

UNOFFICIAL COPY

Form 6321
Rev. 1-15-68
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27, 1967
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20880548
Clerk (or Registrar).

Notice of Tax Lien

19 [REDACTED]
a. [REDACTED]
B. [REDACTED]

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day of

02 FEBRUARY 1974
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27, 1967

AMERICAN LETTERS

Excerpts From Internal Revenue Code

Sec. 6321. Lien For Taxes

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person. *(Internal Revenue Code)*

Sec. 6322. Period Of Lien.

Unless otherwise provided specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the adjustment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

Sec. 6323. Validity and Priority Against Certain Persons.

(a) Purchaser's, Holders Of Security Interests, Mechanic's Liens, And Judgment Lien Creditors.—The lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lien, or judgment lien creditor until notice thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (b) has been filed by the Secretary.

(b) Place For Filing Notice; Form.—

(1) Place For Filing.—The notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be filed:

(A) Under State Laws

(i) Real Property.—In the case of real property, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; and

(ii) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; except that State law merely conforming to existing Federal law establishing a national filing system does not constitute a second office for filing as designated by the laws of such State; or

(B) With Clerk Of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A); or

(C) With Recorder Of Deeds Or The District Of Columbia.—In the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

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(b) Status Of Property Subject To Lien.—For purposes of paragraphs (1) and (4), property shall be deemed to be situated:

(A) Real Property.—In the case of real property, at its physical location; or

(B) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filed.

For purposes of paragraph (2)(B), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place of which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia.

(2) Form.—The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall, by prescribed by the Secretary, furnish notice which is void notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form, content and date of filing.

Note: See section 6323(b) for protection for certain interests even though notice of lien imposed by section 6321 is filed with respect to:

1. Securities
2. Motor vehicles
3. Personal property purchased at retail
4. Personal property purchased in part or in whole
5. Personal property subjected to prior security lien
6. Real property tax and related assessments thereon
7. Residential property subject to a mechanic's lien for certain repairs and improvements
8. Attorney's fees
9. Certain insurance contracts
10. Facebook liens

(c) Refiling Of Notice.—For purposes of this section:

(1) General Rule.—Unless notice of lien is refiled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the preceding 10-year period, such notice of lien shall be treated as filed on the date on which it is filed (in accordance with subsection (b) after the expiration of such refiling period). *§ 6323(c)*

(2) Place For Filing.—A notice of lien filed during the required refiling period shall be effective only:

(A) In:

(i) such office of the clerk (or clerk) in which the prior notice of lien was filed, and

(ii) in the case of real property, and the fact of refiling is entered and recorded in an index to the extent required by subsection (b)(4); and

(iii) in any case in which, 30 days or more prior to the date of a refiling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the

Secretary received written information prescribed in regulations issued concerning a change in the facts of such notice of such lien is also filed in accordance with subsection (b) in the file in which such notice is filed.

(d) Required Refiling

case of any notice of lien, the term "refiling" means:

(A) the one-year period ending on the expiration of 10 years after the date of filing,

(B) the one-year period ending 10 years after the close of the preceding period for such notice of lien.

Sec. 6326. Release Or Discharge Of Lien

(a) Release Of Lien.—*(Internal Revenue Code)* The Secretary may prescribe regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, to issue a certificate of release of any lien to any internal revenue tax not later than on which:

(1) Liability Satisfied Or Unenforceable.—If the Secretary finds that the liability for the amount or with all interest in respect thereof, has become legally unenforceable;

(2) Bond Accepted.—These to credit and accepted by him a bond that the payment of the amount assessed, together with interest thereon, within the time prescribed by such extension of such time, and that he such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and the bond and sureties thereon, as may be regulations.

Sec. 6103. Confidential Disclosure of Returns

(a) Disclosure of Certain Information For Administration Purposes.—

(1) Disclosure of amount of tax or notice of lien has been filed pursuant to the amount of the outstanding obligation or debt, may be disclosed to any person who furnishes evidence that he has a right in the such lien or intends to obtain a right in such

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