

UNOFFICIAL COPY

92400598

92400598

(Space Above This Line For Recording Data)

LOAN #: 1-784813-51

MORTGAGE

THIS MORTGAGE ("Security Instrument") is given on MAY 26
1992. The mortgagor is JAMES A. BUSTADA AND GASPANA BUSTADA, HIS WIFE

("Borrower"). This Security Instrument is given to GMAC MORTGAGE CORPORATION OF PA which is organized and existing under the laws of PENNSYLVANIA, and whose address is 8360 OLD YORK ROAD, ELKINS PARK, PA 19117-1590 ("Lender").

Borrower owes Lender the principal sum of ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY THOUSAND AND 00/100 ***** Dollars (U.S. \$ 180,000.00). This debt is evidenced by Borrower's note dated the same date as this Security Instrument ("Note"), which provides for monthly payments, with the full debt, if not paid earlier, due and payable on JUNE 01, 2007. This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (a) the repayment of the debt evidenced by the Note, with interest, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; (b) the payment of all other sums, with interest, advanced under paragraph 7 to protect the security of this Security Instrument; and (c) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower does hereby mortgage, grant and convey to Lender the following described property located in

COOK County, Illinois:

LOT 1 IN O'DONNELL'S 89TH PLACE RESIDIVISION OF LOTS 80, 81 AND 82 IN FRANK DE LEGACHE'S FLORENCE HIGHLANDS SUBDIVISION BEING A SUBDIVISION OF THE NORTH 1/2 OF THE SOUTH 1/2 OF THE NORTHEAST 1/4 (EXCEPT THAT PART LYING EAST OF THE WEST LINE OF THE EAST 22 ACRES OF SAID SOUTH 1/2 OF THE SOUTHEAST 1/4) OF SECTION 5, TOWNSHIP 37 NORTH, RANGE 13, EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, RECORDED OCTOBER 15, 1935 AS DOCUMENT NO. 1163425, IN COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS.

TAX I.D. NUMBER: 24-05-217-048 VOLUME 239

which has the address of 5840 WEST 89TH PLACE

OAK LAWN (Copy)

Illinois 60453 ("Property Address")

TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property."

BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully seised of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to mortgage, grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Borrower warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property



29

UNOFFICIAL COPY

unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not exceed the amount of the acquisition fee paid by Lender to any insurance policies and proceeds resulting from damage to the property prior to the acquisition shall pass to the extent of the sums secured by this Security interest in undividedly prior to the acquisition.

All insurance policies and rewards shall be acceptable to Lender and shall include a standard one-year grace period.

3. Hazard or Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements in a existing or better after effected on the Property against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage" and any other hazards, including floods or flooding, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance carrier shall be named in the periods trial (underwriting) for the insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be maintained in the amounts and types of coverage to protect Lender's rights in the Property in accordance with paragraph 7.

Borrower shall promptly disburse any loan which has prior to the date of disbursement occurred by or for this Security Instrument unless Borrower (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the principal amount receivable by Lender in a manner acceptable to Lender; (b) commutes in good faith the loan by, or (c) demands payment and acceleration of the obligation incurred by or for this Security Instrument to Lender.

3. Application of Payments. Unless otherwise law provides otherwise, all payments received by Lender under paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be applied first to interest due under the Note, and last, to principal due under the Note.

and funds held by Leender, shall apply. Under paragraph 21, Leender shall acquire or sell the Property; Leender, prior to the acquisition or sale of the Property, shall apply any monies held by Leender in the name of acquisition or sale as a credit against the sums received by this Section.

Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the difference; Borrower shall make up the difference in no more than twelve months past due, at Lender's sole discretion.

If the Funds held by Lender exceed the amounts permitted to be held by Borrower under applicable law, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess funds in accordance with the requirements of applicable law.

leads ordinary citizens to spend hundreds of hours trying to understand what is required by law.

DISPOSITION OF OWNERSHIPS. Borrower and Lender agree as follows:

UNOFFICIAL COPY

6. Occupancy, Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Borrower's Loan Application; Leaseholds. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within sixty days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate, or commit waste on the Property. Borrower shall be in default if any forfeiture action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that in Lender's good faith judgment could result in forfeiture of the Property or otherwise materially impair the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower may cure such a default and reinstate, as provided in paragraph 18, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's good faith determination, precludes forfeiture of the Borrower's interest in the Property, or other material impairment of the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower shall also be in default if Borrower, during the loan application process, gave materially false or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with any material information) in connection with the loan evidenced by the Note, including, but not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as a principal residence. If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

7. Protection of Lender's Rights in the Property. If Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, or there is a legal proceeding that may significantly affect Lender's rights in the Property (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture or to enforce laws or regulations), then Lender may do and pay for whatever is necessary to protect the value of the Property and Lender's rights in the Property. Lender's actions may include paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument, appearing in court, paying reasonable attorney's fees and entering on the Property to make repairs. Although Lender may take action under this paragraph 7, Lender does not have to do so.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this paragraph 7 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. Unless Borrower and Lender agree to other terms of payment, these amounts shall bear interest from the date of disbursement at the Note rate and shall be payable, with interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

8. Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required mortgage insurance as a condition of making the loan secured by this Security Instrument, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the mortgage insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the mortgage insurance coverage required by Lender lapses or ceases to be in effect, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the mortgage insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the mortgage insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer approved by Lender. If substantially equivalent mortgage insurance coverage is not available, Borrower shall pay to Lender each month a sum equal to one twelfth of the yearly mortgage insurance premium being paid by Borrower when the insurance coverage lapsed or ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a loss reserve in lieu of mortgage insurance. Loss reserve payments may no longer be required, at the option of Lender, if mortgage insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period that Lender requires) provided by an insurer approved by Lender again becomes available and is obtained. Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain mortgage insurance in effect, or to provide a loss reserve, until the requirement for mortgage insurance ends, in accordance with any written agreement between Borrower and Lender or applicable law.

9. Inspection. Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to an inspection specifying reasonable cause for the inspection.

10. Condemnation. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages, direct or consequential, in connection with any condemnation or other taking of any part of the Property, or for conveyance in lieu of condemnation, are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender.

In the event of a total taking of the Property, the proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to Borrower. In the event of a partial taking of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the taking, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the taking, divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking. Any balance shall be paid to Borrower. In the event of a partial taking of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the taking, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing or unless applicable law otherwise provides, the proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument whether or not the sums are then due.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the condemnor offers to make an award or settle a claim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the proceeds, at its option, either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the monthly payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of such payments.

11. Borrower Not Released; Forbearance By Lender Not a Waiver. Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to any successor in interest of Borrower shall not operate to release the liability of the original Borrower or Borrower's successors in interest. Lender shall not be required to commence proceedings against any successor in interest or refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument by reason of any demand made by the original Borrower or Borrower's successors in interest. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy.

12. Successors and Assigns Bound; Joint and Several Liability; Co-signers. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender and Borrower, subject to the provisions of paragraph 17. Borrower's covenants and agreements shall be joint and several. Any Borrower who co-signs this Security Instrument but does not execute the Note, (a) is co-signing this Security Instrument only to mortgage, grant and convey that Borrower's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument, and (c) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower may agree to extend, modify, forbear or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without that Borrower's consent.



UNOFFICIAL COPY

27. Acceleration Remedies. Under shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's breach of any covenant or agreement to this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under paragraph 17 unless applicable law provides otherwise); (a) the action required to cure the default; and (b) the date the default must be cured; and (c) the failure to cure the default prior to the date the default is given to Borrower by which the default must be cured; and (d) the failure to cure the default prior to the date the default is given to Borrower by which the default must be cured; and (e) the failure to cure the default prior to the date the default is given to Borrower by which the default must be cured; and (f) the failure to cure the default prior to the date the default is given to Borrower by which the default must be cured; and (g) the failure to cure the default prior to the date the default is given to Borrower by which the default must be cured; and (h) the failure to cure the default prior to the date the default is given to Borrower by which the default must be cured; and (i) the failure to cure the default prior to the date the default is given to Borrower by which the default must be cured; and (j) the failure to cure the default prior to the date the default is given to Borrower by which the default must be cured; and (k) the failure to cure the default prior to the date the default is given to Borrower by which the default must be cured; and (l) the failure to cure the default prior to the date the default is given to Borrower by which the default must be cured; and (m) the failure to cure the default prior to the date the default is given to Borrower by which the default must be cured; and (n) the failure to cure the default prior to the date the default is given to Borrower by which the default must be cured; and (o) the failure to cure the default prior to the date the default is given to Borrower by which the default must be cured; and (p) the failure to cure the default prior to the date the default is given to Borrower by which the default must be cured; and (q) the failure to cure the default prior to the date the default is given to Borrower by which the default must be cured; and (r) the failure to cure the default prior to the date the default is given to Borrower by which the default must be cured; and (s) the failure to cure the default prior to the date the default is given to Borrower by which the default must be cured; and (t) the failure to cure the default prior to the date the default is given to Borrower by which the default must be cured; and (u) the failure to cure the default prior to the date the default is given to Borrower by which the default must be cured; and (v) the failure to cure the default prior to the date the default is given to Borrower by which the default must be cured; and (w) the failure to cure the default prior to the date the default is given to Borrower by which the default must be cured; and (x) the failure to cure the default prior to the date the default is given to Borrower by which the default must be cured; and (y) the failure to cure the default prior to the date the default is given to Borrower by which the default must be cured; and (z) the failure to cure the default prior to the date the default is given to Borrower by which the default must be cured.

Les deux dernières années ont été marquées par une augmentation importante de la demande de services de l'assurance.

As discussed above, the presence of organic pollutants in surface waters can pose a threat to aquatic life. The following section will discuss the fate of organic pollutants in surface waters, including their removal by natural processes and their potential impact on aquatic ecosystems.

20. Hazardous Substances Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances at any location under Borrower's control or management, except as provided in the Environmental Addendum to the Promissory Note.

¹⁹² See *Admiralty v. Batoryska*, No. 10 of 1906, *Security Interests in the Notes of a Partial Interest in the Note of a Joint Stock Company*, by Dr. H. G. von Storch, in the *Journal of International Law*, Vol. 10, No. 1, pp. 1-12.

18. Borrower's Right to Remand. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have any suit or proceeding brought against him by his creditors remanded to the court of the state where he resides or to pay those sums prior to the expiration of this period. Under no circumstances shall Borrower be liable for any suit or proceeding brought against him by his creditors if he has timely paid all sums secured by this Note. In the event of a suit or proceeding brought against him by his creditors, he may demand of Borrower an injunction restraining him from doing any act which would interfere with his defense of such suit or proceeding.

161 **Burton's Case.**—In this case the plaintiff, Burton, brought suit against the defendant, the State of New York, for damages for personal injuries sustained by him while he was a passenger in a motor vehicle which was driven by a state employee, and which was involved in an accident. The defendant claimed that the plaintiff had been negligent in failing to exercise due care for his own safety, and that the plaintiff's negligence was the proximate cause of his injuries. The trial court held that the plaintiff had been negligent, and that the defendant was liable for his damages. The defendant appealed to the Court of Appeals, which affirmed the trial court's judgment.

Proprietary Address. - Bearerwater designs shall be unique to Landor. Any notice to Landor shall be given by telephone or fax. Landor shall be responsible for all expenses of delivery.

UNOFFICIAL COPY

LDA #1 1-784813-51

22. **Release.** Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall release this Security Instrument without charge to Borrower. Borrower shall pay any recordation costs.

23. **Waiver of Homestead.** Borrower waives all right of homestead exemption in the Property.

24. **Riders to this Security Instrument.** If one or more riders are executed by Borrower and recorded together with this Security Instrument, the covenants and agreements of each such rider shall be incorporated into and shall amend and supplement the covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument as if the rider(s) were a part of this Security Instrument.

[Check applicable box(es)]

Adjustable Rate Rider

Condominium Rider

1-4 Family Rider

Graduated Payment Rider

Planned Unit Development Rider

Biweekly Payment Rider

Balloon Rider

Rate Improvement Rider

Second Home Rider

Other(s) [specify]

BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this Security Instrument and in any rider(s) executed by Borrower and recorded with it.

Witnesses:

James A. Biestada (Seal)
Borrower

Gaetana Biestada (Seal)
Borrower

Social Security Number (Seal)
Borrower

Social Security Number (Seal)
Borrower

Social Security Number (Seal)
Borrower

[Space Below This Line for Acknowledgment]

STATE OF ILLINOIS,

County ss:

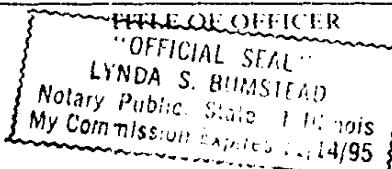
On this, the TWENTY SIXTH day of MAY, 1992, before me, the subscriber, the undersigned officer, personally appeared

JAMES A. BIESTADA AND GAETANA BIESTADA, HIS WIFE

known to me (or satisfactorily proven) to be the person(s) whose name(s) are subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged that they executed the same for the purposes herein contained.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I hereunto set my hand and official seal.

My Commission expires



This document was prepared by:
SANDY HALLER for
GMAC Mortgage Corporation of PA
5540 WEST FIFTH STREET
OAKLAND, IL 60453

