

UNOFFICIAL COPY

Form 668

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

(Rev. January 1987)

# Notice of Federal Tax Lien Under Internal Revenue Laws

District Chicago	Serial Number 369220226	For Optional Use by Recording Office
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As provided by sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is given that taxes (including interest and penalties) have been assessed against the following-named taxpayer. Demand for payment of this liability has been made, but it remains unpaid. Therefore, there is a lien in favor of the United States on all property and rights to property belonging to this taxpayer for the amount of these taxes, and additional penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue.

S2441412

Name of Taxpayer **ROBERT & MILDRED SYKES**

Residence **616 SOUTH 57TH AVE  
MAYWOOD, IL 60153**

**IMPORTANT RELEASE INFORMATION:** With respect to each assessment listed below, unless notice of lien is refiled by the date given in column (e), this notice shall, on the day following such date, operate as a certificate of release as defined in IRC 6325(a). CORRECTS ORIGINAL DATE IN COL. (e) \*\*\*

Kind of Tax (a)	Tax Period Ended (b)	Identifying Number (c)	Date of Assessment (d)	Last Day for Refiling (e)	Unpaid Balance of Assessment (f)
1040	12/31/85	428-58-8213	06/02/86	07/02/96	18775.36
1992 JUN 16 AM 3:15					92441412

Place of Filing Recorder of Deeds Cook County Chicago, IL 60602

Total \$ 18775.36

Original Recording Data: 17:30 87181977

This notice was prepared and signed at Chicago, IL., on this,

the 7th day of June, 1992

Signature S Payne Title Chief, SPB

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien Rev. Rul. 71-465, 1971 - 2 C.B. 409)

Filed this

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Notice of Tax Lien

Clerk (or Registrar).

SA 44-11-32

Excerpts From Internal Revenue Code

Sec. 6321. Lien For Taxes

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

Sec. 6322. Period Of Lien.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed for a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

Sec. 6323. Validity and Priority Against Certain Persons.

(a) Purchaser's, Holders Of Security Interests, Mechanic's Lienors, And Judgment Lien Creditors.—The lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lienor, or judgment lien creditor (first notice thereof) which meets the requirements of subsection (f) has been filed by the Secretary.

(b) Place For Filing Notice; Form.—

(1) Place For Filing - The notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be filed—

(A) Under State Laws

(i) Real Property - In the case of real property, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; and

(ii) Personal Property - In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; except that State law merely conforming to reenacting Federal law establishing a national filing system does not constitute a second office for filing as designated by the laws of such State; or

(iii) With Clerk Of District Court - In the office of the clerk of the United States District Court for the judicial district in which the property subject to lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A), or

(C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia - In the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(2) Situs Of Property Subject To Lien - For purposes of paragraphs (1) and (4), property shall be deemed to be situated—

(A) Real Property - In the case of real property, at its physical location, or

(B) Personal Property - In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filed.

For purposes of paragraph (2)(B), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia.

(3) Form - The form and contents of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary. Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

Note: See section 6323(b) for protection for certain interests even though notice of lien imposed by section 6321 is filed with respect to:

1. Securities
2. Motor vehicles
3. Personal property purchased at retail
4. Personal property purchased in casual sale
5. Personal property subject to possessory lien
6. Real property tax and special assessment liens
7. Residential property subject to a mechanic's lien for certain repairs and improvements
8. Attorney's liens
9. Certain insurance contracts
10. Paybook loans

(c) Refiling Of Notice.—For purposes of this section—

(1) General Rule.—Unless notice of lien is refiled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refiling period, such notice of lien shall be treated as filed on the date on which it is filed (in accordance with subsection (b)) after the expiration of such refiling period.

(2) Place For Filing.—A notice of lien refiled during the required refiling period shall be effective only—

(A) If such notice of lien is refiled in the office in which the prior notice of lien was filed, and—

(i) in the case of real property, and the fact of refiling is entered and recorded in an index to the extent required by subsection (f) (4), and

(ii) in any case in which, 90 days or more prior to the date of a refiling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the

Secretary may prescribe the manner in which such notice shall be filed.

(d) Required

case of any notice of lien.

(A) the one-year expiration of 10 years after the date of such notice of lien.

(B) the one-year expiration of 10 years after the date of such notice of lien.

Sec. 6325.

(a) Release

conditions as the Secretary may prescribe, issue a certificate of release of such lien from any internal revenue collection district in which such lien is filed.

(1) Liability

Secretary finds that the lienor with all interest in real property has become legally unenforceable.

(2) Bond A

Secretary and accepted by the taxpayer, the amount of the bond in respect thereof, within any extension of such such requirements relating to the bond and sureties as the Secretary may prescribe.

Sec. 6103.

Disclosure of

(b) Disclosure and Return Information Administration

(2) Disclosure notice of lien has been amount of the outstanding may be disclosed to any written evidence that he such lien or intends to c

