UNOFFICION 160PY

Form 668 (Y)

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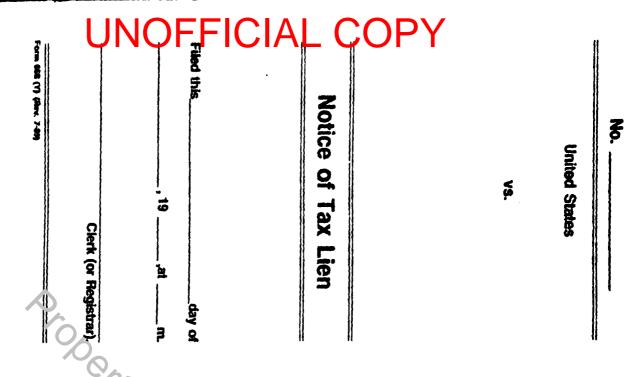
Department of the Treasufy - ..

Bervice

(Cay 2.80)

# Notice of Federal Tax Lien Under Internal Revenue Laws

. 7-89)	NOTIC	ce of Federal Ia		r internal r	For Optional Use by Recording Office		
rict		Serial Numb		<b>-</b>			
provided de, notice en assessent of this a lier operty belo	Is given that the dagainst the illability has been in favor of the onging to this	321, 6322, and 6323 taxes (including inte following-named taxen made, but it rente United States on a taxpayer for the amount, and costs that may	rest and penali spayer. Demand nains unpaid. I all property and ount of these to	Revenue ties) have d for pay- herefore, rights to			
idence (S	228 S PROZ		e R				
IPORTANT RE	en is refiled by the	ATION. With respect to each date given in column (excertificate of release as de light lig	), this notice shall.	on the day		npaid Balance 1 Assessment	
1040	12/31/86		01/01/90 12/25/39	01/31/95		3015.51 1719.40	
e of Filing	Record Look G Chinag			Total	s	4734.91	
notice was	prepared and sig	ned at Chicae  nok county. II  19 90  10 308 17 A	LLINOIS	9017	1107	, on t	
ignature Compy Title				Revenue Officer 36-01-2204			



# Excerpts From Internal Revenue Coan

### Sec. 6321. Lien For Taxes

If any person lable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be sen in tayor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

#### Sec. 6322. Period Of Lien.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is actisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

Sec. 6323. Validity and Priority Against Certain Persons.

(a) Purchaser's, Holders Of Security Interests, Mechanic's Lienors, And Judgment Lien Creditors.—The ien imposed by section each shall not be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lienor, or judgment lien creditor until notice thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (f) has been filed by the Secretary.

#### m Place For Filing Notice; Form.—

(1) Place For Filing - The notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be filed -

(A) Under State Laws

(f) Reat Property • in the case of reat property, in one
is a poffice within the State (or the county, or other povernmental
subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in
which the property subject to the ken is altusted; and

(ii) Personal Property - In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is altuated; or

(B) With Clerk Of District Count in the office of the clerk of the United States district count for the judicial district in which the property subject to lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements.

of subparagraph (A), or (C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia. In the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the Estings of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is altuated in the District of

a me propen Columbia. (2) Situe Of Property Subject To Lien - For purposes of paragraphs (1) and (4), property shall be deemed to be situated -

(A) Real Property - in the case of real property, at its physical location; or

(B) Personal Property - In the case of personal property, metiver tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filled.

For purpose of paragraph (2) (B), the residence of a corporation or partin ratin shall be deemed to be the place at which the principal executive of long of the business is located, and the residence of a purpose whose residence is without the United States shall be per med to be in the District of Columbia.

(3) Form - The forr, and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be preactived by the Secretary. Such notice shall be valid not virus and g any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a rotice of lien.

Note: See section 6323(3) for protection for certain interests even through notice of lien imposed by section 6321 is filed with respect to:

- 1. Securities
- 2. Motor vehicles
- 3. Personal property purchased at retail
- 4. Personal property purchased in casual sale
- 5. Personal property subjected to possessory lien
- Real property tax and special assessment liens
   Residential property subject to a mechanic's lien for certain repairs and improvements
- 8. Attorney's liens
- 9. Certain insurance contracts
- 10. Pasabook loans
- (g) Refiling Of Notice. For purposes of this
- (1) General Rule. —Unless notice of lien is reflied in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refling period, such notice of lien shall be treated as fixed on the date on which it is fixed (in accordance with subsection (f)) after the expiration of such refling period
- (2) Piace For Filing.—A notice of ten refiled during the required refiling period shall be effective only.

(A) II-

(i) such notice of lion is refiled in the office in which the prior notice of lion was filed, and

the prior notice of sen was tweet, and

(ii) in the case of real property, the fact of refilling is entered and recorded in an index to the extent required by subsection (f) (4), and

(B) in any case in which, 90 days or more prior to the date of a refling of notice of lien-under subparagraph (A), the

Secretary received written information (in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary) concerning a change in the tax payer's residence, if a notice of such fign is also field in accordance with subsection (f) in the State in which such readence is located.

(3) Required Refilling Period.—In the case of any notice of lien, the term required refiling period means.

(Å) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax, and (B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required refilling period for such notice of lien.

## Sec. 6325. Release Of Lien Or Discharge Of Property.

(a) Release Of Lieft. — Subject to such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, the Secretary shall leave a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax not later than 30 days after the day on

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unerforceable - The Secretary finds that the liability for the emount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has become

legally unenforceable; or

(2) Bond Accepted-There is furnished to the Secretary and accepted by him is bond that is conditioned upon the payment if his amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, which the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such it hell, and that is in acceptance with such requirements recting a former, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereof, as may be specified by such regulations.

# Sec. 6103. Confidentiality and Disclosure of Returns and Return Information.

- (x) Disclosure of Certain Returns and Return Information For Tax Administration Purposes.—
- (2) Disclosure of amount of outstanding lien-if a notice of lien has been filled pursuant to section 6323(f), the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by such lien may be disclosed to any person who furnishes satisfactory written evidence that he has a right in the property subject to such lien or intends to obtain a right in such property.

