

UNOFFICIAL COPY

Department of the Treasury - Internal Revenue Service

Form 668(Y)

178

Rev. December 1983

Notice of Federal Tax Lien Under Internal Revenue Laws

District

Serial Number

For Optional Use by Recording Office

Chicago, IL

368908182

As provided by sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is given that taxes (including interest and penalties) have been assessed against the following-named taxpayer. Demand for payment of this liability has been made, but it remains unpaid. Therefore, there is a lien in favor of the United States on all property and rights to property belonging to this taxpayer for the amount of these taxes, and additional penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue.

59274050

Name of Taxpayer: ALBERT & SHIRLEY ORSI

Residence
4235 N MULLIGAN
CHICAGO, IL 60634

IMPORTANT RELEASE INFORMATION: With respect to each assessment listed below, unless notice of lien is refuted by the date given in column (e), this notice shall, on the day following such date, operate as a certificate of release as defined in IRC 6325(a).

Kind of Tax (a)	Tax Period Ended (b)	Identifying Number (c)	Date of Assessment (d)	Last Day for Refiling (e)	Unpaid Balance of Assessment (f)
1040	12/31/81	[REDACTED]	12/20/82	01/19/89	3536.18
1040	12/31/82	323-42-9231	03/15/85	04/17/91	1928.20
1040	12/31/83	[REDACTED]	05/20/85	06/19/91	3737.91

59274050

Place of Filing

Recorder of Deeds
Cook County
Chicago, IL 60602

Total \$

9202.29

This notice was prepared and signed at Chicago, IL on this,

the 26th day of May, 1989

Signature
C. Boer
for C. Boer 1670

Title
Revenue Officer
36-01-1670

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien
Rev. Rul. 71-466, 1971-2 CB 409)

Part 1 - Kept By Recording Office

Form 668(Y) (Rev. 12-85)

89274050
\$1.00

FILED

Clerk (or Registrar)

Filed this

DEPT-03

1928 E

COOK COUNTY RECORDER

Notice of Tax Lien

United States

No.

vs.

19 at m.

day of

From Internal Revenue Code

Section 6321. Lien For Taxes.

Whenever any taxpayer neglects or refuses to pay the amount after demand the amount including any interest thereon and any addition to tax or assessable penalty together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such taxpayer.

Section 6322. Period Of Lien.

The period during which this lien shall be in effect shall be the period beginning on the date of the assessment of the tax and ending on the date of the payment of the tax or the date of the expiration of the period of limitation against the taxpayer and the date of the satisfaction or becoming unenforceable by reason of the statute of limitations.

Section 6323. Validity and Priority Against Certain Persons Purchasers, Holders Of Security Interests, Mechanic's Liens, And Judgment Lien Creditors.

The lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lien, or judgment creditor until notice thereof is filed in the manner prescribed by subsection (d) of this section in the office of the Secretary.

Place For Filing Notice; Form.

(a) Place For Filing.—The notice referred to in subsection (d) shall be filed—

- (1) in the case of real property, in the office of the clerk of the court for the judicial district in which the property is situated or the office of the clerk of the court for the judicial district in which the property is situated; and
- (2) in the case of personal property, in the office of the clerk of the court for the judicial district in which the property is situated or the office of the clerk of the court for the judicial district in which the property is situated.

(b) Office.—In the office of the clerk of the court for the judicial district in which the property is situated, whenever the State has a public record system which meets the requirements of section 6323(b).

(c) Record.—The notice of lien shall be recorded in the public record system of the District of Columbia if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

- (2) Sites Of Property Subject To Lien.—For purposes of paragraphs (1) and (4) property shall be deemed to be situated—
 - (A) Real Property.—In the case of real property, at its physical location; or
 - (B) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filed.
- For purposes of paragraph (2)(B) the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia.

(3) Form.—The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary. Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

Note: See section 6323(b) for protection for certain interests even though notice of lien imposed by section 6321 is filed with respect to:

1. Securities
2. Motor vehicles
3. Personal property purchased at retail
4. Personal property purchased in casual sale
5. Personal property subjected to possessory lien
6. Real property tax and special assessment liens
7. Residential property subject to a mechanic's lien for certain repairs and improvements
8. Attorney's liens
9. Certain insurance contracts
10. Passbook loans

Refiling Of Notice.

(1) General Rule.—Unless notice of lien is refiled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refiling period, such notice of lien shall be treated as filed on the date on which it is filed in accordance with subsection (f) after the expiration of such refiling period.

(2) Place For Filing.—A notice of lien refiled during the required refiling period shall be effective only—

- (A) if such notice of lien is refiled in the office in which the original notice of lien was filed; and
- (B) in the case of real property, the fact of refiling is entered and recorded in an index to the extent required by section 6323(b).

(3) Time.—In any case in which 90 days or more prior to the date of a refiling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A) the

Secretary received written information in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence if a notice of such lien is also filed in accordance with subsection (f) in the State in which such residence is located.

(4) Required Refiling Period.—In the case of any notice of lien, the term "required refiling period" means—

- (A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax; and
- (B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required refiling period for such notice of lien.

Section 6325. Release Of Lien Or Discharge Of Property.

(1) Release Of Lien.—Subject to such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe the Secretary shall issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax not later than 30 days after the day on which—

- (A) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has become legally unenforceable; or
- (B) Bond Accepted.—There is filed to the Secretary and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time) and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon as may be specified by such regulations.

Section 6103. Confidentiality and Disclosure of Returns and Return Information.

(1) Disclosure of Certain Returns and Return Information For Tax Administration Purposes.—

(2) Disclosure of Amount of Outstanding Lien.—If a notice of lien has been filed pursuant to section 6321, the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by such lien may be disclosed to any person who furnishes satisfactory written evidence that he has a right in the property subject to such lien or intends to obtain a right in such property.