

UNOFFICIAL COPY

Form 668 (Y)

133

Department of the Treasury - Internal Revenue Service

# Notice of Federal Tax Lien Under Internal Revenue Laws

(Rev. January 1991)

For Optional Use by Recording Office

District

Chicago, IL

Serial Number

129150710

As provided by sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is given that taxes (including interest and penalties) have been assessed against the following-named taxpayer. Demand for payment of this liability has been made, but it remains unpaid. Therefore, there is a lien in favor of the United States on all property and rights to property belonging to this taxpayer for the amount of these taxes, and additional penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue.

91520025

Name of Taxpayer

CHINESE TRADING CO., INCORPORATED

Residence

1401 SOUTH ARCHER AVENUE  
CHICAGO, IL 60616-1892

**IMPORTANT RELEASE INFORMATION:** With respect to each assessment listed below, unless notice of lien is refiled by the date given in column (e), this notice shall, on the day following such date, operate as a certificate of release as defined in IRC 6325(a).

Kind of Tax (a)	Tax Period Ended (b)	Identifying Number (c)	Date of Assessment (d)	Last Day for Refiling (e)	Unpaid Balance of Assessment (f)
941	03/31/91	36-2230912	06/28/91	07/29/91	7353.40

1991 OCT -7 AM 9:50

91520025

Place of Filing

Recorder of Deeds

Chicago, IL 60602

Total \$

7353.40

This notice was prepared and signed at Chicago, IL on this,

the 5th day of September, 1991

Signature

Title

RECORDING OFFICER

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax lien  
Rev. Rul. 71-466, 1971-2 C.B. 409

Form 668 (Y) (Rev. 1-91)

Part 1 - Kept By Recording Office

19\_\_ at \_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_

Clerk (or Registrar).

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Excerpts From Internal Revenue Code

Sec. 6321. Lien For Taxes

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessment penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

Sec. 6322. Period Of Lien.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

Sec. 6323. Validity and Priority Against Certain Persons.

(a) Purchaser's, Holders Of Security Interests, Mechanic's Lienors, And Judgment Lien Creditors. — The lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lienor, or judgment lien creditor until notice thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (f) has been filed by the Secretary.

(f) Place For Filing Notice; Form. —

- (1) Place For Filing. — The notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be filed: (A) Under State Law. (i) Real Property. In the case of real property, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; and (ii) Personal Property. In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; except that State law merely confirming or reenacting Federal law establishing a national filing system does not constitute a second office for filing as designated by the laws of such State; or (B) With Clerk Of District Court. In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A); or (C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia. In the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(2) Situs Of Property Subject To Lien. — For purposes of paragraphs (1) and (4), property shall be deemed to be situated: (A) Real Property. — in the case of real property, at its physical location; or (B) Personal Property. In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filed.

For purposes of paragraph (2) (B), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia.

(b) Form. — The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary. Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

Note. See section 6323(b) for protection for certain interests even though notice of lien imposed by section 6321 is filed with respect to:

1. Securities.
2. Motor vehicles.
3. Personal property purchased at retail.
4. Personal property purchased in casual sale.
5. Personal property subject to possessory lien.
6. Real property tax and special assessment liens.
7. Residential property subject to a mechanic's lien for certain repairs and improvements.
8. Attorney's liens.
9. Certain insurance contracts.
10. Passbook loans.

(g) Refiling Of Notice. — For purposes of this section.

(1) General Rule. — Unless notice of lien is filed in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refiling period, such notice of lien shall be treated as filed on the date on which it is filed (in accordance with subsection (f)) after the expiration of such refiling period.

(2) Place For Filing. — A notice of lien refilled during the required refiling period shall be effective only:

- (A) If (i) such notice of lien is refilled in the office in which the prior notice of lien was filed; and (ii) in the case of real property, and the fact of refiling is entered and recorded in an index to the extent required by subsection (f) (4); and (B) in any case in which, 60 days or more prior to the date of a refiling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the

Secretary receives proof of payment of the amount of such tax, or subsection (b) is in effect.

(3) Required.

- (A) The one-year expiration of 10 years after the close of the period for such notice of lien.
- (B) The one-year expiration of 10 years after the close of the period for such notice of lien.

Sec. 6325. Release Of Lien.

(a) Release Of Lien. — The Secretary may release a certificate of release of any internal revenue tax on which:

- (1) Liability of the taxpayer or with all interest in respect thereof has become legally unenforceable.
- (2) Bond accepted by the Secretary and accepted by the taxpayer for the payment of the amount in respect thereof, within any extension of such time such requirements relating to the bond and course the regulations.

Sec. 6109. Disclosure Of Information.

(f) Disclosure and Return Information. —

- (2) Disclosure of notice of lien (as filed) amount of the outstanding tax, and written evidence that he has such lien or intends to obtain such lien.