

UNOFFICIAL COPY

Department of the Treasury - Internal Revenue Service

Form 668 (Y)

Notice of Federal Tax Lien Under Internal Revenue Laws

District	Serial Number	For Optional Use by Recording Office
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As provided by sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is given that taxes (including interest and penalties) have been assessed against the following-named taxpayor. Demand for payment of this liability has been made, but it remains unpaid. Therefore, there is a lien in favor of the United States on all property and rights to property belonging to this taxpayor for the amount of these taxes, and additional penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue.

Name of Taxpayer

92280048

Residence

IMPORTANT RELEASE INFORMATION: With respect to each assessment listed below, unless notice of here is filed by any date given in column (e), this notice shall, on the day following such date, operate as a certificate of release as defined in IRC 6325(a).

Kind of Tax (d)	Tax Period Ended (d)	Identifying Number (d)	Date of Assessment (d)	Last Day for Refiling (e)	Unpaid Balance of Assessment (f)
1991 1992	1991 1992	[REDACTED]	1992 APR 27	1992 MAY 27	\$ [REDACTED]
			1992 APR 27	1992 MAY 27	\$ 92280048

Place of Filing

Federal - U.S. District Court Court of Appeals Supreme Court	Total \$	92280048
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This notice was prepared and signed at _____, on this,

the 11 day of April, 1992.

Signature

S. J. S. C.

Title

(NOTE: Certificate of service or authorized by law to take like action is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien. Reg. Rul. 71-486, 1971-2 C.B. 409.)

Form 668 (Y) (Rev. 1-91)

UNOFFICIAL COPY

No. _____

United States

vs.

Notice of Tax Lien

Filled this _____, 19_____, at _____ m.

Clerk (or Registrar).

Form 6321, 1961.

Excerpts From Internal Revenue Code

Sec. 6321. Lien For Taxes

If any person liable to paying tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount outstanding, plus interest, additions, and penalties to the date of presentation, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto, shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

Sec. 6322. Period Of Lien.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

Sec. 6323. Validity and Priority Against Certain Persons.

(a) **Purchaser's, Holders Of Security Interests, Mechanic's Liens, And Judgment Lien Creditors.**—The lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lien, or judgment lien creditor until notice thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (f) has been filed by the Secretary.

(b) Place For Filing Notice; Form.—

(1) **Place For Filing.**—The notice referred to in subsection (c) shall be filed:

(A) **Under State Laws.**

(i) **Real Property.**—In the case of real property, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated, and

(ii) **Personal Property.**—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; except that State law, merely conforming to requiring Federal law establishing a national filing system, does not constitute a second office for filing as designated by the laws of such State, or

(B) **With Clerk Of District Court.**—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A); or

(C) **With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia.**—In the office of the recorder of deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(d) **Notice Of Property Subject To Lien.**—For purposes of paragraphs (1) and (2) property that is deemed to be cheated:

(A) **Real Property.**—In the case of real property, at the physical location of:

(i) **Business Property.**—In the residence of the taxpayer at the time of the creation of the lien.

(ii) **Residence.**—In the residence of a co-portioner of property which is deemed to be the place at which the principal place of office of the business is located, and the residence of the taxpayer where residence without the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia.

(B) **Form.**—The written content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary, but notice shall be as simple as possible, having any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

Note: See section 6322(b) for protection for certain interests even though notice of lien imposed by section 6321 is filed with respect to:

- 1 Securities
- 2 Motor vehicles
- 3 Partnership property purchased at retail
- 4 Personal property purchased in casual sale
- 5 Personal property subjected to possessory tax
- 6 Real property tax and special assessment liens
- 7 Residential property subject to a mechanic's lien for certain repairs and improvements
- 8 Attorney's fees
- 9 Certain insurance contracts
- 10 Passbook loans

(e) Refiling Of Notice.—For purposes of this section:

(1) **General Rule.**—Unless notice of lien is refiled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refiling period, such notice of lien shall be treated as filed on the date on which it is filed (in accordance with subsection (d)) after the expiration of such refiling period.

(2) **Place For Filing.**—A notice of lien refiled during the required refiling period shall be effective only:

(A) if:

(i) such notice of lien is filed in the office in which the prior notice of lien was filed, and

(ii) in the case of real property, the fact of refiling is entered and recorded in an index to the extent required by subsection (b)(4); and

(B) in any case in which, 60 days or more prior to the date of a refiling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the

Secretary receives written information (in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary) concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a notice of such fact is also filed in accordance with subsection (d) in the State in which such residence is located.

Required Refiling Period.—In the case of any notice of lien, the tenth required refiling period:

(1) At the one year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 10 years after the date of the assessment of the tax, and

(2) At the one year period ending with the expiration of 10 years after the date of the preceding required refiling period, but not earlier.

Sec. 6325. Release Of Lien Or Discharge Of Property.

Release Of Lien.—Subject to such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, the Secretary shall issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax not later than 30 days after the day on which:

(1) **Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.**—The Secretary finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has become legally unenforceable; or

(2) **Bond Accepted.**—There is furnished to the Secretary and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such regulations.

Sec. 6103. Confidentiality and Disclosure of Returns and Return Information.

(b) Disclosure of Certain Returns and Return Information For Tax Administration Purposes.—

(1) **Disclosure of amount of outstanding lien.**—If a notice of lien has been filed pursuant to section 6323(f), the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by such lien may be disclosed to any person who furnishes satisfactory written evidence that he has a right in the property subject to such lien or intends to obtain a right in such property.