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BOX 238
LOAN #8039

[Space Above This Line For Recording Data]

MORTGAGE

THIS MORTGAGE ("Security Instrument") is given on **APRIL 10, 1992**
The mortgagor is **JUAN OLIVA AND MARIA OLIVA, HIS WIFE**

JAMES F. MESSINGER & CO., INC.

("Borrower"). This Security Instrument is given to

which is organized and existing under the laws of **the state of ILLINOIS**
5161-67 W. 111th STREET, WORLTH, IL 60482

, and whose address is

(“Lender”). Borrower owes Lender the principal sum of
ONE HUNDRED SEVENTY FIVE THOUSAND AND NO/100

Dollars (U.S. \$ **175,000.00**)— This debt is evidenced by Borrower's note dated the same date as this Security Instrument ("Note"), which provides for monthly payments, with the full debt, if not paid earlier, due and payable on

MAY 1, 2022. This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (a) the repayment of the debt evidenced by the Note, with interest, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; (b) the payment of all other sums, with interest, advanced under paragraph 7 to protect the security of this Security Instrument; and (c) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower does hereby mortgage, grant and convey to Lender the following described property located in

COOK County, Illinois:

**LOT 100 IN EAGLE RIDGE SUBDIVISION PHASE TWO, BEING A SUBDIVISION OF PART
OF THE SOUTHWEST 1/4 OF SECTION 16, TOWNSHIP 37 NORTH, RANGE 13 EAST OF
THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, IN COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS.**

PERMANENT TAX NO: 24-16-305-005

92249796

which has the address of

10721 SOUTH LONG AVENUE
[Street]

OAK LAWN
[City]

Illinois **60453**

(“Property Address”);
[Zip Code]

ILLINOIS Single Family - Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT
ITEM 1076 (9012)

Form 3014 9/90 (page 1 of 6 pages)

Great Lakes Business Forms, Inc. ■
To Order Call: 1-800-830-0303 || PAX: 610-701-1131

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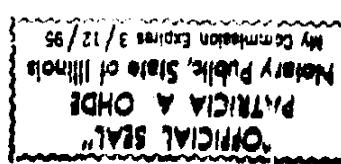
Form 3014-9/90 (Page 6 of 6 pages)

5181-67 W. 111th STREET
WORTH, IL 60482
(Address)

JOSEPH F. MESSINGER & CO., INC.
(Name)

Loretta Superitch

This instrument was prepared by



Notary Public

My Commission expires:

Given under my hand and official seal, this 10th day of APRIL, 1992

forth,

and delivered the said instrument as THEIR
subscribed to the foregoing instrument, appeared before me this day in person, and acknowledged that THEY signed
personally known to me to be the same person(s) whose name(s) ARE

do hereby certify that JUAN OLIVA AND MARIA OLIVA HIS WIFE

a Notary Public in and for said county and state,

I, the undersigned

STATE OF ILLINOIS, COOK COUNTY ss.

MARIA OLIVA
Social Security Number 357-56-5019
(Seal)
Borrower
JUAN OLIVA
Social Security Number 320-50-5235
(Seal)
Borrower
Witnesses:
and in my (deed(s)) executed by Borrower and recorded with it.

BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this Security Instrument

TITLE COMPANY REPRESENTATIVE

- [] Adjustable Rate Rider [] Condominium Rider [] 1-4 Family Rider
[] Graduated Payment Rider [] Planned Unit Development Rider [] Second Home Rider
[] Biweekly Payment Rider [] Race Improvement Rider [] Balloon Rider
[] Other(s) (Specify) _____

24. Riders to this Security Instrument. If one or more riders are executed by Borrower and recorded together with this Security Instrument, the covenants and agreements of each such rider shall be incorporated into and shall amend and supplement the covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument as if the rider(s) were a part of this Security Instrument.

(Check applicable box(es))

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applicable law may specify for reinstatement) before sale of the Property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this Security Instrument; or (b) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred, (b) cures any default of any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees; and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that the lien of this Security Instrument, Lender's rights in the Property and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall continue unchanged. Upon reinstatement by Borrower, this Security Instrument and the obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under paragraph 17.

19. Sale of Note; Change of Loan Servicer. The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with this Security Instrument) may be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale may result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects monthly payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument. There also may be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change in accordance with paragraph 14 above and applicable law. The notice will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer and the address to which payments should be made. The notice will also contain any other information required by applicable law.

20. Hazardous Substances. Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substance on or in the Property. Borrower shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property that is in violation of any Environmental Law. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property.

Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law.

As used in this paragraph 20, "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials. As used in this paragraph 20, "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection.

NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

21. Acceleration; Remedies. Lender shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under paragraph 17 unless applicable law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument, foreclosure by judicial proceeding and sale of the Property. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to reinstate after acceleration and the right to assert in the foreclosure proceeding the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and foreclosure. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender at its option may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may foreclose this Security Instrument by judicial proceeding. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this paragraph 21, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of title evidence.

22. Release. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall release this Security Instrument without charge to Borrower. Borrower shall pay any recordation costs.

23. Waiver of Homestead. Borrower waives all right of homestead exemption in the Property.

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3. Hazard or Property Insurance. However, shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage" and any other hazards, including flooding, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts and for the

However, such prompt dissatisfaction may mean which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the loan in a manner acceptable to Lender, (b) consents in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the loan in a manner acceptable to Lender, (c) agrees

4. (Chargé) : **lemons**. However, shall pay all the taxes, assessments, charges, fines and impositions attributable to the property or to the person owned by me. However, shall pay all the taxes, assessments, charges, fines and impositions attributable to the property or to the person owned by me.

3. Application of Payments. Unless applicable law provides otherwise, all payments received by Lender under

(c) upon the payment in full of the sums secured by this security instrument, the funds held by the Lender in accordance with paragraph 21, Lender shall acquire as well the Property Lender's right to the aggregate principal amount of the sum(s) paid by the Proprietor to the Lender.

If the Funds held by Lender exceed the amounts permitted to be held by Lender in accordance with the requirements of applicable law, Lender shall make up the difference in no more than twelve months, at Lender's sole discretion.

2. Funds for Taxes and Insurance. Subject to applicable law or to a written waiver by Lender, Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day monthly payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum ("Funds") for (a) yearly assessments of real property which may attain priority over this Security instrument as a lien on the Property; (b) yearly leasehold payments of real estate on the Property, if any; (c) yearly hazard or property insurance premiums; (d) yearly flood insurance premiums; (e) yearly mortgage insurance premiums, if any; and (f) any sums payable by Borrower to Lender, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 8, in lieu of the payment of mortgage insurance premiums. These items are called "Taxes, Items," Lender may, at any time, collect and hold funds in an amount not to exceed the maximum amount a lender for a Federal mortgage loan may require for Borrower's escrow account under the maximum Settlement Procedures Act of 1974 as amended from time to time, 12 U.S.C. § 2601 et seq. ("RESPA"), unless otherwise provided in the Note. Lender may estimate the amount of funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures for taxes and insurance which apply to the Note.

1. Payment of Principal and Interest: Prepayment and Late Charges. Borrower shall promptly pay when due the principal of and interest on the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment and late charges due under the Note.

UNIFORM GOVERNANTS. Botswaⁿ and Lencwaⁿ covenants and articles as follows:

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform convenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with general warranties of record.

BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully seized of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to mortgage, grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record, Borrower, warrant and defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any

TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security instrument as the "Property".

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periods that Lender requires. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's approval which shall not be unreasonably withheld. If Borrower fails to maintain coverage described above, Lender may, at Lender's option, obtain coverage to protect Lender's rights in the Property in accordance with paragraph 7.

All insurance policies and renewals shall be acceptable to Lender and shall include a standard mortgage clause. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewals. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, insurance proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property damaged, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to Borrower. If Borrower abandons the Property, or does not answer within 30 days a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may collect the insurance proceeds. Lender may use the proceeds to repair or restore the Property or to pay sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the monthly payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of the payments. If under paragraph 21 the Property is acquired by Lender, Borrower's right to any insurance policies and proceeds resulting from damage to the Property prior to the acquisition shall pass to Lender to the extent of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately prior to the acquisition.

6. Occupancy, Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Borrower's Loan Application; Leaseholds. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within sixty days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate, or commit waste on the Property. Borrower shall be in default if any forfeiture action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that in Lender's good faith judgment could result in forfeiture of the Property or otherwise materially impair the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower may cure such a default and remstate, as provided in paragraph 18, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's good faith determination, precludes forfeiture of the Borrower's interest in the Property or other material impairment of the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower shall also be in default if Borrower, during the loan application process, gave materially false or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with any material information) in connection with the loan evidenced by the Note, including, but not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as a principal residence. If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

7. Protection of Lender's Rights in the Property. If Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, or there is a legal proceeding that may significantly affect Lender's rights in the Property (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture or to enforce laws or regulations), then Lender may do and pay for whatever is necessary to protect the value of the Property and Lender's rights in the Property. Lender's actions may include paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument, appearing in court, paying reasonable attorneys' fees and entering on the Property to make repairs. Although Lender may take action under this paragraph 7, Lender does not have to do so.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this paragraph 7 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. Unless Borrower and Lender agree to other terms of payment, these amounts shall bear interest from the date of disbursement at the Note rate and shall be payable, with interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

8. Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required mortgage insurance as a condition of making the loan secured by this Security Instrument, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the mortgage insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the mortgage insurance coverage required by Lender lapses or ceases to be in effect, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the mortgage insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the mortgage insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer approved by Lender. If substantially equivalent mortgage insurance coverage is not available, Borrower shall pay to Lender each month a sum equal to one-twelfth of the yearly mortgage insurance premium being paid by Borrower when the insurance coverage lapsed or ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a loss reserve in lieu of mortgage insurance. Loss reserve payments may no longer be required, at the option of Lender, if mortgage insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period that Lender requires) provided by an insurer approved by Lender again becomes available and is obtained. Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain mortgage insurance in effect, or to provide a loss reserve, until the requirement for mortgage insurance ends in accordance with any written agreement between Borrower and Lender or applicable law.

9. Inspection. Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to an inspection specifying reasonable cause for the inspection.

10. Condemnation. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages, direct or consequential, in connection with any

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18. Borrower's Right to Reinstatement. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have

If Landauer advocates this option, I end up still giving him a negative of acceleration. The notice should provide a period of time less than 30 days from the date the notice is delivered or mailed within which Behrweiser must pay all sums secured by this security interest. It is however fair to say these sums paid to the expansion of this portfolio may include any

17. Transfers of the property or a beneficial interest in property shall be made in accordance with the laws of the State of New Jersey.

16. Borrower's (Op) Borrower shall be given one copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument, each to be executed.

15. Governing Laws; Separability. This Services instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the property is located. In the event that any provision of this Services instrument or the Note are found illegal under the applicable law, such portion shall be held out of this Services instrument or the Note and the Note and the Services instrument shall remain in full force and effect.

14. **Author's Note:** Any note or statement provided for in this section may be given by one of the parties to the agreement in writing.

13. **Joint Venture**. If the law is satisfied by this Section, it may be concluded that there has been a joint venture between the parties.

12. Successors and Assigns. Borrower shall bind and severallably; (or otherwise), the successors and assigns of this security instrument shall bind and severallably; (or otherwise), the successors and assigns of Lender and Borrower, subject to the provisions of this paragraph.

11. Borrower's Sol. & Waiver. Each provision of the time for payment or nondeliction of another provision of the time saved by this Section, instrument named by Lender to any successor in interest to release the funds saved by Lender to the holding power shall not release the funds saved by Lender to the holding power.

Figure 10.20 The bottom row of the bottom-left quadrant of Figure 10.19 shows the same four processes as Figure 10.19, but with the labels rotated 90° clockwise.

If the taxpayer is abandoned by his or her spouse by reason of voluntary or involuntary separation or divorce, he or she may be entitled to deduct the amount of alimony paid.

over 100,000 ships, the previous year, up from 90,000 ships in 2011, and 85,000 ships in 2010.

In the case of a *partial* or *partialular* banking system, a bank can only lend out a portion of its reserves. In this case, the bank's reserves are divided into two categories: *excess reserves*, which are held in reserve to meet withdrawal demands, and *checkable deposits*, which are used to finance lending. The bank's reserves are divided into two categories: *excess reserves*, which are held in reserve to meet withdrawal demands, and *checkable deposits*, which are used to finance lending.

shall be paid to Lender by the earlier of (a) the final closing for the Project or (b) the date specified in the terms set forth in this Section.