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92-076426

Form 668 (Y)

504

Department of the Treasury - Internal Revenue Service

(Rev. January 1991)

Notice of Federal Tax Lien Under Internal Revenue Laws

District	Serial Number	For Optional Use by Recording Office
Chicago, IL	369201056	

As provided by sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is given that taxes (including interest and penalties) have been assessed against the following-named taxpayer. Demand for payment of this liability has been made, but it remains unpaid. Therefore, there is a lien in favor of the United States on all property and rights to property belonging to this taxpayer for the amount of these taxes, and additional penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue.

Name of Taxpayer JAMES O & EMMIE WILLIAMSON

Residence 621 E 15TH PL
PHOENIX, IL 60426-2640DEPT-03 I.R.S.
TAXES TRAN 9194 02/05/92 14:44:00
\$8.00
25 \$ H *-92-076426
BOOK COUNTY RECORDER

IMPORTANT RELEASE INFORMATION: With respect to each assessment listed below, unless notice of lien is refiled by the date given in column (e), this notice shall, on the day following such date, operate as a certificate of release as defined in IRC 6325(a).

Kind of Tax (a)	Tax Period Ended (b)	Identifying Number (c)	Date of Assessment (d)	Last Day for Refiling (e)	Unpaid Balance of Assessment (f)
1040	12/31/85	■■■■■	11/21/88	12/21/98	1009.42

Place of Filing

Recorder of Deeds
Cook County
Chicago, IL 60602

Total \$ 1009.42

This notice was prepared and signed at Chicago, IL, on this,

the 8th day of January, 92.

Signature	Title
for Dorothy O'Boyle	Chief Collect. 36-01-0000

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien.
Rev. Rul. 71-466, 1971-2 C.B. 409)

Form 668 (Y) (Rev. 1-91)

UNOFFICIAL COPY

No.

United States

vs.

Notice of Tax Lien

Clerk (or Registrar)

Filed this _____ day of _____, 19_____, at _____ m.

Excerpts From Internal Revenue Code

Sec. 6321. Lien For Taxes

Any person liable to pay any tax, unpaid or refused to pay the same when owing, the amount of such tax, interest, and any other amount due to the United States, jointly, together with any costs that may accrue in action thereon, shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon the property and rights in property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

Sec. 6322. Period Of Lien.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment, levy, and sale commence, until the liability for the amount so assessed, or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability, is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

Sec. 6323. Validity and Priority Against Certain Persons.

(a) Purchaser's, Holders Of Security Interests, Mechanic's Liens, And Judgment Lien Creditors.—The lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lien, or judgment lien creditor until notice thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (b) has been filed by the Secretary.

In Place For Filing Notice; Form.—

(1) Place For Filing.—The notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be filed:

(A) Under State Laws

in real property (in the case of real property, in the office within the State or the county, or other governmental subdivision, as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated); and

(B) Personal Property—In the case of personal property, whenever and wherever filed, in the office within the State for the county, or other governmental subdivision, as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated, except that State law merely conforming to existing Federal law respecting a national filing system does not constitute a separate office for filing as designated by the laws of such State; or

(C) With Clerk Of Circuit Court In The City Of The Clerk Of The United States District Court For The Judge Of District In Which The Property Subject To Lien Is Located, Whenever The State Has Not By Law Designated One Office Which Meets The Requirements Of Subparagraph (A); or

(D) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia—In the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(c) Sale Of Property Subject To Lien.—For purposes of paragraphs (1) and (4), property shall be deemed to be situated—
(1) Real Property.—In the case of real property, in its physical location; or

(2) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time no claim was filed.

(d) Purpose.—In paragraph (2), it is the place of a corporation or partnership that is deemed to be the place of which the principal place of location of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States and is deemed to be in the District of Columbia.

(e) Form.—The form and content of the notice referred to in clause (a)(1) shall be prescribed by the Secretary. Such notice shall be given notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

Note See section 6323(b) for protection for certain interests even though notice of lien imposed by section 6321 is filed with respect to:

- 1. Securities
- 2. Motor vehicles
- 3. Personal property purchased at retail
- 4. Personal property purchased in consignment
- 5. Personal property subjected to possessory lien
- 6. Real property tax and special assessment lien
- 7. Residential property subject to a mechanic's lien for certain repairs and improvements
- 8. Attorney's fees
- 9. Certain insurance contracts
- 10. Passbook accounts

(g) Refiling Of Notice.—For purposes of this section:

(1) General Rule.—Unless notice of lien is refiled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refiling period, such notice of lien shall be treated as filed on the day on which it is filed, in accordance with subsection (b) after the expiration of such refiling period.

(2) Place For Filing.—A notice of lien referred to in the required refiling period shall be effective only:

(A) If—

the such notice of lien is refiled in the office in which the prior notice of lien was filed; and

(B) in the case of real property, and the text of notice is entered and recorded in an index to the extent required by subsection (f)(4); and

(C) in any case in which, 60 days or more prior to the date of a refiling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the

Secretary received written information of the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a notice of such lien is filed in accordance with subsection (b) in the State in which such residence is located.

(h) Required Refiling Period.—In the case of any notice of lien, the term "required refiling period" means—

(1) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 10 years after the date of the assessment of the tax; and

(2) the one-year period ending on the expiration of 10 years after the date of the preceding required refiling period for such notice of lien.

Sec. 6325. Release Of Lien Or Discharge Of Property.

(a) Release Of Lien.—Subject to such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, the Secretary shall issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax not later than 30 days after the day on which—

(1) Liens Are Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has become legally unenforceable; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary an acceptor by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time); and that is in accordance with such regulations relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond as are prescribed thereon. It may be specified by such regulations.

Sec. 6403. Confidentiality and Disclosure of Returns and Return Information.

In Disclosure of Certain Returns and Return Information For Tax Administration Purposes.—

(1) Disclosure of amount of outstanding lien.—If a notice of lien has been filed pursuant to section 6323(b), the amount of the outstanding obligation required by such lien may be disclosed to any person who furnishes satisfactory written evidence that he has a right in the property subject to such lien or interest to obtain a right in such property.