

UNOFFICIAL COPY

Form 668 (Y)

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

Notice of Federal Tax Lien Under Internal Revenue Laws

Date

Serial Number

For Optional Use by Recording Office

Chicago, Ill

369023457

As provided by sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is given that taxes (including interest and penalties) have been assessed against the following-named taxpayer. Demand for payment of this liability has been made, but it remains unpaid. Therefore, there is a lien in favor of the United States on all property and rights to property belonging to this taxpayer for the amount of these taxes, and additional penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue.

90589620

Name of Taxpayer HOWARD S. JEAN HARETS

Residence 1513 W. FREMONT 104
CHICAGO, ILL 60622-2526

IMPORTANT RELEASE INFORMATION: With respect to each assessment listed below, unless notice of lien is relied by the date given in column (e), this notice shall, on the day following such date, operate as a certificate of release as defined in IRC 6325(a).

Kind of Tax (a)	Tax Period Ended (b)	Identifying Number (c)	Date of Assessment (d)	Last Day for Refiling (e)	Unpaid Balance of Assessment (f)
1040	12/31/88	554 26 7568	12/18/89	01/17/90	47373.53

COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS

NOV 15 AM 9 22

90589620

Pay to the Order of

Recorder of Deeds
Cook County
Chicago, Ill 60607

Total

\$

47373.53

This notice was prepared and signed at

Chicago, Ill

on this,

14th day of November 1990

W. H. Williams
for the Collector of Internal Revenue

718

Chief Collect.
36-01-0000

NOTE: This notice of Federal Tax Lien is given in accordance with the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and the Regulations thereunder. It is not a lien in itself, but it is a notice of Federal Tax Lien.

Form 668 (Y) (Rev. 7-89)

No.

United States

VS.

Notice of Tax Lien

Filed this _____ day of _____

Clerk (or Registrar)

OSDUBS

Excerpts From Internal Revenue Code

Sec. 6321. Lien For Taxes

If any person fails to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

Sec. 6322. Period Of Lien.

Unless otherwise provided by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

Sec. 6323 Validity and Priority Against Certain Persons.

(a) Purchaser's, Holders Of Security Interests, Mechanic's Liens, And Judgment Lien Creditors. - The lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lien, or judgment lien creditor until notice thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (b) has been filed by the Secretary.

(b) Place For Filing Notice; Form. -

- (1) Place For Filing. - The notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be filed -
 - (A) Under State Laws
 - (B) Real Property - in the case of real property, in the office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision, as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; and
 - (C) Personal Property - in the case of personal property (whether tangible or intangible, in one or more States), in the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision, as designated by the laws of such State) in which the property subject to the lien is situated; or
 - (D) With Clerk Of District Court - in the case of real property of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to the lien is situated, whenever the law of such State (or the law of the United States) designates one office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A), or
 - (E) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia - in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(2) Date Of Priority Subject To Lien. - For purposes of paragraph (1) and (4), property shall be deemed to be acquired -

- (A) Real Property - in the case of real property, at its physical location, or
- (B) Personal Property - in the case of personal property (whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer if the lien is a lien in respect of such property, or at the principal place of business of the taxpayer if the principal place of business is located, and the residence of the taxpayer whose residence is without the United States, shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia.
- (C) Forth - The lien and contents of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be published by the Secretary. Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or contents of a notice of lien.

Note: See section 6322(c) for protection for certain interests even though notice of lien imposed by section 6321 is filed with respect to:

- 1. Suburbs
- 2. Motor vehicles
- 3. Personal property subject to a lien
- 4. Personal property subject to a lien
- 5. Personal property subject to a lien
- 6. Real property subject to a lien
- 7. Real property subject to a lien
- 8. Attorney's fees
- 9. Certain insurance contracts
- 10. Paycheck loans

(c) Refiling Of Notice. - For purposes of this section -

- (1) General Rule. - Unless notice of lien is refiled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refiling period, such notice of lien shall be deemed to be filed on the date on which it is filed in accordance with subsection (b), after the expiration of such refiling period.
- (2) Place For Filing. - A notice of lien refiled during the required refiling period shall be effective only -
 - (A) If -
 - (i) such notice of lien is refiled in the office in which the prior notice of lien was filed; and
 - (ii) in the case of real property, the fact of re-filing is entered and recorded in an index in the office required by subsection (b) (1), and
 - (B) in any case in which 30 days or more prior to the date of a re-filing of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the

Secretary received written information in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence or a notice of such lien is also filed in accordance with subsection (b) in the State in which the residence is located.

(3) Required Refiling Period. - In the case of any notice of lien, the term "refiling period" means -
 (A) the ninety-day period ending 30 days after the expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax; and
 (B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the date of the preceding required refiling period for such notice of lien.

Sec. 6325. Release Of Lien Or Discharge Of Property.

(a) Release Of Lien. - Subject to such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, the Secretary shall have authority to release or discharge any lien imposed with respect to any tax liability of a taxpayer, not more than 30 days prior to the date on which -
 (1) such liability is satisfied; or
 (2) the lien is satisfied in whole or in part, together with all interest in respect thereof that has been fully satisfied or has become legally unenforceable; or
 (3) both (1) and (2) apply.
 (b) Bond Acceptance. - Where a lien is released by the Secretary and a bond is filed that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and the tax is in accordance with such requirements, the terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, if any, shall be specified by such regulations.

Sec. 6103. Confidentiality and Disclosure of Returns and Return Information.

Disclosure of Certain Returns and Return Information For Tax Administration Purposes. -

(a) Disclosure of Amount of Outstanding Tax. - A disclosure of the amount of outstanding tax pursuant to section 6323(b) shall not be disclosed to any person who imposes a lien on the property subject to such tax or intends to obtain a lien on such property.