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(Please Check This Box For Recording Data)

MORTGAGE

93259935

THIS MORTGAGE ("Security Instrument") is given on

MARCH 30, 1993

The mortgagor is

RON J. LANE, JR. AND MARY KYLE LANE/HUSBAND AND WIFE

(*Borrower). This Security Instrument is given to

WORLD CLASS MORTGAGE CORP.

DEPT-M1 RECORDING 931,50
TODAY FRM DAS SA 16/93 101,7600
12017 9 * 914-259935
COOK COUNTY RECORDER

which is organized and existing under the laws of

THE STATE OF ILLINOIS

, and where

address is 3380 OGDEN AVENUE, SUITE 108, ISLE, IL 60542

(Lender). Borrower owes Lender the principal sum of

ONE HUNDRED SIX THOUSAND AND 00/100

Dollars (U.S.\$ 106,000.00 ")

This sum is evidenced by Borrower's note dated the same date as this Security Instrument ("Note"), which provides for monthly payments with the full debt, if not paid earlier, due and payable on MAY 1, 2023. This Security Instrument secures to Lender (a) the payment of the debt evidenced by the Note, with interest, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; (b) the payment of all other sums, with interest, advanced under paragraph 7 to protect the security of this Security Instrument; and (c) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower does hereby mortgage, grant and convey to Lender the following described property located in COOK

THE NORTH 57 FEET OF THE SOUTH 87 FEET OF LOT 9 IN BLOCK 2 IN FOREST MEADOWS OF WESTERN SPRINGS, COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS, A SUBDIVISION BY HENRY KINFIELDT AND GEORGE L. BRUCKERT OF THE EAST 1/2 OF SECTION 7, TOWNSHIP 38 NORTH, RANGE 12, EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, AND THAT PART OF BLOCKS 12, 13, 14 AND 15 IN THE HIGHLANDS, BEING A SUBDIVISION OF THE NORTHWEST 1/4 AND THE WEST 800 FEET OF THE NORTH 144 FEET OF THE SOUTHWEST 1/4 OF SECTION 7, TOWNSHIP 38 NORTH, RANGE 12, EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, IN COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS, LYING EAST OF A LINE 33 FEET WEST OF AND PARALLEL WITH THE BASE LINE OF SAID NORTHWEST 1/4 OF SAID SECTION 7, IN COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS.

PT# 18-07-204-007

which has the address of 4725 GRAND AVENUE,
Blkons 60558 (24 Cnty)

WESTERN SPRINGS

[Street, City]

ARMAND'S Single Family Freddie Mac Uniform Instrument
GRILL #106

LAW MORTGAGE FORMS - 312-520-3100 (800)621-7281

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Form 3614 8/90
Amended 8/91

3/10/93

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TO THE OTHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtelements, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additons shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property."

POSSESSOR COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully seized of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to mortgage, grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Borrower warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT contains uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

1. Payment of Principal and Interest; Prepayment and Late Charges. Borrower shall promptly pay when due the principal and interest on the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment and late charges due under the Note.

2. Funds for Taxes and Insurance. Subject to applicable law or to a written waiver by Lender, Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day monthly payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum ("Funds") for: (a) yearly taxes and assessments which may attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien on the Property; (b) yearly leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) yearly hazard or property insurance premiums; (d) yearly flood insurance premiums, if any; (e) yearly mortgage insurance premiums, if any; and (f) any sums payable by Borrower to Lender, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 8, in lieu of the payment of mortgage insurance premiums. These items are called "Escrow Items." Lender may, at any time, collect and hold funds in an amount not to exceed the maximum amount a lender for a federally related mortgage loan may require for Borrower's escrow account under the federal Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act of 1974 as amended from time to time, 12 U.S.C. Section 2601 et seq. ("RESPA"), unless another law that applies to the Funds set a lesser amount. If so, Lender may, at any time, collect and hold funds in an amount not to exceed the lesser amount. Lender may estimate the amount of funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future Escrow Items or otherwise in accordance with applicable law.

The funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity insuring Lender, if Lender is such an institution or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply the Funds to pay the Escrow Items. Lender may not charge Borrower for holding and applying the funds, annually analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items, unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds and applicable law permits Lender to make such a charge. However, Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for an independent real estate tax reporting service used by Lender in connection with this loan, unless applicable law provides otherwise. Unless an agreement is made or applicable law requires interest to be paid, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on the Funds. Borrower and Lender may agree in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the Funds. Lender shall give to Borrower, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds, showing credits and debits to the Funds and the purpose for which each debit to the Funds was made. The Funds are pledged as additional security for all sums secured by this Security Instrument.

If the funds held by Lender exceed the amounts permitted to be held by applicable law, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess funds in accordance with the requirements of applicable law. If the amount of the Funds held by Lender at any time is not sufficient to pay the Escrow Items when due, Lender may so notify Borrower in writing, and, in such case Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the deficiency. Borrower shall make up the deficiency in no more than twelve monthly payments, at Lender's sole discretion.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrower any Funds held by Lender. If, under paragraph 21, Lender shall acquire or sell the Property, Lender, prior to the acquisition or sale of the Property, shall apply any Funds held by Lender at the time of acquisition or sale as a credit against the sums secured by this Security Instrument.

3. Application of Payments. Unless applicable law provides otherwise, all payments received by Lender under paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be applied first, to any prepayment charges due under the Note, second, to amounts payable under paragraph 2; third, to interest due; fourth, to principal due; and last, to any late charges due under the Note.

4. Charges; Liens. Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines and impositions attributable to the Property which may attain priority over this Security Instrument, and leasehold payments or ground rents, if any. Borrower shall pay these obligations to the manner provided in paragraph 2, or if not paid in that manner, Borrower shall pay them on time directly to the person owed payment. Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this paragraph. If Borrower makes these payments directly, Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender receipts evidencing the payments.

Borrower shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender; (b) contests in good faith the lien by suit, defends against enforcement of the lien in legal proceedings which in the Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the lien to this Security Instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which may attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the lien. Borrower shall satisfy the lien or take out or remove the actions set forth above within 10 days of the giving of notice.

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THE BOSTONIAN

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¹ See also the discussion above, notes 1-4, on the scope of the concept of *protectionism* in American law.

22. KERBER, RICHARD S.; PROSPECTIVE STUDY OF VASCULAR DISEASE IN WOMEN. JOURNAL OF THE AMERICAN MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, 243(12), 1345-1350.

21. **Accelerated Kondratieff, Lendis** shall give notice to accelerated prior to acceleration under circumstances where a party's payment of obligations in full or in part is delayed by more than 30 days from the date of such payment.

NON-EUROPEAN COUNTRIES Prevalence and trends in other countries and areas are discussed.

A. Based on this Paragraph 20, Hazardous substances defined as toxic to humans substances by Article 9(2)(c) include asbestos in accordance with the EU inventory of ECHA.

Because of the complex nature of the transaction, there would result to other factors by any consideration of the parties' best interest.

In effect, these subsidies distort the price signal and encourage overproduction. Subsidies to agriculture are passed on to the consumer through higher prices for food products.

19. **State of Society**: The voice of loan bankers. The voice of a peasant interested in the role together with his secondary (secondary) interests.

If I understand correctly, this option **leaves** the **Borrower** **entitled** to receive **interest** **half** **plus** **Borrower** **note** **of** **sight**. The **note** **shall** **provide** **a** **period** **of** **not** **less** **than** **60** **days** **from** **the** **date** **the** **house** **is** **delivered** **to** **settled** **within** **which** **Borrower** **shall** **pay** **all** **sums** **settled** **by** **this** **agreement**.

12. Transfer of the property or a beneficial interest in property, if all or any part of the property or any interest in it is transferred to a person other than the original owner.

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5. Hazard or Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage" and any other hazards, including floods or flooding, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts and for the periods that Lender requires. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's approval which shall not be unreasonably withheld. If Borrower fails to maintain coverage described above, Lender may, at Lender's option, obtain coverage to protect Lender's rights in the Property in accordance with paragraph 7.

All insurance policies and renewals shall be acceptable to Lender and shall include a standard mortgage clause. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewals. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, insurance proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property damaged, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to Borrower. If Borrower abandons the Property, or does not answer within 30 days a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may collect the insurance proceeds. Lender may use the proceeds to repair or restore the Property or to pay sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. The 30 day period will begin when the notice is given.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the monthly payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of the payments. If under paragraph 2, the Property is acquired by Lender, Borrower's right to any insurance policies and proceeds resulting from damage to the Property prior to the acquisition shall pass to Lender to the extent of the sums secured by this Security Instrument from day of acquisition.

6. Occupancy, Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Borrower's Loan Application; Leashholds. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within sixty days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate, or commit waste on the Property. Borrower shall be in default if any forfeiture action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that in Lender's good faith judgment could result in forfeiture of the Property or otherwise materially impair the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower may cure such a default and restate, as provided in paragraph 18, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that it is Lender's good faith determination, precludes forfeiture of the Borrower's interest in the Property or other material impairment of the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower shall also be in default if Borrower, during the loan application process, gave materially false or inaccurate information or statements to Lender or failed to provide Lender with accurate information in connection with the loan evidenced by the Note, including, but not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as a principal residence. If this Security Instrument is on a record title, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the laws. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

7. Protection of Lender's Rights in the Property. If Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, or there is a legal proceeding that may significantly affect Lender's rights in the Property (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, divorce, for condemnation or forfeiture or to enforce laws or regulations), then Lender may do and pay the expenses necessary to protect the value of the Property and Lender's rights in the Property. Lender's actions may include paying any sums required by a court having jurisdiction over this Security Instrument, applying to court, paying debts and attorney fees you oweing to the Projects to make repairs. Although Lender may take action under this paragraph 7, Lender does not have to do so.

Any amounts so caused by Lender to act under this paragraph 7 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. If these amounts are not paid to Lender within 30 days of payment, these amounts shall bear interest from the date of disbursement at the rate of 12% per year and shall be payable, with interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

8. Mortgage Insurance. If Lender requires mortgage insurance as a condition of making the loan secured by this Security Instrument, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the mortgage insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the mortgage insurance premium required by Lender does not allow to be in effect, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage which will correspond to the mortgage insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the mortgage insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer approved by Lender. If such an alternate mortgage insurance coverage is not available, Borrower shall pay to Lender each month a sum equal to one-twelfth of the yearly mortgage insurance premium being paid by Borrower when the insurance coverage lapsed or ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a loss reserve in lieu of mortgage insurance. Loss reserve

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¹⁰¹ *Bostock et al., A City? B*, 10. It should be noted that one of the main reasons for the lack of support for the proposed new city was the lack of support from the business community.

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¹⁵ See *the Hague Law of Succession*. This document is important, first because it is one of the few of the general rules of international law that have been adopted by a majority of states; secondly, because it is based on the principles of the Geneva Convention.

11. **SOURCE** Any source or sources to Bontemps provided by him/her, second signature shall be given to differentiate it from the original.

13. **Initial & Interventions** - The first intervention is to identify the problem and determine the best course of action. This may involve consulting with experts, conducting research, or seeking input from stakeholders. Once the problem is identified, interventions can be developed to address it. These interventions may include policy changes, programmatic changes, or other measures to improve outcomes.

12. Successors and Assignees Board and Secret Library (Co-Secretaries) The trustees and administrators of this

The best water will keep the ground cool as water is scattered over the ground to help cool the soil.

Stvarnost je ujedno i vlastna sfera i posredstvo nje se prenosi na drugu. Upravo tako je stvarnost u svakom pojedinom odnosu prenesena na drugu.

TS

the people, under the leadership of the Party, to the sons

Office

the premises shall be applied to the sums secured by this security instrument.

per pellisse faturum, ut tunc in aliis regimur, et non in aliis, quod est in aliis.

The **dissemination** of scientific knowledge is a key role of the **Academy**, which organizes various dissemination programs for the **Proprietary**. Likewise, it shall give

Parliament can make laws for the peace, order, and good government of Canada, and for the better government of the provinces, and for making laws in relation to all matters of national importance.