

PREPARED BY:
MORTGAGE EXPRESS
CHICAGO, IL 60634

UNOFFICIAL COPY

1828287

RECORD AND RETURN TO:

MORTGAGE EXPRESS
5714 WEST BELMONT
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60634

BOX 392

93599506

[Space Above This Line For Recording Data]

MORTGAGE

14407

THIS MORTGAGE ("Security Instrument") is given on JULY 30, 1993
BY BOGDAN GIZA
AND HALINA GIZA, HUSBAND AND WIFE

("Borrower"). This Security Instrument is given to
MORTGAGE EXPRESS

: DEPT-01 RECORDING \$31.00
: \$400000 TRAM 2948 08/02/93 12126100
: 98225 4 10-923-5129306
: COOK COUNTY RECORDER

which is organized and existing under the laws of THE STATE OF ILLINOIS
address is 5714 WEST BELMONT
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60634
ONE HUNDRED SIXTY TWO THOUSAND FOUR HUNDRED FIFTY
AND 00/100

Dollars (U.S. \$ 162,450.00).
This debt is evidenced by Borrower's note dated the same date as this Security Instrument ("Note"), which provides for monthly payments, with the full debt, if not paid earlier, due and payable on AUGUST 1, 2023.
This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (a) the repayment of the debt evidenced by the Note, with interest, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; (b) the payment of all other sums, with interest, advanced under paragraph 7 to protect the security of this Security Instrument; and (c) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower does hereby mortgage, grant and convey to Lender the following described property located in COOK County, Illinois:

LOT 23 IN BLOCK 5 IN OLIVER L. WATSON'S BELMONT HEIGHTS ADDITION TO
CHICAGO, A SUBDIVISION OF PART WEST OF RAILROAD OF THE SOUTHEAST 1/4 OF
SECTION 19, TOWNSHIP 40 NORTH, RANGE 13, EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL
MERIDIAN, IN COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS.

93599506

3/100
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13-19-408-018

which has the address of 3407 NORTH OAK PARK, CHICAGO
Illinois 60634
Zip Code

Street, City,

ILLINOIS Single Family-Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT
440-BRILL 60031

VMR MORTGAGE FORMS 0113-09 EDITION 88-023 EDITION

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Page

B.G.
M.G.

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Form 1014 9/70
DPS 1988

1000

• 1960 051

It follows that $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n f(\theta_k) = \mu$. Since f is continuous, we have $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f(\theta_n) = f(\mu)$. Therefore, $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n f(\theta_k) = f(\mu)$, which implies $\mu = f(\mu)$. Hence, μ is a fixed point of f .

Journal of Health Politics, Policy and Law, Vol. 38, No. 1, January 2013
DOI 10.1215/03616878-1200000 © 2013 by The University of North Carolina Press

(c) Application of principles, unless otherwise specified by providers of alternative, all payments received by a provider under paragraph 2 shall be applied first to any payment made under the rules set out in section 10(1)(a) under paragraph 2.

the *Sophia* was the first to build a hull of all stone secured by this *discretely* fastening, *large* stones shall probably remain to illustrate any

If the funds held by Lender exceed the amounts permitted to be held by applicable law, Lender shall return to Borrower such amounts as are in excess of the amounts permitted to be held by applicable law.

The funds shall be held in an institution which depots are insured by a federal agency, substantially, or entirely, for the benefit of the funds and debts so far as sums received by this Society shall be liable.

1. **Assignment of Premiums and Interests**: Premiums, interest or similar amounts paid by the Note and any prepayment and late charges due under the Note, shall be paid to and interest on the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment and late charges due under the Note.
2. **Funds for Losses and Insurance**: Subject to applicable laws or to a written waiver by Lender, Borrower shall pay to Lender an amount of premium and interest paid by Lender and insurance premiums paid by Lender the amount of premium and interest paid by Lender and insurance premiums paid by Lender under the Note.

¹ NUCLEAR POLLUTIONS. Biotesting and further experiments and analysis as follows.

Such a system can be considered as consisting of a number of sensors, which measure different characteristics of the environment.

THIS SITE IS FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES AND IS NOT INTENDED AS A SOURCE OF MEDICAL ADVICE AND SHOULD NOT BE CONSTRUED AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR PROFESSIONAL MEDICAL ADVICE, DIAGNOSIS, OR TREATMENT.

and was first and foremost the title of the People's Alliance for the Greens and Democrats, albeit of any combination of record.

HOMOMORPHOGENEITY is lawfully based on the same hereditarily transmitted unit that the child is homologous.

Each of the following statements is either true or false. If it is true, enter T; if it is false, enter F.

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5. Hazard or Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep all improvements new existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage" and any other hazards, including flood or flooding, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts and for the periods that Lender requires. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's approval which shall not be unreasonably withheld. If Borrower fails to maintain coverage described above, Lender may, at Lender's option, obtain coverage to protect Lender's rights in the Property in accordance with paragraph 7.

All insurance policies and renewals shall be acceptable to Lender and shall include a standard mortgage clause. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewals. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premium and renewal notices. In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, insurance proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property damaged, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to Borrower. If Borrower abandons the Property, or does not answer within 30 days a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may collect the insurance proceeds. Lender may use the proceeds to repair or restore the Property or to pay sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. The 30 day period will begin when the notice is given.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the monthly payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 7 or change the amount of the payments. If under a paragraph 11 the Property is acquired by Lender, Borrower's right to any insurance policies and proceeds resulting from damage to the Property prior to the acquisition shall pass to Lender to the extent of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately prior to the acquisition.

6. Occupancy, Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Borrower's Loan Application; Leasholds. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within sixty days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate, or commit waste on the Property. Borrower shall be in default if any forfeiture action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that in Lender's good faith judgment could result in forfeiture of the Property or otherwise materially impair the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower may cure such a default and reinstate, as provided in paragraph 13, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a finding that, in Lender's good faith determination, precludes forfeiture of the Borrower's interest in the Property or other material impairment of the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower shall also be in default if Borrower, during the loan application process, gave materially false or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with any material information) in connection with the loan evidenced by the Note, including, but not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as a principal residence. If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

7. Protection of Lender's Rights in the Property. If Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, or there is a legal proceeding that may significantly affect Lender's rights in the Property (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture or to enforce laws or regulations), then Lender may do and pay for whatever is necessary to protect the value of the Property and Lender's rights in the Property. Lender's actions may include paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument, appearing in court, paying reasonable attorneys' fees and entering on the Property to make repairs. Although Lender may take action under this paragraph 7, Lender does not have to do so.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this paragraph 7 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. Unless Borrower and Lender agree to other terms of payment, these amounts shall bear interest from the date of disbursement at the Note rate and shall be payable, with interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

8. Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required mortgage insurance as a condition of making the loan secured by this Security Instrument, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the mortgage insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the mortgage insurance coverage required by Lender lapses or ceases to be in effect, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the mortgage insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the mortgage insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer approved by Lender. If substantially equivalent mortgage insurance coverage is not available, Borrower shall pay to Lender each month a sum equal to one-twelfth of the yearly mortgage insurance premium being paid by Borrower when the insurance coverage lapsed or ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a loss reserve in lieu of mortgage insurance. Loss reserve

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Form 3014 9/00

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⁹¹ See also the following section on the relationship between the two types of legislation.

¹² See also the discussion of the "moral economy" in David Hume's *A Treatise of Human Nature*.

Widely used in paper and textile industries as a stabilizer of cellulose fibers against heat and light.

As a result, the author of the present article has chosen to focus on the question of the relationship between the concept of "cultural capital" and the concept of "cultural value".

Situations and Assumptions Behind Joint and Separate Reporting Entities

1. The power and functions of the Senate shall be determined by the time for paying rent or holding election of the members and keepers of the Senate, so as to enable the members of the Senate to have time to pay rent or hold election of the members and keepers of the Senate.

the following section, we will consider the implications of this finding for the development of new treatments for depression.

to do with the same kind of distributional behavior as the other days.

In the event of a total taking of the Property, the proceeds shall be applied to the sums awarded by this Security instrument, whether or not the claim does, worth any excess paid to the owner of a partial taking of the Property in which the first security instrument is situated before the taking is apportioned among the claimants. The proceeds shall be applied to the sums awarded by this Security instrument after the taking is apportioned among the claimants.

10. Furthermore, the proceeds of any award or claim for damages, direct or consequential, in connection with any

9. Inspector shall render a report of his findings upon final inspection of the property.

17. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. If either any part of the Property or any interest in it is sold or transferred (or if a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred and Borrower is not a natural person) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may, at its option, require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if exercise is prohibited by federal law as of the date of this Security Instrument.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is delivered or mailed within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower.

18. Borrower's Right to Reinstate. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time prior to the earlier of: (a) 5 days (or such other period as applicable law may specify for reinstatement) before sale of the Property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this Security Instrument; or (b) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) cures any default or any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees; and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that the form of this Security Instrument, Lender's rights in the Property and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall continue unchanged. Upon reinstatement by Borrower, this Security Instrument and the obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under paragraph 17.

19. Sale of Note; Change of Loan Servicer. The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with this Security Instrument) may be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale may result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects monthly payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument. There also may be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer attached to a copy of the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change in accordance with paragraph 14 above and applicable law. The notice will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer and the address to which payments should be made. The notice will also contain any other information required by applicable law.

20. Hazardous Substances. Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances on or in the Property. Borrower shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property that is in violation of any Environmental Law. (The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential use, and to maintenance of the Property.)

Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law.

As used in this paragraph 20, "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances by Environmental Law and the following substances—gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials. As used in this paragraph 20, "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection.

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NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

21. Acceleration; Remedies. Lender shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument that not prior to acceleration under paragraph 17 unless applicable law provides otherwise. The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument, foreclosure by judicial proceeding and sale of the Property. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to reinstate after acceleration and the right to assert in the foreclosure proceeding the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and foreclosure. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender, at its option, may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may foreclose this Security Instrument by judicial proceeding. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this paragraph 21, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of title evidence.

22. Release. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall release this Security Instrument without charge to Borrower. Borrower shall pay any recordation costs.

23. Waiver of Homestead. Borrower waives all right of homestead exemption in the Property.

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