

# UNOFFICIAL COPY

92972082

CHEMICAL BANK N. A. C/O CRMG  
377 EAST BUTTERFIELD RD., #175  
LOMBARD, ILLINOIS 60148

92972082

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## MORTGAGE

THIS MORTGAGE ("Security Instrument") is given on **DECEMBER 7th 1992**  
The mortgagor is **JORGE E RAMOS AND LINDA RAMOS, HIS WIFE**

(Borrower"). This Security Instrument is given to **CHEMICAL BANK N. A.**

which is organized and existing under the laws of **THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA**, and whose address is  
**C/O CHEMICAL MORTGAGE COMPANY, P.O. BOX 70208, CHARLOTTE, NC 28272-0208**

("Lender"). Borrower owes Lender the principal sum of **ONE HUNDRED SIXTY THOUSAND AND 00/100**

Dollars (U.S. \$ 160000.00). This debt is evidenced by Borrower's note dated the same date as this Security Instrument ("Note"), which provides for monthly payments, with the full debt, if not paid earlier, due and payable on **JANUARY 1 2023**. This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (a) the repayment of the debt evidenced by the Note, with interest, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; (b) the payment of all other sums, with interest, advanced under paragraph 7 to protect the security of this Security Instrument; and (c) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower does hereby mortgage, grant and convey to Lender the following described property located in

County, Illinois:

THE WESTERLY 1/2 (AS MEASURED ON THE FRONT AND REAR LINES THEREOF) OF LOT 1401 IN BLOCK 39 IN THE THIRD DIVISION OF RIVERSIDE IN SECTIONS 25 AND 36, TOWNSHIP 39 NORTH, RANGE 12, EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, IN COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS.

15 - 25 - 403 - 012

92972082

• DEPT-01 RECORDING \$31.50  
• T#6666 TRAN 4610 12/24/92 11:55:00  
• 43788 # 92-92-92972082  
• COOK COUNTY RECORDER

31.50

which has the address of **503 SELBORNE RD**  
(Street)

RIVERSIDE  
(City)

Illinois **60546** (Zip Code)  
("Property Address");

ILLINOIS Single Family - Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT  
ITEM 1876 (0202)

Form 3054-930 (page 1 of 6 pages)

Great Lakes Business Forms, Inc. ■  
To Order Call 1-800-630-8090 □ FAX 616-791-1131



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TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property."

**BORROWER COVENANTS** that Borrower is lawfully seized of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to mortgage, grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Borrower warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

**UNIFORM COVENANTS.** Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

**1. Payment of Principal and Interest; Prepayment and Late Charges.** Borrower shall promptly pay when due the principal of and interest on the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment and late charges due under the Note.

**2. Funds for Taxes and Insurance.** Subject to applicable law or to a written waiver by Lender, Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day monthly payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum ("Funds") for: (a) yearly taxes and assessments which may attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien on the Property; (b) yearly leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) yearly hazard or property insurance premiums; (d) yearly flood insurance premiums, if any; (e) yearly mortgage insurance premiums, if any; and (f) any sums payable by Borrower to Lender, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 8, in lieu of the payment of mortgage insurance premiums. These items are called "Escrow Items." Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount not to exceed the maximum amount a lender for a federally related mortgage loan may require for Borrower's escrow account under the federal Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act of 1974 as amended from time to time, 12 U.S.C. § 2601 *et seq.* ("RESPA"), unless another law that applies to the Funds sets a lesser amount. If so, Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount not to exceed the lesser amount. Lender may estimate the amount of Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future Escrow Items or otherwise in accordance with applicable law.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Lender, if Lender is such an institution) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply the Funds to pay the Escrow Items. Lender may not charge Borrower for holding and applying the Funds, annually analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items, unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds and applicable law permits Lender to make such a charge. However, Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for an independent real estate tax reporting service used by Lender in connection with this loan, unless applicable law provides otherwise. Unless an agreement is made or applicable law requires interest to be paid, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on the Funds. Borrower and Lender may agree in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the Funds. Lender shall give to Borrower, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds, showing credits and debits to the Funds, and the purpose for which each debit to the Funds was made. The Funds are pledged as additional security for all sums secured by this Security Instrument.

If the Funds held by Lender exceed the amounts permitted to be held by applicable law, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess Funds in accordance with the requirements of applicable law. If the amount of the Funds held by Lender at any time is not sufficient to pay the Escrow Items when due, Lender may so notify Borrower in writing, and, in such case Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the deficiency. Borrower shall make up the deficiency in no more than twelve monthly payments, at Lender's sole discretion.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrower any Funds held by Lender. If, under paragraph 21, Lender shall acquire or sell the Property, Lender, prior to the acquisition or sale of the Property, shall apply any Funds held by Lender at the time of acquisition or sale as a credit against the sums secured by this Security Instrument.

**3. Application of Payments.** Unless applicable law provides otherwise, all payments received by Lender under paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be applied: first, to any prepayment charges due under the Note; second, to amounts payable under paragraph 2; third, to interest due; fourth, to principal due; and last, to any late charges due under the Note.

**4. Charges; Liens.** Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines and impositions attributable to the Property which may attain priority over this Security Instrument, and leasehold payments or ground rents, if any. Borrower shall pay these obligations in the manner provided in paragraph 2, or if not paid in that manner, Borrower shall pay them on time directly to the person owed payment. Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this paragraph. If Borrower makes these payments directly, Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender receipts evidencing the payments.

Borrower shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender; (b) contests in good faith the lien by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in the Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien; or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the lien to this Security Instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which may attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the lien. Borrower shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above within 10 days of the giving of notice.

**5. Hazard or Property Insurance.** Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage" and any other hazards, including floods or flooding, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts and for the

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<sup>2</sup> See also the introduction to this issue by Sander Levinson, "Introduction to Justice."

is considered in the range of relevant costs. However, such fees are not included in costs.

21. Acceleration; Remedies. In case of any acceleration of payment of principal or interest or any other sum due under Paragraph 17, the holder shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration and shall provide that such notice shall release this Security instrument from all liability for the amount so accelerated by this Security instrument plus accrued fees and costs of title evidence.

22. Release. Upon payment of all sums accrued by this Security instrument plus accrued fees and costs of title evidence, the holder shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this paragraph 22, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorney fees and costs of title evidence.

**ON KNOWLEDGE** – **Power and Empire Under Capitalism and Democracy** as follows:

As used in this part of chapter 32, "hazardous substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances by environmental laws and the following substances: asbestos, lead-based paint, radon, mold, and lead-based dust.

sub-pumpellyite, where necessary, redefined positions in accordance with the new nomenclature.

However, shall probably give larger return more of any investigation, claim, demand, than will be obtained by any government agency or private party involved in the property and any liability subsisting or otherwise arising.

70. **Hazardous substances.** Rotator shall not cause or permit the preterm, use, disposal, storage, transportation or release of any hazardous substances, unless such substances are specifically required by law or regulation for the performance of the work.

applicable law may specify for instruments before sale of the property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this instrument, or by entry of a judgment entitling this SecuritY instrument. These conditions are for the Borrower to remain in the possession of the property until paid in full, and the SecuritY instrument shall remain valid notwithstanding payment in full.

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periods that Lender requires. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's approval which shall not be unreasonably withheld. If Borrower fails to maintain coverage described above, Lender may, at Lender's option, obtain coverage to protect Lender's rights in the Property in accordance with paragraph 7.

All insurance policies and renewals shall be acceptable to Lender and shall include a standard mortgage clause. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewals. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, insurance proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property damaged, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to Borrower. If Borrower abandons the Property, or does not answer within 30 days a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may collect the insurance proceeds. Lender may use the proceeds to repair or restore the Property or to pay sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. The 30 day period will begin when the notice is given.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the monthly payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of the payments. If under paragraph 21 the Property is acquired by Lender, Borrower's right to any insurance policies and proceeds resulting from damage to the Property prior to the acquisition shall pass to Lender to the extent of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately prior to the acquisition.

**6. Occupancy, Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Borrower's Loan Application; Leaseholds.** Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within sixty days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate, or commit waste on the Property. Borrower shall be in default if any forfeiture action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that in Lender's good faith judgment could result in forfeiture of the Property or otherwise materially impair the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower may evict such a tenant and restate, as provided in paragraph 18, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's good faith determination, precludes forfeiture of the Borrower's interest in the Property or other material impairment of the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower shall also be in default if Borrower, during the loan application process, gave materially false or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with any material information) in connection with the loan evidenced by the Note, including, but not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as a principal residence. If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

**7. Protection of Lender's Rights in the Property.** If Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, or there is a legal proceeding that may significantly affect Lender's rights in the Property (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture or to enforce laws or regulations), then Lender may do and pay for whatever is necessary to protect the value of the Property and Lender's rights in the Property. Lender's actions may include paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument, appearing in court, paying reasonable attorneys' fees and entering on the Property to make repairs. Although Lender may take action under this paragraph 7, Lender does not have to do so.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this paragraph 7 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. Unless Borrower and Lender agree to other terms of payment, these amounts shall bear interest from the date of disbursement at the Note rate and shall be payable, with interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

**8. Mortgage Insurance.** If Lender required mortgage insurance as a condition of making the loan secured by this Security Instrument, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the mortgage insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the mortgage insurance coverage required by Lender lapses or ceases to be in effect, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the mortgage insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the mortgage insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer approved by Lender. If substantially equivalent mortgage insurance coverage is not available, Borrower shall pay to Lender each month a sum equal to one-twelfth of the yearly mortgage insurance premium being paid by Borrower when the insurance coverage lapses or ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain those payments as a loss reserve in lieu of mortgage insurance. Loss reserve payments may no longer be required, at the option of Lender, if mortgage insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period that Lender requires) provided by an insurer approved by Lender again becomes available and is obtained. Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain mortgage insurance in effect, or to provide a loss reserve, until the requirement for mortgage insurance ends in accordance with any written agreement between Borrower and Lender or applicable law.

**9. Inspection.** Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to an inspection specifying reasonable cause for the inspection.

**10. Condemnation.** The proceeds of any award or claim for damages, direct or consequential, in connection with any

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18. **Borrower's Right to Remedy.** If Borrower meets certain conditions shall have the right to take enforcement of his security instrument at any time prior to the end of (at 5 days for such other period as

<sup>11</sup> The 1990 census shows 2,525 households, of which 1,110 are owned by the householders.

this measure's instrument. However, this option still not be enough to end up with a federal law to serve the needs of this country.

12. **Leasor or the Proprietor** of a **Debenture** shall be liable to pay all amounts due under the Debenture and to pay interest thereon at the rate of 12% per annum.

[6] Furthermore, a copy shall be given and a photostatic copy of the same made of this Schedule I instrument.

**15. Governing law; Severability.** This Security Instrument shall be governed by the law of the jurisdiction in which the property is located. In the event that any provision of this Security Instrument is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect the validity of any other provision of this Security Instrument or the law of the State within which the property is located.

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14. **Sources.** Any source of information provided for in this Section may furnish such information as may be given in the following manner:

prepaid premium charges under the Note. It is further understood that the redemption will be treated as a partial prepayment without any direct payment to Investor.

37. **Supervisors and Assessors Board**: Joint and **Secretarial Liability**: **Obligees**. The obligations and requirements of this **Supervisory Function** shall bind and be binding on the **Supervisors and Assessors** of **Joint and Secretarial Liability**, subject to the provisions of this **Supervisory Function**.

If the property is subdivided by lot or acre, the first or original owner of record retains title to the property as long as he or she owns it.

<sup>1</sup>and determination of older lending of the part of the properties or the conveyance in favor of joint-ministration are hereby assented and shall be paid to Lentor.