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TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurteances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument.

All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property."

BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully seized of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to mortgage, sell and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Borrower warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

This SECURITY INSTRUMENT contains uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

1. Payment of Principal and Interest; Prepayment and Late Charges. Borrower shall promptly pay when due the principal of and interest on the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment and late charges due under the Note.

2. Funds for Tax and Insurance. Subject to applicable law or to a written waiver by Lender, Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day immediately preceding payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum ("Funds") for: (a) yearly taxes and assessments which may attach priority over this Security Instrument as a lien on the Property; (b) yearly household payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) yearly hazard or property insurance premiums; (d) yearly flood insurance premiums, if any; (e) yearly mortgage insurance premiums, if any; and (f) any sums payable by Borrower to Lender, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 8, in lieu of the payment of mortgage insurance premiums. These items are called "Escrow Items." Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount not to exceed the maximum amount a lender for a federally related mortgage loan may require for Borrower's escrow account under the federal Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act of 1974 as amended from time to time, 12 U.S.C. Section 2057 et seq. ("RESPA"), unless another law that applies to the Funds sets a lesser amount. If so, Lender may, at any time, collect such Funds in an amount not to exceed the lesser amount. Lender may ~~not~~ collect the amounts of Funds due on the basis of current or ~~or~~ reasonable estimates of expenditures of future Escrow items or otherwise in accordance with applicable law.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Lender, if Lender is such an institution) or in any Federal home loan bank. Lender shall apply the Funds to pay the Escrow Items. Lender may not charge Borrower for holding and applying the Funds, annually analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items, unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds. Applicable law permits Lender to make such a charge. However, Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for a independent real estate tax reporting service used by Lender in connection with this item, unless applicable law provides otherwise. Unless an agreement is made or applicable law requires interest to be paid, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on the Funds. Borrower and Lender may agree in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the Funds. Lender shall give to Borrower, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds, showing credits and debits to the Funds and the purpose for which each debit to the Funds was made. The Funds are pledged as additional security for all sums secured by this Security Instrument.

If the Funds held by Lender exceed the amounts permitted to be held by applicable law, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess Funds in accordance with the requirements of applicable law. If the amount of the Funds held by Lender at any time is not sufficient to pay the Escrow Items when due, Lender may so notify Borrower in writing, and, in such case Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to satisfy up the deficiency. Borrower shall make up the deficiency in no more than twelve monthly payments, at Lender's sole discretion.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrower any Funds held by Lender. If, under paragraph 21, Lender shall acquire or sell the Property, Lender, prior to the acquisition or sale of the Property, shall apply any Funds held by Lender at the time of acquisition or sale as a credit against the sums secured by this Security Instrument.

3. Application of Payments. Unless applicable law provides otherwise, all payments received by Lender under paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be applied first, to any prepayment charges due under the Note; second, to amounts payable under paragraph 2; third, to interest due; fourth, to principal due; and last, to any late charges due under the Note.

4. Charged Liens. Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines and impositions attributable to the Property which may attach priority over this Security Instrument, and household payments or ground rents, if any. Borrower shall pay these obligations in the manner provided in paragraph 2, or if not paid in that manner, Borrower shall pay them on time directly to the person owed payment. Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this paragraph. If Borrower makes these payments directly, Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender receipts evidencing the payment.

Borrower shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender; (b) contests in good faith the lien by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in the Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien; or (c) causes from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the lien to this Security Instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which may attach priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the lien. Borrower shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above within 10 days of the giving of such notice.

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8. Insurance or Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage" and any other hazards, including floods or flooding, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts and for the periods that Lender requires. The insurance carrier covering the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's approval which shall not be unreasonably withheld. If Borrower fails to maintain coverage described above, Lender may, at Lender's option, obtain coverage to protect Lender's rights in the Property in accordance with paragraph 7.
All insurance policies and certificates shall be noncancelable.

All insurance policies and renewals shall be acceptable to Lender and shall include a standard mortgage clause. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewals. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewed notices. In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower.

U.S. laws, Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, insurance proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property damage. If the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened, if the restoration or repair is not reasonably feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to Borrower. If Borrower abandons the Property, or does not assume within 30 days a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may collect the same as proceeds. Lender may use the proceeds to repair or restore the Property or to pay sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. The 10-day period will begin when the notice is given.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any notice given to Lender under this section must be given in writing and must be received by Lender at least 10 days before the date when the notice is to take effect. Lender may give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not expand or postpone the due date of the monthly payment or cause it to pay in arrears 1 and 2 or change the amount of the payments. If under paragraph 21 the Property is acquired by Lender, Borrower's right to any insurance policies and proceeds resulting from damage to the Property prior to the acquisition shall pass to Lender to the extent of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately prior to the acquisition.

6. Occupancy, Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Borrower's Loan Application; Leaseholders. Borrower shall occupy, maintain, and use the Property as Lender's principal residence within sixty days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control. No borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate, or commit waste on the Property. Borrower shall be in default if any forfeiture action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that in Lender's good faith judgment could result in forfeiture of the Property or otherwise materially impair the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower may care such a default and repossess, as provided in paragraph 18, by causing the action of proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's good faith determination, precludes foreclosure of the Borrower's interest in the Property or other material impairment of the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower shall also be in default if Borrower, during the loan application process, gave materially false or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with any material information) in connection with the loan evidenced by the Note, including, but not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as a principal residence. If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

7. Protection of Lender's Rights in the Property. If Borrower fails to perform the covenants and conditions contained in this Security Instrument, or there is a legal proceeding that may significantly affect Lender's rights in the Property, (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture or to enforce laws or regulations), then Lender may sue and pay whatever is necessary to protect the value of the Property and Lender's rights in the Property. Lender's actions may include paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument, appearing in court, paying reasonable attorneys' fees and entering on the Property to make repairs. Although Lender may take action under this paragraph, Lender does not have to do so.

8. Mortgage Insurance. If Lender requires mortgage insurance as a condition of making the loan secured by this Security Instrument, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the mortgage insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the mortgage insurance coverage required by Lender lapses or ceases to be in effect, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the mortgage insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost of coverage previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer approved by Lender. If substantially equivalent mortgage insurance coverage is not available, Borrower shall pay to Lender each month a sum equal to one-twelfth of the yearly mortgage insurance premium being paid by Borrower when the insurance coverage lapsed or ceased to be in effect. Lender will except, set aside and reduce these payments as a loss reserve in lieu of mortgage insurance. Loss reserve

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30. Borrower's Copy. Borrower shall be given one confirmed copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument.

31. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. If all or any part of the Property or any interest in it is sold or transferred (or if a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred and Buyer is not a natural person) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may, at its option, require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if exercise is prohibited by federal law as of the date of this Security Instrument.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is delivered or mailed within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument, without further notice or demand on Borrower.

32. Borrower's Right to Relocate. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time prior to the earlier of: (a) 5 days (or such other period as applicable law may specify for repossession) before sale of the Property pursuant to any power of sale contained in the Security Instrument; or (b) entry of a judgment enforcing the Security Instrument. These conditions are that (Borrower) (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under the Security Instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred, (b) cures any default of any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees; and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that the title of this Security Instrument, Lender's rights in the Property, and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall remain unchanged. Upon relocation made by Borrower, this Security Instrument and the obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to relocate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under paragraph 17.

33. Sale of Note; Change of Loan Servicer. The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with this Security Instrument) may be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale may result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects monthly payments due under the Note and the Security Instrument. There also may be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change in accordance with paragraph 14 above and applicable law. The notice will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer and the address to which payments should be made. The notice will also contain any other information required by applicable law.

34. Hazardous Substances. Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Property that is in violation of any Environmental Law. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property.

Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge. If Borrower learns, or is advised by any governmental or regulatory authority, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law.

As used in this paragraph 34, "Hazardous Substance" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline, hexane, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic metals and chemicals, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials. As used in this paragraph 34, "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety, or environmental protection.

NON-LIEN COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

35. Acceleration Notice. Lender shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under paragraph 17 unless applicable law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default by the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument, foreclose by judicial proceeding and sale of the Property. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to relocate under paragraph 32 and the right to assert in the foreclosure proceeding the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and foreclosure. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender, at its option, may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may foreclose this Security Instrument by judicial proceeding. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred by person(s) in the remedies provided in this paragraph 35, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of litigation.

36. Release. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall release this Security Instrument without charge to Borrower. Borrower shall pay any reasonable costs.

37. Waiver of Marshalling. Borrower waives all right of marshalling in the Property.

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CONDOMINIUM RIDER

THIS CONDOMINIUM RIDER is made this 30th day of April, 1983
and is incorporated into and shall be deemed to amend and supplement the Mortgage, Deed of Trust or Security
Deed (the "Security Instrument") of the same date given by the undersigned (the "Borrower") to secure Borrower's
Note to CHICAGO FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC.

(the "Lender")

of the same date and covering the Property described in the Security Instrument and located at:

1028 N. LINCOLN PLAZA 61000, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60614

(Property Address)

The Property includes a unit in, together with an undivided interest in the common elements of, a condominium
project known as: RENAISSANCE HOUSE CONDO 4689

(Name of Condominium Project)

(the "Condominium Project"). If the owners association or other entity which acts for the Condominium Project
(the "Owners Association") holds title to property for the benefit or use of its members or shareholders, the
Property also includes Borrower's interest in the Owners Association and the uses, proceeds and benefits of
Borrower's interest.

CONDOMINIUM COVENANTS. In addition to the covenants and agreements made in the Security
Instrument, Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

A. Condominium Obligations. Borrower shall perform all of Borrower's obligations under the
Condominium Project's Constituent Documents. The "Constituent Documents" are the: (i) Declaration or any other
document which creates the Condominium Project; (ii) by-laws; (iii) code of regulations; and (iv) other equivalent
documents. Borrower shall promptly pay, when due, all fees and assessments imposed pursuant to the Constituent
Documents.

B. Hazard Insurance. So long as the Owners Association maintains, with a generally accepted insurance
carrier, a "master" or "blanket" policy on the Condominium Project which is satisfactory to Lender and which
provides insurance coverage in the amounts, for the periods, and against the hazards Lender requires, including fire
and hazards included within the term "extended coverage," then:

(i) Lender waives the provision in Uniform Covenant 2 for the monthly payment to Lender of the
yearly premium installments for hazard insurance on the Property; and

(ii) Borrower's obligation under Uniform Covenant 5 to maintain hazard insurance coverage on the
Property is deemed satisfied to the extent that the required coverage is provided by the Owners Association policy.

Borrower shall give Lender prompt notice of any lapse in required hazard insurance coverage.

In the event of a distribution of hazard insurance proceeds in lieu of reservation or release following a loss to the
Property, whether in the unit or to common elements, any proceeds payable to Borrower are hereby assigned and
shall be paid to Lender for application to the sums secured by the Security Instrument, with any excess paid to
Borrower.

C. Public Liability Insurance. Borrower shall take such actions as may be reasonable to insure that the
Owners Association maintains a public liability insurance policy acceptable in form, amount, and extent of
coverage to Lender.

D. Condemnation. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages, direct or consequential, payable to
Borrower in connection with any condemnation or other taking of all or any part of the Property, whether or not
the Property is included in the condemnation or other taking, shall be held in trust by Lender for application to
the sums secured by the Security Instrument.

MULTISTATE CONDOMINIUM RIDER - Single Family - Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT

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unit or of the common elements, or for any conveyance in lieu of condemnation, are hereby assigned and shall be provided to Lender. Such proceeds shall be applied by Lender to the sums secured by the Security Instrument as provided in Uatumta Covenant 10.

E. Lender's Prior Consent. Borrower shall not, except after notice to Lender and without a written consent, either partition or subdivide the Property.

(1) the abandonment or termination of the Condominium Project, except for abandonment or termination required by law in the case of substantial destruction by fire or other casualty or in the case of a voluntary cancellation or assignment;

(ii) any amendment to any provision of the Constituent Documents if the provision is for the express benefit of Madras;

(iv) Utilisation of professional management and assumption of self-management of the Owners Association; or
(v) any action which would have the effect of rendering the building funds managed by the Owners' Association.

F. Remediation. If Buyer does not pay condominium dues and assessments when due, or fails to make any other payment required by the Condominium Association, Lender may require Buyer to remediate such non-compliance within a reasonable time period, and Lender may deduct the amount of such remediation from the proceeds of the sale of the Property.

10.4 Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this paragraph F shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by the Security Instruments. Upon Borrower's and Lender's agreement to other terms of payment, these amounts shall bear interest from the date of disbursement at the Note rate and shall be payable, with interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and provisions contained in this Contract Rider.

COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS
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