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RECORD AND RETURN TO:
MARK TWAIN MORTGAGE COMPANY
 12140 WOODCREST EXECUTIVE DRIVE
 ST. LOUIS, MO. 63141
 ATTN. LINDA JACKSON

BOSTON, MA 02110-2210 ID: 47

91609598

[Space Above This Line For Recording Data]

MORTGAGE

THIS MORTGAGE ("Security Instrument") is given on **November 14, 1991**
 The mortgagor is **TADEUSZ SEIDEL AND GRAZYNA A. SEIDEL, HUSBAND AND WIFE**

AMERICAN HOME FINANCE, INC., **"Borrower"**. This Security Instrument is given to

which is organized and existing under the laws of **ILLINOIS**, **, and whose address is**

1250 WEST NORTHWEST HIGHWAY, SUITE 700, PALATINE, ILLINOIS 60067

One Hundred Twenty Thousand and No/100 ----- Dollars (U.S. \$ 120,000.00). This debt is evidenced by Borrower's note dated the same date as this Security Instrument ("Note"), which provides for monthly payments, with the full debt, if not paid earlier, due and payable on **December 1, 2021**.

This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (a) the repayment of the debt evidenced by the Note, with interest, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; (b) the payment of all other sums, with interest, advanced under paragraph 7 to protect the security of this Security Instrument, and (c) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower does hereby mortgage, grant and convey to Lender the following described property located in **COOK** County, Illinois:

LOT 11 IN BLOCK 11 IN PROSPECT HEIGHTS MANOR UNIT NUMBER 8, A SUBDIVISION OF THE WEST 1/2 OF THE NORTHEAST 1/4 OF SECTION 27, TOWNSHIP 42 NORTH, RANGE 11, EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN (EXCEPT THE NORTH 1/2 OF THE NORTHWEST 1/4 THEREOF), IN COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS.

PERMANENT TAX ID#: 03-27-206-007

\$17.00

which has the address of

102 BROOK ROAD

PROSPECT HEIGHTS

Illinois

60050

[Street]

[City]

(Zip Code)

("Property Address")

ILLINOIS Single Family Fannie Mae Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT

Form 3014-9-90 Single Family

**Great Lakes Business Forms, Inc. ■
 To Order Call: 1-800-540-0947 FAX 616-791-1131**

BOX 15

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Form 3014-990 (page 6 of 6 pages)

PALATINE, ILLINOIS 60067
MAILING ADDRESS

ELLEN GORE

This instrument was prepared by

Notary Public

My Commission Expires 12/09
Notary Public State of Illinois
My Commission Expires _____
"OFFICIAL SEAL"

Given under my hand and attested under this instrument on the day of November, 1990.

and delivered the said instrument as
Evidence to the foregoing instrument, appended before me this day in person, and acknowledged that THEY signed
subscribed to the foregoing instrument, personally known to me to be the same persons whose name(s)
personally known to me to be the same persons whose name(s)

do hereby certify that JADEU L. ADLER AND ERICA A. ADLER, HUSBAND AND WIFE
are Notary Public in and for said county and state,

STATE OF ILLINOIS,

Seal Security Number 338-52-3403
State Seal (Seal)
TADEUSZ SEJDEL
Signature
Seal Security Number 353-65-9331
Signature
Seal Security Number 338-52-3403
State Seal (Seal)
Signature
Seal Security Number 338-52-3403
State Seal (Seal)

and in any other(s) executed by Borrower and recorded with it
BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and conditions contained in this Security Instrument
and in any other(s) executed by Borrower and recorded with it

- [Check applicable boxes] [Other(s) (Specify)]
- Adjustable Rate Rider Second Home Rider
 Biweekly Payment Rider Biweekly Improvement Rider
 Fixed Rate Rider Planned Unit Development Rider
 Family Rider condominium Rider
 Adjustable Payment Rider Biweekly Payment Rider
 Family Rider condominium Rider

21. Riders to this Security Instrument. If one or more riders are executed by Borrower and recorded together with
this Security Instrument, the covenants and agreements of each such rider shall be incorporated into and shall amend and
supplement the covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument as if the rider(s) were a part of this Security Instrument.

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TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property."

BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully seized of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to mortgage, grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Borrower warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

1. Payment of Principal and Interest; Prepayment and Late Charges. Borrower shall promptly pay when due the principal of and interest on the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment and late charges due under the Note.

2. Funds for Taxes and Insurance. Subject to applicable law or to a written waiver by Lender, Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day monthly payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum ("Funds") for: (a) yearly taxes and assessments which may attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien on the Property; (b) yearly leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) yearly hazard or property insurance premiums; (d) yearly flood insurance premiums, if any; (e) yearly mortgage insurance premiums, if any; and (f) any sums payable by Borrower to Lender, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 8, in lieu of the payment of mortgage insurance premiums. These items are called "Escrow Items." Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount not to exceed the maximum amount a lender for a federally related mortgage loan may require for Borrower's escrow account under the federal Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act, c. 1974 as amended from time to time, 12 U.S.C. § 2601 *et seq.* ("RESPA"), unless another law that applies to the Funds sets a lesser amount. If so, Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount not to exceed the lesser amount. Lender may estimate the amount of Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future Escrow Items or otherwise in accordance with applicable law.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Lender, if Lender is such an institution) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply the Funds to pay the Escrow Items. Lender may not charge Borrower for holding and applying the Funds, annually analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items, unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds and applicable law permits Lender to make such a charge. However, Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for an independent real estate tax reporting service used by Lender in connection with this loan, unless applicable law provides otherwise. Unless an agreement is made or applicable law requires interest to be paid, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on the Funds. Borrower and Lender may agree in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the Funds. Lender shall give to Borrower, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds, showing credits and debits to the Funds and the purpose for which each debit to the Funds was made. The Funds are pledged as additional security for all sums secured by this Security Instrument.

If the Funds held by Lender exceed the amounts permitted to be held by applicable law, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess Funds in accordance with the requirements of applicable law. If the amount of the Funds held by Lender at any time is not sufficient to pay the Escrow Items when due, Lender may so notify Borrower in writing, and, in such case Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the deficiency. Borrower shall make up the deficiency in no more than twelve monthly payments, at Lender's sole discretion.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrower any Funds held by Lender. If, under paragraph 21, Lender shall acquire or sell the Property, Lender, prior to the acquisition or sale of the Property, shall apply any Funds held by Lender at the time of acquisition or sale as a credit against the sums secured by this Security Instrument.

3. Application of Payments. Unless applicable law provides otherwise, all payments received by Lender under paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be applied: first, to any prepayment charges due under the Note; second, to amounts payable under paragraph 2; third, to interest due; fourth, to principal due; and last, to any late charges due under the Note.

4. Charges; Liens. Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines and impositions attachable to the Property which may attain priority over this Security Instrument, and leasehold payments or ground rents, if any. Borrower shall pay these obligations in the manner provided in paragraph 2, or if not paid in that manner, Borrower shall pay them on time directly to the person owed payment. Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this paragraph. If Borrower makes these payments directly, Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender receipts evidencing the payments.

Borrower shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender; (b) contests in good faith the lien by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in the Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien; or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the lien to this Security Instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which may attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the lien. Borrower shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above within 10 days of the giving of notice.

5. Hazard or Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage" and any other hazards, including floods or flooding, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts and for the

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Form 3014-9790 (page 2 of 6 pages)

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Property
Borrower

22. **Wavier of Homestead.** Borrower waives all right of homestead exemption in the Property in
instatement without charge to Borrower. Borrower shall pay any recordation costs.
22. **Release.** Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall release this Security
Instrument without charge to Borrower. Borrower shall pay any recordation costs.
provided in this paragraph 21, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorney's fees, and costs of title evidence,
in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may foreclose this Security
Instrument at any other time after default in the notice, Lender shall collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies
provided in this paragraph 21, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorney's fees, and costs of title evidence.
default is not cured or before the date specified in the notice, Lender's right to accelerate payment
proceeding the non-payment of the right to reinstate after acceleration and the right to assert in the foreclosure
shall further impair Borrower's right to reinstate after acceleration and sale of the Property. The notice
the sums secured by this Security Instrument, forecloses by statute, proceeding and sale of the Property
cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of
default; (e) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower by which the default must be
unless applicable law provides otherwise. The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the
breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under paragraph 17
unless acceleration; Remedies. Lender shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's
NON-REFUNDABLE FEES. Lender will under further covenant and agree as follows:

that relate to health, safety or environmental protection
based in this paragraph 20. Environmental laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the property is located
pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials. As
Environmental Law and the following substances, after laminate products, toxic perfluorinated products, toxic
as used in this paragraph 20. These substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances by
shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law.
and any removal or remediation of any Hazardous Substances affecting the property is necessary, Borrower
authorizes, that any removal or remediation of any Hazardous Substances affecting the property is necessary, Borrower
law of which Borrower has actual knowledge. If Borrower fails, or is notified by any government of regulation
governmental or regulatory agency or private party involved in the investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any
Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any
Lender will be liable for all damages resulting from the removal or remediation of any Hazardous Substances
storage on the property of any Environmental Law. The proceeding was sentence shall not apply to the person, use, or
hazardous substances on or in the property. Borrower shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the
hazardous substances on or in the property. Borrower shall not cause or release of any
also contain any other information required by applicable law.

19. **Sale of Note & Transfer of Loan Security.** The Note or a partial interest in the Note together with this Security
Instrument may be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale may result in a change in the entity
known as the "Loan Servicer"; the new servicer may pay amounts due under the Note and this Security Instrument. There also
may be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer. It may be one or more changes of the Note and this Security Instrument. There also
will affect the note and addenda of the Note. The Note, addenda and any other documents should be made. The notice will
also contain the new and addenda of the Note. The Note, addenda and any other documents should be made. The notice will
also contain any other information required by applicable law.

right to remit late charges shall not apply in the case of acceleration under paragraph 17.
Instrument and the obligations secured thereby shall remain valid notwithstanding any acceleration and occurrence. However, this
sums secured by this Security Instrument shall continue unchanged. Upon remittance by Borrower, this Security
Instrument to assure that the loan of this Security Instrument, Lender's rights in the Property and Borrower's obligation to pay the
Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorney's fees, and (d) takes such action as is needed to reasonably
adjust, the gains and deficit of any other conveyances of instruments, pays all expenses incurred in applying this Security
Instrument, before final transfer of the note to the new servicer. This may result in a change in the entity
applicable law may specify particular side of the Property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this
Security Instrument before a transfer of the Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower has
paid Lender all sums which have accrued as of the date this note was last amortized and the Note as of the acceleration had

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periods that Lender requires. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's approval which shall not be unreasonably withheld. If Borrower fails to maintain coverage described above, Lender may, at Lender's option, obtain coverage to protect Lender's rights in the Property in accordance with paragraph 7.

All insurance policies and renewals shall be acceptable to Lender and shall include a standard mortgage clause. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewals. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, insurance proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property damaged, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to Borrower. If Borrower abandons the Property, or does not answer within 30 days a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may collect the insurance proceeds. Lender may use the proceeds to repair or restore the Property or to pay sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. The 30 day period will begin when the notice is given.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the monthly payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of the payments. If under paragraph 2E the Property is acquired by Lender, Borrower's right to any insurance policies and proceeds resulting from damage to the Property prior to the acquisition shall pass to Lender to the extent of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately prior to the acquisition.

6. Occupancy, Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Borrower's Loan Application; Leaseholds. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within sixty days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate, or commit waste on the Property. Borrower shall be in default if any forfeiture action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that in Lender's good faith judgment could result in forfeiture of the Property or otherwise materially impair the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower may cure such default and reinstate, as provided in paragraph 18, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a finding that, in Lender's good faith determination, precludes forfeiture of the Borrower's interest in the Property or other material impairment of the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower shall also be in default if Borrower, during the loan application process, gave materially false or inaccurate information or statements to Lender or failed to provide Lender with any material information in connection with the loan evidenced by the Note, including, but not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as a principal residence. If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

7. Protection of Lender's Rights in the Property. If Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, or there is a legal proceeding that may significantly affect Lender's rights in the Property (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture, or to enforce laws or regulations), then Lender may do and pay for whatever is necessary to protect the value of the Property and Lender's rights in the Property. Lender's actions may include paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument, appearing in court, paying reasonable attorneys' fees and entering on the Property to make repairs. Although Lender may take action under this paragraph 7, Lender does not have to do so.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this paragraph 7 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. Unless Borrower and Lender agree to other terms of payment, these amounts shall bear interest from the date of disbursement at the Note rate and shall be payable, with interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

8. Mortgage Insurance. If Lender requires mortgage insurance as a condition of making the loan covered by this Security Instrument, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the mortgage insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the mortgage insurance coverage required by Lender lapses or ceases to be in effect, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the mortgage insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the mortgage insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer approved by Lender. If substantially equivalent mortgage insurance coverage is not available, Borrower shall pay to Lender each month a sum equal to one twelfth of the yearly mortgage insurance premium being paid by Borrower when the insurance coverage lapsed or ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a loss reserve in lieu of mortgage insurance. Loss reserve payments may no longer be required, at the option of Lender, if mortgage insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period that Lender requires) provided by an insurer approved by Lender again becomes available and is obtained. Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain mortgage insurance in effect, or to provide a loss reserve, until the requirement for mortgage insurance ends in accordance with any written agreement between Borrower and Lender or applicable law.

9. Inspection. Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to an inspection specifying reasonable cause for the inspection.

10. Condemnation. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages, direct or consequential, in connection with any

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Case No. 06-6 - Plaintiff vs. Defendant - IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS

18. **Borrower's Right to Remedy.** If the court grants a judgment in favor of the plaintiff, the defendant may appeal the judgment to the appellate court. If the appellate court affirms the judgment, the defendant may file a motion for rehearing in the circuit court. If the circuit court denies the motion for rehearing, the defendant may file a petition for writ of certiorari in the Illinois Supreme Court. If the Supreme Court grants the petition for writ of certiorari, the defendant may file a brief in opposition to the plaintiff's application for leave to file a writ of certiorari.

19. **Right to Trial by Jury.** A party may demand a trial by jury if the amount in controversy exceeds \$25,000.00. The parties may agree to waive their right to a trial by jury. If the parties do not agree to waive their right to a trial by jury, the parties must file a written agreement with the court specifying the amount in controversy and the parties' consent to a trial by jury.

20. **Limitation of the Period of Limitation.** If the defendant fails to file a timely answer or other pleading, the plaintiff may file a motion for default judgment. If the court grants a default judgment, the plaintiff may sue for damages up to the amount specified in the complaint. The plaintiff may also sue for attorney's fees and costs.

21. **Borrower's Copy.** The court will provide a copy of the summons and complaint to the defendant. The defendant may file a written answer or other pleading within 30 days of receiving the summons and complaint.

22. **Complaint for Specific Performance.** If the defendant fails to file a timely answer or other pleading, the plaintiff may file a motion for default judgment. If the court grants a default judgment, the plaintiff may sue for damages up to the amount specified in the complaint. The plaintiff may also sue for attorney's fees and costs.

23. **Complaint for Specific Performance.** If the defendant fails to file a timely answer or other pleading, the plaintiff may file a motion for default judgment. If the court grants a default judgment, the plaintiff may sue for damages up to the amount specified in the complaint. The plaintiff may also sue for attorney's fees and costs.

24. **Non-Jury Trial.** If the defendant fails to file a timely answer or other pleading, the plaintiff may file a motion for default judgment. If the court grants a default judgment, the plaintiff may sue for damages up to the amount specified in the complaint. The plaintiff may also sue for attorney's fees and costs.

25. **Right to a hearing.** If the defendant fails to file a timely answer or other pleading, the plaintiff may file a motion for default judgment. If the court grants a default judgment, the plaintiff may sue for damages up to the amount specified in the complaint. The plaintiff may also sue for attorney's fees and costs.

26. **Successors and Assigns Board, Plaintiff and Successors and Assigns Board, Defendants.** If the defendant fails to file a timely answer or other pleading, the plaintiff may file a motion for default judgment. If the court grants a default judgment, the plaintiff may sue for damages up to the amount specified in the complaint. The plaintiff may also sue for attorney's fees and costs.

27. **H. Borrower's Right to Remedy.** If the defendant fails to file a timely answer or other pleading, the plaintiff may file a motion for default judgment. If the court grants a default judgment, the plaintiff may sue for damages up to the amount specified in the complaint. The plaintiff may also sue for attorney's fees and costs.

28. **H. Borrower's Right to Remedy.** If the defendant fails to file a timely answer or other pleading, the plaintiff may file a motion for default judgment. If the court grants a default judgment, the plaintiff may sue for damages up to the amount specified in the complaint. The plaintiff may also sue for attorney's fees and costs.

29. **H. Borrower's Right to Remedy.** If the defendant fails to file a timely answer or other pleading, the plaintiff may file a motion for default judgment. If the court grants a default judgment, the plaintiff may sue for damages up to the amount specified in the complaint. The plaintiff may also sue for attorney's fees and costs.

30. **H. Borrower's Right to Remedy.** If the defendant fails to file a timely answer or other pleading, the plaintiff may file a motion for default judgment. If the court grants a default judgment, the plaintiff may sue for damages up to the amount specified in the complaint. The plaintiff may also sue for attorney's fees and costs.

In the event of a trial by a judge, the plaintiff may file a motion for a trial by a jury. The motion shall be filed at least 10 days before the trial date.

The court will provide a copy of the summons and complaint to the defendant. The defendant may file a written answer or other pleading within 30 days of receiving the summons and complaint.