Form 668 (Y)

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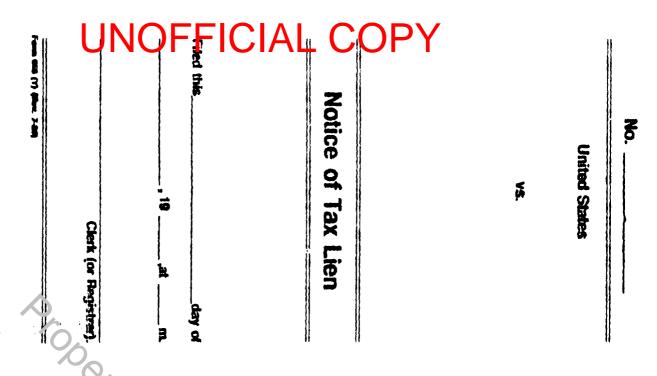
(Rev	7.80:	

ent of this ere is a lie operty belo iditional pe	naities, interes	taxes (including interference taxes) (including interference taxes) but it renter united States on a taxpayer for the amount, and costs that may	accrue.	Therefore, I rights to axes, and		
IMPORTANT RELEASE INFORMATION: with respect to each assessment lieted below, unless notice of lien is refiled by the date give our column (e), this notice shall, on the day following such date, operate as a certificate of release as defined in IRC 6325(a).					91221390	
nd of Tax	Tax Period Ended (b)	identifying Number	Date of Assessment	Last Day for Refling	Unpaid Balance of Assessment (/)	
1940 1 <b>0</b> 40	12/31/86 12/31/89	326 - 26 - 21 <b>09</b>	11/26/89 07/25/90	12/20/ <b>99</b> 08/22/00	239.39	
		1001 1147 (10 - 111)	S 28	917213		
of Filing	Cook C	er of Deeds ounty o. 11. 80802		Total	<b>8</b> 2424.71	

(NOTE: Grantale of Officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax lien. Rev. Rul. 71-466, 1971 - 2 C B 409)

Form 668

Form 668 (Y) (Rev. 7-89)



# Excerpts From Internal Revenue Code

## Sec. 6321. Lien For Taxes

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable prinally, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in layor of the United States upon all properly and nights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

### Sec. 6322. Period Of Lien.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the hability for the amount so essessed (or a judgment against the taxpayor prising out of such flability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by misson of lapse of time.

Sec. 6323. Validity and Priority Against Certain Persons.

(a) Purchaser's, Holders Of Security Interests, Mechanic's Lienors, And Judgment Lien Creditors. - The lien impossed by section 8321 shall not be valid as against any purchase , holder of a security interest, mechanic's lienor, or judgment lies creditor until notice thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (f) has been filed by the Secretary

### in Place For Filing Notice; Form. --

(1) Place For Filing - The notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be filed .

(A) Under State Laws

(i) Real Property - in the case of real property, in one à office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; and

(ii) Personal Property - In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property

subject to the lien is situated; or

With Clerk Of District Court-In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A), or

(C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District (3) Columbia. in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia. If the property subject to the ilen is situated in the District of

Columbia.

(2) Situs Of Property Subject To Lien - For purposes of paragraphs (1) and (4), properly shall be deemed to be situated -

(A) Real Property - In the case of mal property, at its physical location; or

(B) Personal Property - In the case of personal property bether tangible or intangible, at the inscence of the farpay it at the time the nuticulof (en is fied.

For purposes of paragraph (2) (B), the residence of a corporation or pay ners lip shall be deemed to be the place at which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the resience of Larayer whose residence in without the United States shall be coomed to be in the District of Columbia.

(3) Form - the frim and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shill be presented by the Secretary. Such notice shall be valid notice istanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of tien

Note: See section 6323(t) for protection for certain interests even though notice of lien imposed by section 6321 is filed with respect to:

- Securities
- Motor vehicles
- Personal property purchased at retrial
- Personal property purchased in casual sale
- Personal property surjected to possessory lien Real property tax and special assessment liens
- Residential property subject to a mechanic a lien for certain remains and improvements
- Attorney's liens
- Certain insurance contracts
- Passbook loans
- (g) Refiling Of Notice. For purposes of this
- (1) General Rule. Unless notice of lien is refiled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refiling period such notice of lien shall be treated as filed on the date on which it is filed (in accordance with subsection (f)) after the expiration of such refiling period
- (2) Place For Filing. A notice of tion reflied during the required refining period shall be affective only -(A) #-
  - (i) such notice of fien is refilled in the office in which the prior notice of tien was filed, and
  - (ii) in the case of real property, the fact of refiling is entered and recorded in an index to the extent required by subsection (f) (4), and
  - (B) in any case in which, 90 days or more prior to the date of a reliting of notice of lien under supparagraph (A), the

Secretary received written information (in the manner on acribed in regulations issued by the Secretaryi concernit a change in the taxpayer's residence, it a notice of such lid is also filed in accordance with subsection (f) in the Stat in which such residence is located.

Required Refiling Period. — in the case of any notice of ion, the ferm "required refiling period" means (A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax, an (B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of years after the close of the preceding required reflling peno for such notice of lien.

> Sec. 6325. Release Of Lien O Discharge Of Property

(a) Release Of Lien. - Subject to such requis tions as the Secretary may prescribe, the Secretary shall issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to an internal revenue tax not later than 30 days after the day of which .

(1) Linbility Satisfied or Unenforceable - The Secretary find that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all in terest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has become

legally unenforceable, or

(2) Bond Accepted There is furnished to the Secretary and ancepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the paymen of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respec ther of, within the time prescribed by law (including any exten sio of such time), and that is in accordance with such require menta retrinin to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and suraties the oor, as may be specified by such regulations.

> Sec. 6103. Confidentiality and Disclosure of Returns and Return Information.

#### (k) Disclosure of Certain Returns and Return information For Tax Administration Purposes. -

(2) Disclosure of amount of outstanding lien if a notice of lien has been filed pursuant to section 6323(I), the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by such lien may be disclosed to any person who furnishes satisfactory written evidence that he has a right in the property subject to such lien or intends to obtain a right in such property.

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