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MAIL TO:
BOX 153

DEPT-01 RECORDINGS \$31.00

TR#9997 TRAN 1950 12/07/93 11:34:00

#1407 # 4-93-9948259

COOK COUNTY RECORDER

(Space Above This Line For Recording Data)

MORTGAGE

THIS MORTGAGE ("Security Instrument") is given on November 10, 1993. The mortgagor is KRZYSZTOF FUDALA and MARTA FUDALA, his wife, PROSPECT FEDERAL SAVING BANK ("Borrower"). This Security Instrument is given to UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, which is organized and existing under the laws of HARLEM, and whose address is AVE., WOBURN, MA 01888-1501. UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, ("Lender"). Borrower owes Lender the principal sum of SEVENTY FIVE THOUSAND AND NO/100 DOLLARS (\$75,000.00). This debt is evidenced by Borrower's note dated the same date as this Security Instrument ("Note"), which provides for monthly payments, with the full debt, if not paid earlier, due and payable on . This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (a) the repayment of the debt evidenced by the Note, with interest, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; (b) the payment of all other sums, with interest, advanced under paragraph 7 to protect the security of this Security Instrument; and (c) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower does hereby mortgage, grant and convey to Lender the following described property located in COOK County, Illinois:

LOT 25 IN BLOCK 10 IN ARDA, BEING A RESUBDIVISION OF LOTS 2, 3, 4 AND 5 IN SNYDACKER'S PARTITION OF THE EAST 1/2 OF THE NORTHWEST 1/4 OF SECTION 3, TOWNSHIP 18 NORTH, RANGE 11, EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, IN COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS.

P.L.N. 19-013-110-015

65596666

which has the address of 5011 S. LOCKWOOD STICKNEY
[Street] [City]
Illinois 60615 ("Property Address");
[Zip Code]

TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property."

BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully seized of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to mortgage, grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Borrower warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

ILLINOIS—Single Family—Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT

Product 44713 (11-91)

52-21-018251

P1736

Form 3014 8/90 (page 1 of 6 pages)

1991 SAF Systems & Forms, Inc.
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Form 301A 08/98 (Units & of a Partnership)

21. **Accessibilities:** Remedies, remedies, under which will give notice to Borrower to accelerate or terminate following Horrors, if breach of any covenant or agreement of Borrower prior to acceleration following Horrors, a
 17. **Acceleration:** unless applicable law provides otherwise, the notice shall apply; (a) the default; (b) the action under paragraph 17
 22. **Kelate:** Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall release this Security
 instrument without charge to Borrower, Borrower shall pay any recording costs.

23. **Waiver of Remedies:** Borrower waives all right of foreclosure except in the event:

NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

borrower shall promptly give lender written notice of any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any government agency or any other party.

20. **Hazardous Substances.** Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances on or in the Property. Borrower shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the use of any Hazardous Substances Substances that are generally recognized as being dangerous or potentially harmful to health or the environment, or which may pollute the air, water, or soil, or which may damage property or equipment. Borrower shall not violate any environmental laws, rules, regulations, permits, orders, or requirements of any governmental entity or agency, or any other applicable law, rule, regulation, or requirement, relating to the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances. Borrower shall not violate any environmental laws, rules, regulations, permits, orders, or requirements of any governmental entity or agency, or any other applicable law, rule, regulation, or requirement, relating to the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances.

19. Sale of Note; Change of Lessor Service. The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with this Security Instrument) may be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale may result in a change in the entity known as the "Lessor Service," that collects monthly payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument. There also may be one or more changes of the Lessor Service unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Lessor Service, Borrower will be given written notice of the change in accordance with Paragraph 14 above and applicable law. The notice will state the name and address of the new Lessor Service and the steps to which paymenets should be made.

18. Borrower's Right to Reclaim. If Borrower makes certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have conditional reclaim of this Security instrument discharged at any time prior to the earlier of: (a) 5 days (or such other period as applicable law may specify for reinstatement) before exercise of the property pursuant to any power contained in this instrument or (b) entry of a judgment entitling Lender to foreclose this Security instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower: (a) pays Lender all sums which Lender would be due under this Security instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) cures any default of any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorney's fees; and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require. (e) Lender may accelerate this Security instrument by Borrower's obligation to pay the sum secured by this Security instrument shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this instrument and the obligations hereof shall remain fully effective until terminated or paid in full.

If Leender exercises this option, Leender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of no less than 30 days from the date the notice is delivered or mailed within which Borrower must pay all sums accrued by this Security instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Leender may invoke any remedy determined by this Security instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower.

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UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

1. Payment of Principal and Interest; Prepayment and Late Charges. Borrower shall promptly pay when due the principal of and interest on the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment and late charges due under the Note.

2. Funds for Taxes and Insurance. Subject to applicable law or to a written waiver by Lender, Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day monthly payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum ("Funds") for: (a) yearly taxes and assessments which may attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien on the Property; (b) yearly leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) yearly hazard or property insurance premiums; (d) yearly flood insurance premiums, if any; (e) yearly mortgage insurance premiums, if any; and (f) any sums payable by Borrower to Lender, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 8, in lieu of the payment of mortgage insurance premiums. These items are called "Escrow Items." Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount not to exceed the maximum amount a lender for a federally related mortgage loan may require for Borrower's escrow account under the federal Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act of 1974 as amended from time to time, 12 U.S.C. § 2601 et seq. ("RESPA"), unless another law that applies to the Funds sets a lesser amount. If so, Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount not to exceed the lesser amount. Lender may estimate the amount of Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future Escrow Items or otherwise in accordance with applicable law.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Lender, if Lender is such an institution) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply the Funds to pay the Escrow Items. Lender may not charge Borrower for holding and applying the Funds, annually analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items, unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds and applicable law permits Lender to make such a charge. However, Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for an independent real estate tax reporting service used by Lender in connection with this loan, unless applicable law provides otherwise. Unless an agreement is made or applicable law requires interest to be paid, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on the Funds. Borrower and Lender may agree in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the Funds. Lender shall give to Borrower, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds, showing credits and debits to the Funds and the purpose for which each debit to the Funds was made. The Funds are pledged as additional security for all sums secured by this Security Instrument.

If the Funds held by Lender exceed the amounts permitted to be held by applicable law, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess Funds in accordance with the requirements of applicable law. If the amount of the Funds held by Lender at any time is not sufficient to pay the Escrow Items when due, Lender may so notify Borrower in writing, and, in such case Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the deficiency. Borrower shall make up the deficiency in no more than twelve monthly payments, at Lender's sole discretion.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrower any Funds held by Lender. If, under paragraph 21, Lender shall acquire or sell the Property, Lender, prior to the acquisition or sale of the Property, shall apply any Funds held by Lender at the time of acquisition or sale as a credit against the sums secured by this Security Instrument.

3. Application of Payments. Unless applicable law provides otherwise, all payments received by Lender under paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be applied: first, to any prepayment charges due under the Note; second, to amounts payable under paragraph 2; third, to interest due; fourth, to principal due; and last, to any late charges due under the Note.

4. Charges; Liens. Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines and impositions attributable to the Property which may attain priority over this Security Instrument, and leasehold payments or ground rents, if any. Borrower shall pay these obligations in the manner provided in paragraph 2, or if not paid in that manner, Borrower shall pay them on time directly to the person owed payment. Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this paragraph. If Borrower makes these payments directly, Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender receipts evidencing the payments.

Borrower shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender; (b) contests in good faith the lien by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in the Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien; or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the lien to this Security Instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which may attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the lien. Borrower shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above within 10 days of the giving of notice.

5. Hazard or Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage" and any other hazards, including floods or flooding, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts and for the periods that Lender requires. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's approval which shall not be unreasonably withheld. If Borrower fails to maintain coverage described above, Lender may, at Lender's option, obtain coverage to protect Lender's rights in the Property in accordance with paragraph 7.

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All insurance policies and renewals shall be acceptable to Lender and shall include a standard mortgage clause. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewals. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, insurance proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property damaged, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to Borrower. If Borrower abandons the Property, or does not answer within 30 days a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may collect the insurance proceeds. Lender may use the proceeds to repair or restore the Property or to pay sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the monthly payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of the payments. If under paragraph 21 the Property is acquired by Lender, Borrower's right to any insurance policies and proceeds resulting from damage to the Property prior to the acquisition shall pass to Lender to the extent of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately prior to the acquisition.

6. Occupancy, Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Borrower's Loan Application; Leaseholds. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within sixty days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate, or commit waste on the Property. Borrower shall be in default if any forfeiture action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that in Lender's good faith judgment could result in forfeiture of the Property or otherwise materially impair the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower may cure such a default and reinstate, as provided in paragraph 18, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's good faith determination, precludes forfeiture of the Borrower's interest in the Property or other material impairment of the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower shall also be in default if Borrower, during the loan application process, gave materially false or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with any material information) in connection with the loan evidenced by the Note, including, but not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as a principal residence. If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

7. Protection of Lender's Rights In the Property. If Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, or there is a legal proceeding that may significantly affect Lender's rights in the Property (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture or to enjoin laws or regulations), then Lender may do and pay for whatever is necessary to protect the value of the Property and Lender's rights in the Property. Lender's actions may include paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument, appearing in court, paying reasonable attorneys' fees and entering on the Property to make repairs. Although Lender may take action under this paragraph 7, Lender does not have to do so.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this paragraph 7 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. Unless Borrower and Lender agree to other terms of payment, these amounts shall bear interest from the date of disbursement at the Note rate and shall be payable, with interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

8. Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required mortgage insurance as a condition of making the loan secured by this Security Instrument, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the mortgage insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the mortgage insurance coverage required by Lender lapses or ceases to be in effect, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the mortgage insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the mortgage insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer approved by Lender. If substantially equivalent mortgage insurance coverage is not available, Borrower shall pay to Lender each month a sum equal to one-twelfth of the yearly mortgage insurance premium being paid by Borrower when the insurance coverage lapsed or ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a loss reserve in lieu of mortgage insurance. Loss reserve payments may no longer be required, at the option of Lender, if mortgage insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period that Lender requires) provided by an insurer approved by Lender again becomes available and is obtained. Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain mortgage insurance in effect, or to provide a loss reserve, until the requirement for mortgage insurance ends in accordance with any written agreement between Borrower and Lender or applicable law.

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16. Borrower's Copy. Borrower shall be given one conforming copy of this Note and of this Security Instrument.

17. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. If all or any part of the Property or any interest in it is sold or transferred (or if a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred and Borrower is not a natural

15. Governing Law; Severability. This Security Lien Agreement shall be governed by federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which Property is located. In the event that any provision of this Security Lien Agreement or the Note can be given effect without the conflicting provision. To this end the provisions of this Security Lien Agreement shall not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which conflict with applicable law, such conflict shall not affect any provision or clause of this Security Lien Agreement or the Note which purports to be enforceable to the contrary.

13. Loan Charges. (1) The loan secured by this Security Instrument is subject to all law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interests of other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the loan exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) Any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the loan to the permitted limits, then: (b) Any sums already collected from Borrower, which exceeded the charge to the permitted limits, and (c) any sums already collected from Borrower, which exceeded the permitted limits will be refunded to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment without any decrease in the share under the Note.

12. Successors and Assigns Bound; Joint and Several Liability; Co-Signers. The co-creants and agreements of this Security instrument shall bind and benefit the successoress and assignees of Lender and Borrower, subject to the provisions of paragraph 17. Borrower's covenants and agreements of Lender and Borrower, except to the provisions of paragraph 17, Borrower's covenants and agreements of Lender and Borrower, and any Borrower who co-signs this Security instrument but does not execute the Note, (a) is co-signing this Security instrument only to mortgage, general and convey that security or make any assignments with regard to the terms of this Note without the Noteholder's furtherwa

U.S. less Lender (and Borrower) otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not exceed or postpone the due date of the monthly payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of such payments. 11. Borrower Not Referred; Forbearance by Lender Not a Waiver. Extension of the time for payment of modification of amortization of the loans secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to any successor in interest of Borrower shall not operate to reduce the liability of the original Borrower to Lender in interest or otherwise modify amortization of the loans secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to any successor in interest of Borrower or to extend the time for payment of the monthly payments referred to in paragraph 1 or postpone the due date of the monthly payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of such payments.

In the event of a total taking of the Property, the proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security instrument, whether or not there is a sufficient balance to cover the amount of a partial taking of the Property in which the security or note then due is held. In the event of a partial taking of the Property, the proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security instrument, whether or not there is a sufficient balance to cover the amount of the Property taken. If the total amount of the sums secured by this Security instrument held by the Borrower is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by the note due, with any excess paid to the Borrower, in the event of a partial taking of the Property in which the security or note then due is held, the market value of the Property paid to the Borrower, less the amount of the proceeds will be reduced by the amount of the sums secured by this Security instrument held by the Borrower before the taking. If the total amount of the sums secured by this Security instrument held by the Borrower is less than the amount of the sums secured by the note due, the market value of the Property paid to the Borrower, less the amount of the proceeds will be reduced by the amount of the sums secured by this Security instrument held by the Borrower before the taking, plus the amount of the proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the taking, divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking. Any balance shall be paid to the Borrower. In the event of a partial taking of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking is less than the amount of the sums secured by this Security instrument held by the Borrower before the taking, plus the amount of the proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the taking, divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking, less the amount of the proceeds. In the event of a partial taking of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking is less than the amount of the sums secured by this Security instrument held by the Borrower before the taking, plus the amount of the proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the taking, divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking, less the amount of the proceeds. In the event of a partial taking of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking is less than the amount of the sums secured by this Security instrument held by the Borrower before the taking, plus the amount of the proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the taking, divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking, less the amount of the proceeds.

10. **Condemnation:** The proceeds of any award of damages, direct or consequential, in condemnation will be paid to Lender.

9. Inspection. Lender or its agent may make reasonable inspections upon and inspections of the Property at the time of or prior to an inspection specified by the Borrower.