

PREPARED BY:
TABETHA STOWELL
CHICAGO, IL 60656

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COOK COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE
FILED - 1992 SEP 1 PM 3:52

92648407

RECORD AND RETURN TO: 1992 SEP 1 PM 3:52

COLUMBIA NATIONAL BANK OF CHICAGO
5250 N. HARLEM AVENUE
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60656

92648407

[Space Above This Line For Recording Data]

MORTGAGE

323454

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THIS MORTGAGE ("Security Instrument") is given on AUGUST 25, 1992

, The mortgagor is

PAUL M. SHERIDAN
AND DIANN D. SHERIDAN, AKA DIANN L. DOPPELT, HIS WIFE

("Borrower"). This Security instrument is given to
COLUMBIA NATIONAL BANK OF CHICAGO

which is organized and existing under the laws of UNITED STATES OF AMERICA , and whose
address is 5250 N. HARLEM AVENUE
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60656 ("Lender"). Borrower owes Lender the principal sum of
ONE HUNDRED NINETY ONE THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED
AND 00/100 Dollars (U.S. \$ 191,500.00).

This debt is evidenced by Borrower's note dated the same date as this Security Instrument ("Note"), which provides for monthly payments, with the full debt, if not paid earlier, due and payable on SEPTEMBER 1, 2007 .
This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (a) the repayment of the debt evidenced by the Note, with interest, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; (b) the payment of all other sums, with interest, advanced under paragraph 7 to protect the security of this Security Instrument; and (c) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower does hereby mortgage, grant and convey to Lender the following described property located in COOK County, Illinois:

LOT 5 IN OUILMETTE GARDENS, A SUBDIVISION IN THE SOUTH 1/3 OF THE
EAST 8 ACRES OF THE WEST 24 ACRES OF THE NORTHWEST 1/4 OF THE
NORTHWEST 1/4 OF SECTION 33, TOWNSHIP 42 NORTH, RANGE 13 EAST OF
THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, ACCORDING TO THE PLAT THEREOF RECORDED
FEBRUARY 7, 1946 AS DOCUMENT 13714517 IN COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS.

05-33-107-051

which has the address of 608 OUILMETTE LANE, WILMETTE Street, City .
Illinois 60091 ("Property Address");
Zip Code

ILLINOIS-Single Family-Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT

(MP-6RJL) 10101

VMP MORTGAGE FORMS - (319)283-8100 - (800)621-7291

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DPS 1088
Form 3016 9/90

Initials: *BS*
BS

Box 54

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Form 301-9/50
GSA 100

Page 2

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Borrower shall promptly discharge any Lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the Lien in a manner acceptable to Lender; (b) contributes in good faith the Lien by, or defers against enforcement of the Lien in, legal proceedings which in the Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the Lien; or (c) secures from the holder of the Lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender to Lender's satisfaction that any part of the Property is subject to a Lien which may attain priority over this Security Instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a Lien which may attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the Lien. Borrower shall satisfy the Lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above within 10 days of the giving of notice.

If the person owed payment, Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this paragraph.

d. Charges: Lienes, Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines and impositions applicable to the Property which may attain priority over this Security Instrument, and leasehold payments of ground rents, if any. Borrower shall pay these obligations in the manner provided in paragraph 2, or if not paid in due time, Borrower shall pay them on time directly to the person owed payment. Borrower shall notify timely, under all notice of amounts to be paid under this instrument.

Third, to interest due; fourth, to principal due; and last, to any late charges due under the Note.

3. Application of Payments. Unless applicable law provides otherwise, all payments made by Leader under paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be applied: first, to any prepayment charges due under the Note; second, to amounts payable under paragraphs 2;

of the Property, shall apply any Funds held by Lender at the time of acquisition or sale as a credit against the sum secured by this Security instrument.

twelve monthly payments, at Lender's sole discretion.

time is not sufficient to pay the Escrow fees when due, Lender may reasonably Borrower in writing, and, in such case Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the deficiency. Borrower shall make up the deficiency in no more than twelve months, at a rate determined by the parties.

debts to the Funds were made. The Funds are pledged as additional security for all sums secured by this Security Instrument.

Borrower and Lender may agree in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the Funds. Lender shall give to Borrower, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds, showing credits and debits to the Funds and the purpose for which each debit to the Funds was made. The Funds are pledged as additional security for all sums accrued by this Security Instrument.

used by Lender in connection with this loan, unless applicable law provides otherwise. Unless an agreement is made or applicable law requires interest to be paid, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on the Funds.

Escrow Items. Lender may not charge Borrower for holding and applying the Funds, annuallyanalyzing the escrow account, or ventrifying the Escrow items, unless Lender's pay/s Borrower interest on the Funds and applicable law permits Lender to make such a charge. However, Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for an independent real estate tax reporting service.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity which has the power to approve such funds.

Leender may estimate the amount of Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future sets a lesser amount, if so. Leender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount not to exceed the lesser amount.

related mortgage loan under the general Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act of 1974 as amended from time to time, 12 U.S.C. Section 2601 et seq. ("RESPA"), unless another law applies to the Funds.

If any: (e) early mortgage insurance premiums; (f) any sums payable by Borrower to Lender, in accordance with the provisions of Paragraph 8, in lieu of the payment of mortgage insurance premiums. These items are called "Breakaway Items."

and assessments which may relate primarily over this Security Instrument as a lien on the Property; (b) yearly leasehold payments of ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) yearly hazard or property insurance premiums; (d) yearly flood insurance premiums; (e) yearly mortgage insurance premiums, if any; and (f) any sums payable by Borrower to Lender, in accordance with all such;

Principals of and interest on the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment and late charges due under the Note.

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform form conventions for national use and non-uniform form convenants with uniform form mechanics by juntification to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully seized of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to mortgage

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5. Hazard or Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage" and any other hazards, including floods or flooding, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts and for the periods that Lender requires. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's approval which shall not be unreasonably withheld. If Borrower fails to maintain coverage described above, Lender may, at Lender's option, obtain coverage to protect Lender's rights in the Property in accordance with paragraph 7.

All insurance policies and renewals shall be acceptable to Lender and shall include a standard mortgage clause. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewals. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, insurance proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property damaged, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to Borrower. If Borrower abandons the Property, or does not answer within 30 days a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may collect the insurance proceeds. Lender may use the proceeds to repair or restore the Property or to pay sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the monthly payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of the payments. If under paragraph 21 the Property is acquired by Lender, Borrower's right to any insurance policies and proceeds resulting from damage to the Property prior to the acquisition shall pass to Lender to the extent of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately prior to the acquisition.

6. Occupancy, Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Borrower's Loan Application; Leaseholds. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within sixty days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate, or commit waste on the Property. Borrower shall be in default if any forfeiture action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that in Lender's good faith judgment could result in forfeiture of the Property or otherwise materially impair the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower may cure such a default and reinstate, as provided in paragraph 18, by ceasing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's good faith determination, precludes forfeiture of the Borrower's interest in the Property or other material impairment of the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower shall also be in default if Borrower, during the loan application process, gave materially false or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with any material information) in connection with the loan evidenced by the Note, including, but not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as a principal residence. If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

7. Protection of Lender's Rights in the Property. If Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, or there is a legal proceeding that may significantly affect Lender's rights in the Property (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture or to enforce laws or regulations), then Lender may do and pay for whatever is necessary to protect the value of the Property and Lender's rights in the Property. Lender's actions may include paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument, appearing in court, paying reasonable attorneys' fees and entering on the Property to make repairs. Although Lender may take action under this paragraph 7, Lender does not have to do so.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this paragraph 7 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. Unless Borrower and Lender agree to other terms of payment, these amounts shall bear interest from the date of disbursement at the Note rate and shall be payable, with interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

8. Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required mortgage insurance as a condition of making the loan secured by this Security Instrument, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the mortgage insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the mortgage insurance coverage required by Lender lapses or ceases to be in effect, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the mortgage insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the mortgage insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer approved by Lender. If substantially equivalent mortgage insurance coverage is not available, Borrower shall pay to Lender each month a sum equal to one-twelfth of the yearly mortgage insurance premium being paid by Borrower when the insurance coverage lapsed or ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a loss reserve in lieu of mortgage insurance. Loss reserve
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17. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. If all or any part of the Property or any interest in it is sold or transferred (or if a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred) and Borrower is not a natural person) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may, at its option, require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if exercise is prohibited by federal law as of the date of this Security Instrument.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is delivered or mailed within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay those sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower.

18. Borrower's Right to Reinstate. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time prior to the earlier of: (a) 5 days (or such other period as applicable law may specify for reinstatement) before sale of the Property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this Security Instrument; or (b) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) cures any default of any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees; and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that the lien of this Security Instrument, Lender's rights in the Property and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall continue unchanged. Upon reinstatement by Borrower, this Security Instrument and the obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under paragraph 17.

19. Sale of Note; Change of Loan Servicer. The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with this Security Instrument) may be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale may result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects monthly payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument. There also may be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change in accordance with paragraph 14 above and applicable law. The notice will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer and the address to which payments should be made. The notice will also contain any other information required by applicable law.

20. Hazardous Substances. Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances on or in the Property. Borrower shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property that is in violation of any Environmental Law. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property.

Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law.

As used in this paragraph 20, "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials. As used in this paragraph 20, "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection.

NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

21. Acceleration; Remedies. Lender shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under paragraph 17 unless applicable law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument, foreclosure by judicial proceeding and sale of the Property. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to reinstate after acceleration and the right to assert in the foreclosure proceeding the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and foreclosure. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender, at its option, may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may foreclose this Security Instrument by judicial proceeding. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this paragraph 21, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of title evidence.

22. Release. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall release this Security Instrument without charge to Borrower. Borrower shall pay any recordation costs.

23. Waiver of Homestead. Borrower waives all right of homestead exemption in the Property.

DPB 1983
Form 3044 8/90

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