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WHEN RECORDED MAIL TO:

Metmor Financial, Inc.
9225 INDIAN CREEK PK #300
OVERLAND PK, KS 66210-2000
ATTN: SANDEE GREENLEE



91675131

91675131

(Space Above This Line For Recording Data)

MORTGAGE

Case ID: 137560-9

THIS MORTGAGE ("Security Instrument") is given on December 13, 1991, RECORDINGS (The mortgagor is 17.50
ED. J.J. : T#1111 TRAN 2002 12/23/91 16:18:00
ELMO JOHNSON and IDA JOHNSON, Husband and Wife : 43814 A X-91-675131
*ALSO KNOWN AS IDA MAE JOHNSON : COOK COUNTY RECORDER

("Borrower"). This Security Instrument is given to Metmor Financial, Inc.

which is organized and existing under the laws of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, and whose address is 9225 Indian Creek Parkway, Suite 300, Overland Park, KS 66210-2000 ("Lender"). Borrower owes Lender the principal sum of

Fifty-four thousand and NO/100

Dollars (U.S. \$ 54,000.00).

This debt is evidenced by Borrower's note dated the same date as this Security Instrument ("Note"), which provides for monthly payments, with the full debt, if not paid earlier, due and payable on January 1, 2022. This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (a) the repayment of the debt evidenced by the Note, with interest, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; (b) the payment of all other sums, with interest, advanced under paragraph 7 to protect the security of this Security Instrument; and (c) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower does hereby mortgage, grant and convey to Lender the following described property located in

COOK

County, Illinois:

LOT 33 (EXCEPT THE WEST 9 FEET) AND LOT 34 (EXCEPT THE EAST 10 FEET) IN EDWARD T. NOONAN'S SUBDIVISION OF BLOCK 12 IN SNYDER'S LEE'S SUBDIVISION OF THE EAST 1/2 OF THE SOUTHWEST 1/4 OF SECTION 3, TOWNSHIP 39 NORTH, RANGE 13, EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, IN COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS.

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PIN#16-03-314-030

which has the address of 4440 W. IOWA STREET
Illinois 60651-3439 (Zip Code)

CHICAGO

(Street, City)

ILLINOIS-Single Family-Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT
MORTGAGE FORMS • (313)203-8100 • (800)821-7201
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Form 3014 9/90

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TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property."

BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully seized of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to mortgage, grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Borrower warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

1. Payment of Principal and Interest; Prepayment and Late Charges. Borrower shall promptly pay when due the principal of and interest on the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment and late charges due under the Note.

2. Funds for Taxes and Insurance. Subject to applicable law or to a written waiver by Lender, Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day monthly payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum ("Funds") for: (a) yearly taxes and assessments which may attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien on the Property; (b) yearly household payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) yearly hazard or property insurance premiums; (d) yearly flood insurance premiums, if any; (e) yearly mortgage insurance premiums, if any; and (f) any sums payable by Borrower to Lender, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 8, in lieu of the payment of mortgage insurance premiums. These items are called "Escrow Items." Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount not to exceed the maximum amount a lender for a federally related mortgage loan may require for Borrower's escrow account under the Federal Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act of 1974 as amended from time to time, 12 U.S.C. Section 2601 *et seq.* ("RESPA"), unless another law that applies to the Funds sets a lesser amount. If so, Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount not to exceed the lesser amount. Lender may estimate the amount of Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future Escrow items or otherwise in accordance with applicable law.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Lender, if Lender is such an institution) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply the Funds to pay the Escrow Items. Lender may not charge Borrower for holding and applying the Funds, annually analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items, unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds and applicable law permits Lender to make such a charge. However, Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for an independent real estate tax reporting service used by Lender in connection with this loan, unless applicable law provides otherwise. Unless an agreement is made or applicable law requires interest to be paid, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on the Funds. Borrower and Lender may agree in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the Funds. Lender shall give to Borrower, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds, showing credits and debits to the Funds and the purpose for which each debit to the Funds was made. The Funds are pledged as additional security for all sums secured by this Security Instrument.

If the Funds held by Lender exceed the amounts permitted to be held by applicable law, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess Funds in accordance with the requirements of applicable law. If the amount of the Funds held by Lender at any time is not sufficient to pay the Escrow Items when due, Lender may so notify Borrower in writing, and, in such case Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the deficiency. Borrower shall make up the deficiency in no more than twelve monthly payments, at Lender's sole discretion.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrower any Funds held by Lender. If, under paragraph 21, Lender shall acquire or sell the Property, Lender, prior to the acquisition or sale of the Property, shall apply any Funds held by Lender at the time of acquisition or sale as a credit against the sums secured by this Security Instrument.

3. Application of Payments. Unless applicable law provides otherwise, all payments received by Lender under paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be applied: first, to any prepayment charges due under the Note; second, to amounts payable under paragraph 2; third, to interest due; fourth, to principal due; and last, to any late charges due under the Note.

4. Charges; Liens. Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines and impositions attributable to the Property which may attain priority over this Security Instrument, and household payments or ground rents, if any. Borrower shall pay these obligations in the manner provided in paragraph 2, or if not paid in that manner, Borrower shall pay them on time directly to the person owed payment. Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this paragraph. If Borrower makes these payments directly, Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender receipts evidencing the payments.

Borrower shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender; (b) contests in good faith the lien by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in the Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien; or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the lien to this Security Instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which may attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the lien. Borrower shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above within 10 days of the giving of notice.

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21. Acceleration of Recourse: Lender's recourse shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration of any claim or right under this Security Instrument (a) the default (b) the action recited in paragraph 17 unless applicable law provides otherwise. The notice shall specify (a) the date the default occurred (b) the action recited in paragraph 17 unless acceleration or recourse is given to Borrower by written notice to Borrower at least thirty days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which time the default must be cured; and (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which time the default must be cured; and (d) failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice of the property. The notice shall be given to the Borrower to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice of the property. The notice shall be given to the Borrower to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice of the property. The notice shall be given to the Borrower to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice of the property.

22. Release: Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall release this Security Interest without charge to Borrower, Borrower shall pay any reasonable costs of collection.

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Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any government or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any government or regulatory authority, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance under Environmental Law is necessary or mandatory under Environmental Law and the removal or other action is in accordance with Environmental Law, Borrower shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law.

20. **Hazardous Substances.** Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, storage, disposal, use, handling or release of any Hazardous Substances, Borrower shall not allow any use or handling of any Hazardous Substances on or in the property. Borrower shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the property that is in violation of any Environmental Law, unless proceeding two semesters shall not apply to the presence or handling of such substances as described above.

19. **State of Note:** Changes of Loan Servicer. The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with this Security Instrument) may be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale may result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects monthly payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument. There also may be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer under the Note and this Security Instrument. The new servicer will be given written notice of the change in accordance with paragraph 14 above and applicable law. The notice will state the name and address of the new Servicer and the address to which payments should be made. The notice will also contain any other language of the Note that the new servicer is required by law to include.

18. Borrower's Right to Reclaim. If Borrower incurs certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have possession of this Security Instrument at any time prior to the earlier of: (a) 5 days for such other period as applicable law may specify for reclamation before exercise of the Proprietary power to any power of sale contained in this instrument or (b) entry of a judgment entitling this Security Instrument to any power of sale if this instrument is not paid in full within 120 days from the date it became due.

If Leander exercises this option, Leander shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is delivered or mailed within which Borrower must pay all sums accrued by this Securing instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Leander may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower.

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5. Hazard or Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage" and any other hazards, including floods or flooding, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts and for the periods that Lender requires. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's approval which shall not be unreasonably withheld. If Borrower fails to maintain coverage described above, Lender may, at Lender's option, obtain coverage to protect Lender's rights in the Property in accordance with paragraph 7.

All insurance policies and renewals shall be acceptable to Lender and shall include a standard mortgage clause. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewals. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, insurance proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property damaged, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to Borrower. If Borrower abandons the Property, or does not answer within 30 days a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may collect the insurance proceeds. Lender may use the proceeds to repair or restore the Property or to pay sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the monthly payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of the payments. If under paragraph 21 the Property is acquired by Lender, Borrower's right to any insurance policies and proceeds resulting from damage to the Property prior to the acquisition shall pass to Lender to the extent of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately prior to the acquisition.

6. Occupancy, Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Borrower's Loan Application; Leaseholds. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within sixty days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate, or commit waste on the Property. Borrower shall be in default if any forfeiture action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that in Lender's good faith judgment could result in forfeiture of the Property or otherwise materially impair the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower may cure such a default and reinstate, as provided in paragraph 18, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's good faith determination, precludes forfeiture of the Borrower's interest in the Property or other material impairment of the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower shall also be in default if Borrower, during the loan application process, gave materially false or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with any material information) in connection with the loan evidenced by the Note, including, but not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as a principal residence. If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

7. Protection of Lender's Rights in the Property. If Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, or there is a legal proceeding that may significantly affect Lender's rights in the Property (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture or to enforce laws or regulations), then Lender may do and pay for whatever is necessary to protect the value of the Property and Lender's rights in the Property. Lender's actions may include paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument, appearing in court, paying reasonable attorneys' fees and entering on the Property to make repairs. Although Lender may take action under this paragraph 7, Lender does not have to do so.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this paragraph 7 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. Unless Borrower and Lender agree to other terms of payment, these amounts shall bear interest from the date of disbursement at the Note rate and shall be payable, with interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

8. Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required mortgage insurance as a condition of making the loan secured by this Security Instrument, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the mortgage insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the mortgage insurance coverage required by Lender lapses or ceases to be in effect, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the mortgage insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the mortgage insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer approved by Lender. If substantially equivalent mortgage insurance coverage is not available, Borrower shall pay to Lender each month a sum equal to one-twelfth of the yearly mortgage insurance premium being paid by Borrower when the insurance coverage lapsed or ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a loss reserve in lieu of mortgage insurance. Loss reserve

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16. Borrower's Copy. Borrower shall be given one conformed copy of this Note and of this Security Instrument.

13. Governing law; Severability. This Security instrument shall be governed by federal law and the Note will be given effect without the conflicting provisions. To the extent that the provisions of this Security instrument and the Note are declared illegal, such conflict shall not affect other provisions of this Security instrument or the Note which can be construed in which the Property is located. In the event that any provision of this Security instrument or the Note purports to give authority to do anything contrary to law, such authority shall be limited to the extent necessary to give effect to the valid parts of the instrument.

14. **Notices.** Any notice to Borrower provided for in this Security Instrument shall be given by delivery or by mailing in writing to Borrower at Borrower's address set forth above or to Lender or to Lender's address set forth above or to Lender or to Lender's address set forth herein or to any other address Lender designates by notice to Borrower. Any notice provided for in this Security Instrument shall be deemed to have been given to Borrower or Lender when given as provided in this paragraph.

13. **Loan Charges**, if the loan secured by this Security Instrument is subservient to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the loan exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the loan to the permitted limits; and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to the permitted limits; and (c) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceeded permitted limits will be retained by Lender to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under this Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower.

12. Successors and Assigees: Funds; Joint and Separate Liabilities: Cross-Referrals. The co-venturers and successors of this Security Instrument shall bind and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender and Borrower, subject to the provisions of paragraph 17. Borrower's successors and assigns shall be joint and several. Any Borrower who co-signs this Security Instrument but does not execute the Note: (a) is co-signing this Security Instrument only to monitor and convey the instrument under the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note; (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sum secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower may agree to extend, modify, forgive or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without due Borrower's consent.

11. Borrower Not Released: Furthermore we by Lender to any successor in interest of Borrower shall not be liable for payment of the instrument granted by Lender to any successor in interest of Borrower Not by Lender Not a Waller, extension of the time for payment of indebtedness of Borrower Not Secured by this Security Instrument or for payment of any other debt of Borrower Not Secured by this Security Instrument.

Secured by this security instrument, a copy of which was:
Lender and Borrower agree in writing, my application of proceeds to principal shall not exceed or
possibly the due date of the monthly payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 of clause the amount of such payments.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the condemner offers to make an award of settle a claim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the proceeds, as its option, either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sum

be applied to the suns, caused by this Security Instrument whether or not the suns are then due.

market value of the property immediately before the taking is less than the amount of the sum received underwriting the insurance premium.

before the taking Any balance shall be paid to Borrower. In the event of a partial or liquidation of the Property in which the full

This section discusses some of the main features of the proposed framework (b) before the final market value of the Preemptive Immediacy

Security functionality must implement immutability before the racing, unless Software under Oracle Database will race with partitioning, the authors recommend by

market value of the Property immediately before the taking is equal to or greater than the amount accrued by this

In the event of a total taking of the Property, the proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument.

condemnation or owner taking of any part of the property; or for conveyance in fee or leasehold to another, and shall be paid to Lender.

10. **Commemoration.** The proceeds of any award or claim for damages, direct or consequential, in connection with any

Borrower will notice at the time of or prior to an inspection specifying reasonable cause for the inspection.

September 2000, and the new government will have to make responsible entries upon and inspections of the Property. Leader shall give

The premiums required to insure a mortgage insurance in effect, or to provide loss reserve, will rise rapidly if the value

anytime may no longer be required, in the opinion of Lender, if mortgage insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period