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92577671

(Space Above This Line For Recording Data)

MORTGAGE

: DEPT-01 RECORDING \$31.50
: T06666 TRAN 3682 08/05/92 12104100
: 68437 *-92-577671
: COOK COUNTY RECORDER

92577671

THIS MORTGAGE ("Security Instrument") is given on **July 25, 1992**. The mortgagor is **Socorro Bautista, divorced and not since remarried**

("Borrower"). This Security Instrument is given to **Credicorp, Inc**

which is organized and existing under the laws of **the State of Illinois**, and whose address is **4520 W. Lawrence Ave Chicago, Illinois 60630**

(Lender"). Borrower owes Lender the principal sum of

Twelve Thousand Eight Hundred Fifty & 00/100 Dollars (U.S. \$ 12,850.00).

This debt is evidenced by Borrower's note dated the same date as this Security Instrument ("Note"), which provides for monthly payments, with the full debt, if not paid earlier, due and payable on **July 25, 2007**.

This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (a) the repayment of the debt evidenced by the Note, with interest, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; (b) the payment of all other sums, with interest, advanced under paragraph 7 to protect the security of this Security Instrument; and (c) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower does hereby mortgage, grant and convey to Lender the following described property located in **Cook**

Lot 53 in the Subdivision of Circuit Court Partition (except Blocks 3,5,8,12 and 15 thereof) of the North 1/2 (except the East 299 feet) of the South 1/2 of the North 1/4 of the South West 1/4 of Section 4, Township 38 North, Range 14, East of the Third Principal Meridian in Cook County, Illinois.

P.I.N. **20-04-315-007**

which has the address of **4415 S. Wallace**
Illinois 60609
(Zip Code)

("Property Address"):

Chicago,

[Street, City]

ILLINOIS Single Family-Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT

100-6R(IL) 0105

VMP MORTGAGE FORMS - 1310293-0100 - (300)821-7201

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Form 3014 8/90
Amended 8/91

2/10/2025

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TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property; and all easements, appurtenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property."

BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully seized of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to mortgage, grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Borrower warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

1. Payment of Principal and Interest; Prepayment and Late Charges. Borrower shall promptly pay when due the principal of and interest on the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment and late charges due under the Note.

2. Funds for Taxes and Insurance. Subject to applicable law or to a written waiver by Lender, Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day monthly payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum ("Funds") for: (a) yearly taxes and assessments which may attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien on the Property; (b) yearly household payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) yearly hazard or property insurance premiums; (d) yearly flood insurance premiums, if any; (e) yearly mortgage insurance premiums, if any; and (f) any sums payable by Borrower to Lender, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 8, in lieu of the payment of mortgage insurance premiums. These items are called "Escrow Items." Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount not to exceed the maximum amount a lender for a federally related mortgage loan may require for Borrower's escrow account under the federal Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act of 1974 as amended from time to time, 12 U.S.C. Section 2603 et seq. ("RESPA"), unless another law that applies to the Funds sets a lesser amount. If so, Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount not to exceed the lesser amount. Lender may estimate the amount of Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future Escrow Items or otherwise in accordance with applicable law.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Lender, if Lender is such an institution) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply the Funds to pay the Escrow Items. Lender may not charge Borrower for holding and applying the Funds, annually analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items, unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds and applicable law permits Lender to make such a charge. However, Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for an independent real estate tax reporting service used by Lender in connection with this loan, unless applicable law provides otherwise. Unless an agreement is made or applicable law requires interest to be paid, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on the Funds. Borrower and Lender may agree in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the Funds. Lender shall give to Borrower, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds, showing credits and debits to the Funds and the purpose for which each debit to the Funds was made. The Funds are pledged as additional security for all sums secured by this Security Instrument.

If the Funds held by Lender exceed the amounts permitted to be held by applicable law, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess Funds in accordance with the requirements of applicable law. If the amount of the Funds held by Lender at any time is not sufficient to pay the Escrow Items when due, Lender may so notify Borrower in writing, and, in such case Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the deficiency. Borrower shall make up the deficiency in no more than twelve monthly payments, at Lender's sole discretion.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrower any Funds held by Lender. If, under paragraph 21, Lender shall acquire or sell the Property, Lender prior to the acquisition or sale of the Property, shall apply any Funds held by Lender at the time of acquisition or sale as a credit against the sums secured by this Security Instrument.

3. Application of Payments. Unless applicable law provides otherwise, all payments received by Lender under paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be applied: first, to any prepayment charges due under the Note; second, to amounts payable under paragraph 2; third, to interest due; fourth, to principal due; and last, to any late charges due under the Note.

4. Charges; Liens. Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines and impositions attributable to the Property which may attain priority over this Security Instrument, and household payments or ground rents, if any. Borrower shall pay these obligations in the manner provided in paragraph 2, or if not paid in that manner, Borrower shall pay them on time directly to the person owed payment. Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this paragraph. If Borrower makes these payments directly, Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender receipts evidencing the payments.

Borrower shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender; (b) contests in good faith the lien by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in the Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien; or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the lien to this Security Instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which may attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the lien. Borrower shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above within 10 days of the giving of notice.

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21. Acceleration; Remedies. Lender shall have the right to accelerate all obligations under this Agreement if any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under Paragraph 17 unless applicable law provides otherwise), the notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; and (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the same security instrument, regardless of whether it is asserted in the notice to borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (e) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to borrower, by which the default may be cured; and (f) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to borrower, by which the default may be cured.

22. Remedies. Upon payment of all sums accrued by this Security Instrument, Lender shall release this Security Instrument without charges to Borrower. Borrower shall pay any reasonable costs

NON-UNIFORM GOVERNANTS. Before we enter further upon the subject of government and office in Louisiana,

However, shall promptly give Lender written notice of any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any government or regulatory agency or private party involving the Facility and any Lender's liability or Thalvornamental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge. If Borrower learns, or is advised by any government or regulatory authority that any removal or other remediation of any Lender's subsurface activities affects the property in necessary, Borrower shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Thalvornamental Law.

20. Hazardous Substances, however, shall not cause or permit the presence of any hazardous substances, except, disposed, storage, or release of any

19. **Side of Note Change of loan Service**, the Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with the Security instrument) may be sold and/or given to another prior notice to Borrower. A side note may result in a change in the entity (known as the "loan Servicer") that collects monthly payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument. There also may be one or more changes in the Note and this Security Instrument due under the Note and this Security Instrument. The note will be sold and/or given to another prior notice to Borrower. A side note may result in a change in the entity (known as the "loan Servicer") that collects monthly payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument. There also may be one or more changes in the Note and this Security Instrument due under the Note and this Security Instrument.

(B), Borrower's Right to Rebuttal. If Borrower negotiates certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have an offer rejected if such conditions are not met.

If Landlord exercises this option, Landlord shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is delivered or untilled within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument, if Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Landlord may invoke my remedies

17. Transfer of the Property or a beneficial interest in Borrower, if all or any part of the Property or any interest in it is sold or transferred (or if a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred and Borrower is not a natural person) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may, in its option, require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if exercise is prohibited by federal law as of the date

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5. Hazard or Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage" and any other hazards, including floods or flooding, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts and for the periods that Lender requires. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's approval which shall not be unreasonably withheld. If Borrower fails to maintain coverage described above, Lender may, at Lender's option, obtain coverage to protect Lender's rights in the Property in accordance with paragraph 7.

All insurance policies and renewals shall be acceptable to Lender and shall include a standard mortgage clause. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewals. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, insurance proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property damaged, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to Borrower. If Borrower abandons the Property, or does not answer within 30 days a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may collect the insurance proceeds. Lender may use the proceeds to repair or restore the Property or to pay sums secured by this Security instrument, whether or not then due. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the monthly payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of the payments. If under paragraph 21 the Property is acquired by Lender, Borrower's right to any insurance policies and proceeds resulting from damage to the Property prior to the acquisition shall pass to Lender to the extent of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately prior to the acquisition.

6. Occupancy, Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Borrower's Loan Application; Leaseholds. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within sixty days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate, or commit waste on the Property. Borrower shall be in default if any forfeiture action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that in Lender's good faith judgment could result in forfeiture of the Property or otherwise materially impair the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower may cure such a default and reinstate, as provided in paragraph 18, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's good faith determination, precludes forfeiture of the Borrower's interest in the Property or other material impairment of the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower shall also be in default if Borrower, during the loan application process, gave materially false or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with any material information) in connection with the loan evidenced by the Note, including, but not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as a principal residence. If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

7. Protection of Lender's Rights in the Property. If Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, or there is a legal proceeding that may significantly affect Lender's rights in the Property (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture or to enforce laws or regulations), then Lender may do and pay for whatever is necessary to protect the value of the Property and Lender's rights in the Property. Lender's actions may include paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument, appearing in court, paying reasonable attorneys' fees and entering on the Property to make repairs. Although Lender may take action under this paragraph 7, Lender does not have to do so.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this paragraph 7 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. Unless Borrower and Lender agree to other terms of payment, these amounts shall bear interest from the date of disbursement at the Note rate and shall be payable, with interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

8. Mortgage Insurance. If Lender requires mortgage insurance as a condition of making the loan secured by this Security Instrument, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the mortgage insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the mortgage insurance coverage required by Lender lapses or ceases to be in effect, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the mortgage insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the mortgage insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer approved by Lender. If substantially equivalent mortgage insurance coverage is not available, Borrower shall pay to Lender each month a sum equal to one twelfth of the yearly mortgage insurance premium being paid by Borrower when the insurance coverage lapsed or ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a loss reserve in lieu of mortgage insurance. Loss reserve

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14. Notices. Any notice provided to Borrower shall be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail unless applicable law requires use of another method. The notice shall be directed to the Property Address of any other address Borrower designates by notice to Lender. Any notice to Lender shall be given by first class mail unless Borrower designates by notice to Lender. Any notice to Lender shall be provided for in this instrument or any other address Lender designates by notice to Borrower. Any notice provided for in this instrument shall be deemed to have been given to Borrower or Lender when given as provided in this paragraph.

15. Governing Law; Severability. This Security Instrument shall be governed by general law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located. In the event that any provision or clause of this Security Instrument violates applicable law, such conflict shall not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which can be controlled with the Note and the security instruments of this Note are declared to be severable.

16. Borrower's Copy. Borrower shall be given one conforming copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument.

12. Successors and Assigns Bound; Joint and Several Liabilities; Co-signers. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender and Borrower, subject to the provisions of paragraph 17. Borrower's covenants and agreements shall be joint and several. Any Borrower who co-signs this Security Instrument but does not execute the Note; (a) is co-signing this Security Instrument only to endorse, grant and convey that Borrower's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower may agree to extend, modify, forfeit or make any assignments which regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without that Borrower's consent.

Lender is authorized to collect and in any the proceeds, in its option, either to resell or to resell or to repelty or to the sum secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not due.

If the Property is sold and by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the condominium seller is in arrears or settles a claim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given,

be applied to the sums received by this Security Instrument whether or not the sums are then due.

market value of the property immediately before the striking is less than the amount of the sum received immediately before the striking, unless otherwise agree in writing or unless otherwise provided, the proceeds shall

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before the taking. Any balance shall be paid to the owner, in the event of a partial taking of the Property in which the latter

amount of the sums secured immediately before the taking, divided by (b) the fair market value of the property immediately preceding the taking.

With security instruments that can be reduced by the proceeds of the underlying financial transaction (a) the total

Security functionality before the linking, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by

market value of the property immediately before the taking is equal to or greater than the amount of the sum received by the owner under the law.

In the case of a solid working at its fatigue, the processes must be applied to the same area of the working as the latter

In the event of a total taking of the property, the proceeds shall be applied to the sum received by this Society for the same.

complementarity of color matching to any pair of the trichromes, or for convenience in the use of colorimetry, and will be paid to later.

10. **Conventions:** The procedures of any award of claim in arbitration, arbitration or conciliation, and hearing before the arbitral tribunal, shall be governed by the law of the place where the arbitration is held.

Nevertheless, there is no time for us to wait to implement specific measures to reduce the use of pesticides.

In this section, learner of the higher my have received their first impression of the geography, teacher should give

10. **What is the primary purpose of the following statement?**

The previous sections required to implement our model were implemented in detail, so to provide a more extensive, within this paper we will focus on the implementation of the proposed framework.

that endeavor, regardless of whether it is a matter of providing legal advice or some form of assistance.

payments may no longer be required, at the option of Lender, if mortgagor's insurance coverage in the amount and for the period

...and the Lord said unto me, I have heard thy voice in the valley of the shadow of death; I will not let thee go.