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1992 MAY 13 PM 1:18

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(Space Above This Line For Recording Data)

MORTGAGE

THIS MORTGAGE ("Security Instrument") is given on **MAY 9TH, 1992**
The mortgagor is **BOGD KOTOWICZ AND BOZENA KOTOWICZ, HIS WIFE,**

(Borrower). This Security Instrument is given to
COMMUNITY SAVINGS BANK

which is organized and existing under the laws of **THE STATE OF ILLINOIS**, and whose address is
4801 WEST BELMONT AVENUE, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60641

(Lender). Borrower owes Lender the principal sum of
SEVENTY THOUSAND AND 00/100

Dollars (U.S. \$ 70,000.00) (the "Debt"), evidenced by Borrower's note dated the same date as this Security
Instrument ("Note"), which provides for monthly payments with the full debt, if not paid earlier, due and payable on
MAY 1ST, 2007.

This Security Instrument secures to Lender (a) the repayment of the debt
evidenced by the Note, with interest, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note, (b) the payment of all other
sums, with interest, advanced under paragraph 7 to protect the security of this Security Instrument, and (c) the performance of
Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower does hereby
mortgage, grant and convey to Lender the following described property located in **COP**

County, Illinois

**FOR NINETY-EIGHT (98) (EXCEPT THE FOUR EIGHTY (80) FEET) IN FEET
ADDITION TO OTHER CARS, BEING A SUBDIVISION OF THE NORTH HALF (N-1/2) OF
THE SOUTH EAST QUARTER (S-1/4) OF THE NORTH WEST QUARTER (NW-1/4) OF
SECTION THIRTY-SIX (36), TOWNSHIP FORTY (40) NORTH, RANGE TWELVE (12) EAST
OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, IN COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS;**

318

PERPETUAL INDEX NUMBER: 12-36-109-019-000.

06240005

which has the address of **2127 N. 77TH COURT**
[Street]
Illinois **60635** **(Property Address)**
[Zip Code]

FIRWOOD PARK
[City]

ILLINOIS Single Family Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT
Form 3014-9-90 (page 1 of 6 pages)

Local Taxes/Business Forms for ■
To Order Call: 1-800-540-9493 FAX 616-791-1111

CSB92000213

BOX 331

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TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property."

BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully vested of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to mortgage, grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Borrower warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

1. Payment of Principal and Interest; Prepayment and Late Charges. Borrower shall promptly pay when due the principal of and interest on the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment and late charges due under the Note.

2. Funds for Taxes and Insurance. Subject to applicable law or to a written waiver by Lender, Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day monthly payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum ("Funds") for: (a) yearly taxes and assessments which may attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien on the Property; (b) yearly leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) yearly hazard or property insurance premiums; (d) yearly flood insurance premiums, if any; (e) yearly mortgage insurance premiums, if any; and (f) any sums payable by Borrower to Lender, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 8, in lieu of the payment of mortgage insurance premiums. These items are called "Escrow Items." Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount not to exceed the maximum amount a lender for a federally related mortgage loan may require for Borrower's escrow account under the Federal Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act of 1974 as amended from time to time, 12 U.S.C. § 2601 *et seq.* ("RESPA"), unless another law that applies to the Funds sets a lesser amount. If so, Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount not to exceed the lesser amount. Lender may estimate the amount of Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future Escrow Items or otherwise in accordance with applicable law.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Lender, if Lender is such an institution) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply the Funds to pay the Escrow Items. Lender may not charge Borrower for holding and applying the Funds, annually analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items, unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds and applicable law permits Lender to make such a charge. However, Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for an independent real estate tax reporting service used by Lender in connection with this loan, unless applicable law provides otherwise. Unless an agreement is made or applicable law requires interest to be paid, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on the Funds. Borrower and Lender may agree in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the Funds. Lender shall give to Borrower, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds, showing credit and debits to the Funds and the purpose for which each debit to the Funds was made. The Funds are pledged as additional security for all sums secured by this Security Instrument.

If the Funds held by Lender exceed the amounts permitted to be held by applicable law, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess Funds in accordance with the requirements of applicable law. If the amount of the Funds held by Lender at any time is not sufficient to pay the Escrow Items when due, Lender may so notify Borrower in writing, and, in such case Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the deficiency. Borrower shall make up the deficiency in no more than twelve monthly payments, at Lender's sole discretion.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrower any funds held by Lender. If, under paragraph 21, Lender shall acquire or sell the Property, Lender, prior to the acquisition or sale of the Property, shall apply any Funds held by Lender at the time of acquisition or sale as a credit against the sums secured by this Security Instrument.

3. Application of Payments. Unless applicable law provides otherwise, all payments received by Lender under paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be applied: first, to any prepayment charges due under the Note, second, to amounts payable under paragraph 2, third, to interest due, fourth, to principal due, and last, to any late charges due under the Note.

4. Charges; Liens. Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines and impositions attributable to the Property which may attain priority over this Security Instrument, and leasehold payments or ground rents, if any. Borrower shall pay these obligations in the manner provided in paragraph 2, or if not paid in that manner, Borrower shall pay them on time directly to the person owed payment. Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this paragraph. If Borrower makes these payments directly, Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender receipts evidencing the payments.

Borrower shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender, (b) contests in good faith the lien by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in the Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien; or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the lien to this Security Instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which may attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the lien. Borrower shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above within 10 days of the giving of notice.

5. Hazard or Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage" and any other hazards, including floods or flooding, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts and for the

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Property
of
Borrower

23. **Waiver of Homestead.** Borrower waives all right of homestead exemption in the Property unless instrument without charge to Borrower. Borrower shall pay any recording costs.

22. **Release.** Lender pays amount of all sums secured by this Security Instrument under this Note shall release this Security instrument without charge to Borrower. However, Borrower shall pay any recording costs.

provided in this paragraph 21, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorney fees and costs of title defense.

Instrument provided by judicial proceeding. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may foreclose this Security default is not cured on or before the date specified in the note. Lender in its option may require immediate payment of the non-existent or any other defense of Borrower to accelerate the note and foreclose. If the proceeds of the sale further inform Borrower of the right to reinstate after acceleration and the right to assert in the foreclosure the sums secured by this Security Instrument, foreclosure by judicial proceeding and sale of the Property. The notice cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the note may result in acceleration of the note, given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; (e) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower; (f) the action required to cure the unless applicable law provides otherwise. The notice shall be given to Borrower following Borrower's breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under paragraph 17 unless otherwise provided).

NON-ENFORCEMENT: Remedies. Lender shall take such further action and agree as follows:

that relate to health, safety or environmental protection.

As used in this paragraph 20, Environmental Law means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the property is located, including solvents, materials containing asbestos or lead-based paint, and radioactive materials. As pesticides and herbicides, volatile substances, corrosive substances, or other threatening products, toxic environmental law and the following substances:

As used in this paragraph 20, Hazardous Substances are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances by statute or regulation adopted in accordance with Environmental Law.

Borrower shall take all necessary action in accordance with Environmental Law, authority, that any removal or disposal of any Hazardous Substance after the property is necessary. Borrower law of which Borrower has actual knowledge. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any government of regulation of regulation involving the property and any Hazardous Substance source or environmental remediation uses and to commence of the property.

Storage of the property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal operation of any Environmental Law. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or Hazardous Substances out of the property. Borrower shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the release of any Hazardous Substances out of the property. Borrower shall give Lender written notice of any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental user and to commence of the property.

19. **Sale of Note; Change of Loan Servicer.** The Note or a partial interest in the Note together with this Security instrument may be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale may result in a change in the entity holding the Note. The new servicer shall not receive any information required by applicable law. Borrower will be given written notice of the change in accordance with paragraph 14 above and applicable law. The notice will state the name and address of the new loan servicer and the address to which payments should be made. The notice will also contain any other information required by applicable law.

18. **Partial Sale.** This instrument and the obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this instrument and the obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred, if the sum secured by this Security Instrument shall continue unchanged. Upon remonetization by Borrower, this Security instrument to assume that the sum of this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorney fees and Borrower's obligation to pay the instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorney fees, and to take such action as lender may reasonably require to satisfy the Note and this Security Instrument. There also may be sold one or more other instruments in accordance with the Note. The new servicer shall not apply in the case of acceleration under paragraph 17.

17. **Acceleration.** (a) Lender may declare all sums which it is owed under this security instrument and the Note as of the date of acceleration and demand immediate payment and the Note and this security instrument before sale of the property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this applicable law, except for instruments held before sale of the property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this security instrument, or by entry of a judgment entitling the security instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower (a) is guilty of bankruptcy, or (b) fails to make any payment due under this security instrument, or (c) fails to pay any sum due under this security instrument, or (d) fails to pay any sum due under this security instrument, or (e) fails to pay any sum due under this security instrument, or (f) fails to pay any sum due under this security instrument, or (g) fails to pay any sum due under this security instrument, or (h) fails to pay any sum due under this security instrument, or (i) fails to pay any sum due under this security instrument, or (j) fails to pay any sum due under this security instrument, or (k) fails to pay any sum due under this security instrument, or (l) fails to pay any sum due under this security instrument, or (m) fails to pay any sum due under this security instrument, or (n) fails to pay any sum due under this security instrument, or (o) fails to pay any sum due under this security instrument, or (p) fails to pay any sum due under this security instrument, or (q) fails to pay any sum due under this security instrument, or (r) fails to pay any sum due under this security instrument, or (s) fails to pay any sum due under this security instrument, or (t) fails to pay any sum due under this security instrument, or (u) fails to pay any sum due under this security instrument, or (v) fails to pay any sum due under this security instrument, or (w) fails to pay any sum due under this security instrument, or (x) fails to pay any sum due under this security instrument, or (y) fails to pay any sum due under this security instrument, or (z) fails to pay any sum due under this security instrument.

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period that Lender requires. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's approval which shall not be unreasonably withheld. If Borrower fails to maintain coverage described above, Lender may, at Lender's option, obtain coverage to protect Lender's rights in the Property in accordance with paragraph 7.

All insurance policies and renewals shall be acceptable to Lender and shall include a standard mortgage clause. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewals. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premium and renewal notices. In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, insurance proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property damaged if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to Borrower. If Borrower abandons the Property, or does not answer within 30 days a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may collect the insurance proceeds. Lender may use the proceeds to repair or restore the Property or to pay sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. The 30 day period will begin when the notice is given.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the monthly payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of the payments. If, under paragraph 21, the Property is acquired by Lender, Borrower's right to any insurance policies and proceeds resulting from damage to the Property prior to the acquisition shall pass to Lender to the extent of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately prior to the acquisition.

6. Occupancy, Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Borrower's Loan Application; Leaseholds. Borrower shall occupy, establish and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within sixty days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld; or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate, or commit waste on the Property. Borrower shall be in default if any forfeiture action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that in Lender's good faith judgment could result in forfeiture of the Property or otherwise materially impair the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower may cure such default and reinstate, as provided in paragraph 18, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's good faith determination, preclude forfeiture of the Borrower's interest in the Property or other material impairment of the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower shall also be in default if Borrower, during the loan application process, gave materially false or inaccurate information or statements to Lender or failed to provide Lender with any material information in connection with the loan evidenced by the Note, including, but not limited to representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as a principal residence. If this Security Instrument creates a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold (if the fee title shall not merge) shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

7. Protection of Lender's Rights in the Property. If Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, or there is a legal proceeding that may significantly affect Lender's rights in the Property (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture or to enforce laws or regulations), then Lender may do and pay for whatever is necessary to protect the value of the Property and Lender's rights in the Property. Lender's actions may include paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument, appearing in court, paying reasonable attorneys' fees and entering on the Property to make repairs. Although Lender may take action under this paragraph, Lender does not have to do so.

Any amount disbursed by Lender under this paragraph 7 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. Unless Borrower and Lender agree to other terms of payment, these amounts shall bear interest from the date of disbursement at the Note rate and shall be payable, with interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

8. Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required mortgage insurance as a condition of making the loan covered by this Security Instrument, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the mortgage insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the mortgage insurance coverage required by Lender lapses or ceases to be in effect, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the mortgage insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the mortgage insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer approved by Lender. If substantially equivalent mortgage insurance coverage is not available, Borrower shall pay to Lender each month a sum equal to one-twelfth of the yearly mortgage insurance premium being paid by Borrower when the insurance coverage lapsed or ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a loss reserve in lieu of mortgage insurance. Loss reserve payments may no longer be required, at the option of Lender, if mortgage insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period that Lender requires) provided by an insurer approved by Lender again becomes available and is obtained. Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain mortgage insurance in effect, or to provide a loss reserve, until the requirement for mortgage insurance ends in accordance with any written agreement between Borrower and Lender or applicable law.

9. Inspection. Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to an inspection specifying reasonable cause for the inspection.

10. Condemnation. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages, direct or consequential, in connection with any

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ANSWER TO PAPERS 06-6 SURVEY OF ECONOMIC POLICIES IN THE BRUSSELS INSTITUTE FOR INTERNATIONAL STUDIES

18. Borrower's Right to Remedy. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have termination of this Security Interest in any time prior to the earliest of:

If I understand correctly, this option would provide a period of acceleration. The more shall provide a period of acceleration, the less time the holder has to deliver the underlying asset.

15. Governing Law; Severability. This Securities Instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located; in the event that any provision of either law or of this Securities Instrument is held to be invalid, such invalidity shall not affect the other provisions of this Securities Instrument and the Note are deemed to be severable.

14. **Notice**. Any notice to Borrower provided for in this Security Instrument shall be given by delivery in one of the following ways:

13. **Loan charges.** If the loan is secured by this Security instrument in respect of a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is thereby interpreted so that the interests and other loan charges forfeited in respect of a law which sets maximum loan

III. Borrowed and Rebased Performance Not a Major Factor in Investment of the Time for Payment of Premium

Figure 2. Effect of flow rate and flow pattern on the application of pressure to promote shelf life extension of *Liliopanax* seeds. *S. Liliopanax* seeds were treated with 0.05% *Chitosan* solution at different flow rates and flow patterns for 1 h.

If the property is demanded by the owner or his attorney, he is entitled to demand that the defendant offer to make an award of settle a claim for damages, following his refusal to do so.

In the event of a total loss of the Property, the proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security, and upon payment of all other losses of any part of the Property, to the conveyance in trust of consideration due the lessor, whether or not the lessor shall be paid to Landor.

and determination of older linkage of any pair of the groups, or for evidence in favor of a common origin, we hereby assented and