Form 668 (Y)

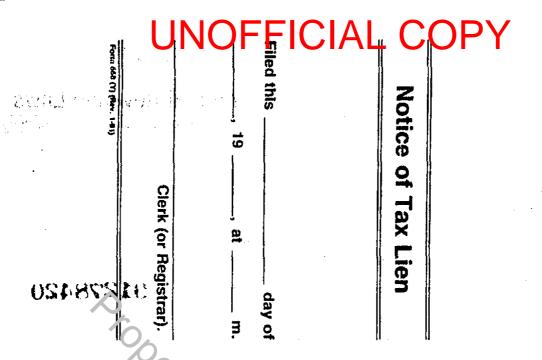
(Rev. January 1991)

Notice of Federal Tax Lien Under Internal Revenue Laws

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(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax lien Rev. Rul. 71-466, 1971 - 2 C B. 409)

Form 668 (Y) (Rev. 1-91)



Excerpts From Internal Revenue Code

Sec. 6321. Lien For Taxes

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to be the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty. regether with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in layor of the United States upon all properly and rights to properly, whether real or personal, belonging to

Sec. 6322. Period Of Lien.

Unless another date is specifical a fixed by law, the lien Imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed for a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

Sec. 6328. Validity and Priority Against Certain Persons.

(a) Purchaser's, Holders Of Security Interests, Mechanic's Lienors, And Judgment Lien Creditors.—The Han imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mothanic's tienor, or judgment iten creditor until notice thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (f) has been filed by the Secretary.

O Place For Filing Notice; Form.—

(1) Place For Filling . The notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be filed-

(A) Under State Laws

(i) Real Property - in the case of real property, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental aubdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situtated; and

(ii) Personal Property-In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the iten is elituated; except that State law merely conforming to reenacting Federal law establishing a national filling system does not constitute a second office for filling

as designated by the lews of such State; or (B) With Clerk Of District Court-in the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the properly subject to iten is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the

requirements of subparagraph (A), or (C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columble - in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the iten is situated in the

District of Columbia

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(2) Situs Ot Property Subject To Lien - For purposes of paragraphs (1) and (4), proporty shall be deemed to be situated (A) Real Property - in the case of real property, at its physical location, or

(3) Personal Property in the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the tirie the notice of lien is filed.

for purposes of paragraph (2) (B), the residence of a corporation or part tenthip shall be deemed to be the place at which the principal procutive office of the business is located, and the residence of a larpayer whose residence is without the United States shall be unomed to be in the District of Columbia.

(3) Form The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shull be prescribed by the Secretary. Such notice shall be valid rotwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or con ant it a notice of lien.

Note: See section 6323(b) for protection for certain interests even though notice of lien imposed by section 6321 is filed :with respect to:

- Motor vehicles
- Personal property purchased at retail
- Personal property purchased in casual sale
- Personal property subjected to possessory lien
- Real property tax and special assessment liens Residential property subject to a mechanic's lien for certain repairs and improvements
- Attorney's liens
- Certain insurance contracts
- Passbook loans 10.

(g) Refiling Of Notice.—For purposes of this sections

- (1) General Rule.—Unless notice of ilen is refiled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required reliting period, such notice of ilen shall be treated as illed on the date on which it is filed (in accordance with subsection (f) after the expiration of such refiling pariod.
- (2) Place For Filing .- A notice of tien reflied during the required refilling period shall be effective only-

(A) If-

(i) such notice of lian is refiled in the office in which the prior notice of lien was filed, and

(ii) In the case of real property, and the fact of refilling is entered and recorded in an index to the extent required by subsection (f) (4), and

(B) in any case in which, 90 days or more prior to the date of a refling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the

Secretary received written information (in the manna) prescribed in regulations issued by the decretary concerning a change in the (expayer's residence, if a notice of such lien is also filed in accordance with subsection (f) in the State in which such residence is

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(3) Required Refiling Period.—In the case of any notice of lien, the term "required refiling period" means-

(A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 10 years after the date of the assessment of the tax, and

(B) the one-year petrod ending with the expiration of 10 years after the close of the preceding required refilling period for such notice of lian.

Sec. 6325. Release Of Lien Or Discharge Of Property.

(a) Release Of Lien.—Subject to such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, the Secretary shall issue a certificate of refeare of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax not later than 30 days after the day

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable. The Secretary finds that the liability for the amount assessed, togethor with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or

has become legally unenforceable; or
(2) Bond Accepted There is furnished to the Se retary and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in regret thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extention of such time), and that is in accordance with such recruirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such requiations

6103. Confidentiality and Disclosure of Returns and Return information.

(k) Disclosure of Certain Returns and Return information For Tax Administration Purposes.-

(2) Disclosure of amount of outstanding lien, if a notice of lien has been filed pursuant to section 6323(f), the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by such tien may be disclosed to any person who furnishes existance, written evidence that he has a right in the property subject to such lien or intends to obtain a right in such property.