated. (A) Real Property - in the case of real property, at its physical location or

(B) Personal Property in the case of personal property in the case of personal property in the residence of the taxp yet at the time the notics of tien is filed.

For numposes of paragraph (2) (B) the residence of a corporation or part lets' ip shall be deemed to be the place at which the principal of Culive office of the business is located, and the residence of with payer whose residence is without the United States shall be per mad to be in the District of Columbia.

(3) Form the corn and content of the notice relatived to in subsettion (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary. Such notice around evaluation town instanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a holice of lies.

Note: See section 6323(b) for protection for certain interests even though refice of lien imposed by section 6321 is filed with respect to:

- 1 Securities
- 2 Motor vehicles
- 3 Personal property purchased at retail
- 4. Personal property purchased in casual sale
- 5 Personal property subjected to possessory lien
- Real property tax and special assessment tiens
 Residential property subject to a mechanic's tien for certain repairs and improvements.
- 8. Attorney's liens
- 9 Certain insurance contracts
- 10 Passbook leans
- (g) Refiling Of Notice. For purposes of this section -
- (1) **General Rule.** Unless notice of tien us ratified in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refilting period such notice of lien shall be treated as filed on the date on which it is filed in accordance with subsection (1)) after the expiration of such refilting period
- (2) Place For Filing. A notice of lien retiled during the required retiling period shall be effective only (4) (4)
 - (ii) such notice of lien is refiled in the office in which the prior notice of lien was filed, and
 - into in the case of real property, the fact of refilting is entered and recorded in an index to the extent required by subsection (f) (4) and

iBi ili ariy case in which 90 days or more prior to the date of a refiling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the

Secretary received written information (in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary) concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a notice of such lien is also filled in accordance with subsection (f) in the State in which such residence is located.

(3) Required Refiling Period. — In the case of any notice of lien, the term "required refiling period" means—(A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expitation of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax, and (B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required refiling period fer such notice of tien.

Sec. 6325. Release Of Lien Or Discharge Of Property.

- (a) Release Of Lieft, Subject to such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, the Secretary shall issue a certificate of release of any tien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax not later than 30 days after the day on which
- (1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable The Secretary finds that the liability for the amount assessed, togsther with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has become legally unenforceable; or
- (2) Bond Accepted. There is furnished to the Secretary and a copied by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, with in the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements reinfring to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties therein, as may be specified by such regulations.

Sec. 6103. Confidentiality and Disclosure of Heturns and Return Information.

(k) Disclosure of Certain Returns and Return Information For Tax Administration Purposes (***)

(2) Disclosure of amount of outstanding lien - If a notice of then has been tried pursuant to section 6323(f), the amount of the outstanding obligation recured by such lien may be disclosed to any person who furnishes satisfactory written evidence that he has a right in the property subject to such lien or intends to obtain a right in such property.