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MORTGAGE

APPL# 001-30318160

THIS MORTGAGE ("Security Instrument") is given on **APRIL 26, 1993**
STEVE J KOLTZ JR AND LINDA L COOPER-KOLTZ, HUSBAND AND WIFE,

("Borrower"). This Security Instrument is given to

HOME FEDERAL SAVINGS & LOAN ASSOCIATION OF ELGIN

which is organized and existing under the laws of **THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA**,
address is **16 NORTH SPRING STREET, ELGIN, ILLINOIS 60120**, and whose

("Lender"). Borrower owes Lender the principal sum of

ONE HUNDRED TWENTY FOUR THOUSAND AND NO/100

Dollars (U.S. \$ 124,000.00).

This debt is evidenced by Borrower's note dated the same date as this Security Instrument ("Note"), which provides for monthly payments, with the full debt, if not paid earlier, due and payable on **MAY 1, 2003**. This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (a) the repayment of the debt evidenced by the Note, with interest, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; (b) the payment of all other sums, with interest, advanced under paragraph 7 to protect the security of this Security Instrument; and (c) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower does hereby mortgage, grant and convey to Lender the following described property located in

COOK County, Illinois:

LOT 9 (EXCLUDING THEREFROM THAT PART DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS: BEGINNING AT THE NORTHWEST CORNER OF SAID LOT 9; THENCE EASTERLY ALONG THE NORTHERLY LINE OF SAID LOT, BEING ALSO THE SOUTHERLY LINE OF DALE DRIVE, A DISTANCE OF 300.0 FEET; THENCE SOUTHERLY A DISTANCE OF 329.68 FEET TO A POINT IN THE SOUTHERLY LINE OF SAID LOT 9 THAT IS 300.0 FEET EASTERLY OF (MEASURED ALONG SAID SOUTHERLY LINE) THE SOUTH WEST CORNER OF SAID LOT; THENCE WESTERLY ALONG SAID SOUTHERLY LINE A DISTANCE OF 300.0 FEET TO THE SOUTH WEST CORNER OF SAID LOT 9; THENCE NORTHERLY ALONG THE WEST LINE OF SAID LOT A DISTANCE OF 328.81 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING) IN BERNER ESTATES, BEING A SUBDIVISION OF PART OF THE WEST 1/2 OF SECTION 8, TOWNSHIP 41 NORTH, RANGE 9 EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, ACCORDING TO THE PLAT THEREOF RECORDED FEBRUARY 7, 1958 AS DOCUMENT NUMBER 17129065, IN COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS.

06-08-300-044

which has the address of **1425 DALE DRIVE, ELGIN** (**Property Address**);
Illinois **60120** [Zip Code]

(Street, City).

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This instrument was prepared by: JESSICA A GURNETT

NOTARY PUBLIC, STATE OF ILLINOIS
JESSICA A GURNETT
OFFICIAL SEAL

Notary Public

1993

261A

day of APRIL

1993

Year

Month

Day

Year

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17. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. If all or any part of the Property or any interest in it is sold or transferred (or if a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred and Borrower is not a natural person) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may, at its option, require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if exercise is prohibited by federal law as of the date of this Security Instrument.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is delivered or mailed within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower.

18. Borrower's Right to Reinstate. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time prior to the earlier of: (a) 5 days (or such other period as applicable law may specify for reinstatement) before sale of the Property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this Security Instrument; or (b) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) cures any default of any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees; and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that the lien of this Security Instrument, Lender's rights in the Property and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall continue unchanged. Upon reinstatement by Borrower, this Security Instrument and the obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under paragraph 17.

19. Sale of Note; Change of Loan Servicer. The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with this Security Instrument) may be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale may result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects monthly payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument. There also may be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change in accordance with paragraph 14 above and applicable law. The notice will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer and the address to which payments should be made. The notice will also contain any other information required by applicable law.

20. Hazardous Substances. Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances on or in the Property. Borrower shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property that is in violation of any Environmental Law. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property.

Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law.

As used in this paragraph 20, "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials. As used in this paragraph 20, "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection.

NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

21. Acceleration; Remedies. Lender shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under paragraph 17 unless applicable law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument, foreclosure by judicial proceeding and sale of the Property. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to reinstate after acceleration and the right to assert in the foreclosure proceeding the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and foreclosure. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender, at its option, may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may foreclose this Security Instrument by judicial proceeding. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this paragraph 21, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of title evidence.

22. Release. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall release this Security Instrument without charge to Borrower. Borrower shall pay any recordation costs.

23. Waiver of Homestead. Borrower waives all right of homestead exemption in the Property.

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Borrower shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender; (b) consents in good faith the Lien to defraud another creditor of the instrument or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the Lien; or (d) secures from the holder of the Lien a written acknowledgement of the Lien by the holder.

d. Charges, leases, Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines and impositions attributable to the Property which may arise from this Security instrument, and leasehold payments or ground rents, if any, Borrower shall pay these obligations in the manner provided in paragraph 2, or if not paid in that manner, Borrower shall pay them directly to the Person (and Payee), Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this paragraph to the Person (and Payee). Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices evidencing the payment.

1 and 2 shall be applied; first, to any prepayment charges due under the Note; second, to amounts payable under paragraph 2;

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly return to Borrower any funds held by Lender. If, under Paragraph 21, Lender shall acquire or sell the Property, Lender, prior to the acquisition or sale of the Property, shall apply any Funds held by Lender at the time of acquisition or sale as a credit against the sums secured by the Security.

If the Funds held by Lender exceed the amounts permitted to be held by applicable law, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess Funds held by Lender in accordance with the requirements of applicable law. If the amount of the Funds held by Lender exceeds the amounts permitted to be held by applicable law, Lender shall make up the deficiency in no more than three days.

The Funds shall be held in a institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, insurnamentality, or including Lender, if Lender is such an institution) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply the Funds to pay the Escrow items, Lender may not charge Boarder for holding and applying the Funds, annually analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow items, unless Lender fails to make such a charge Boarder for holding and applying the Funds and permits Lender to make such a charge. However, Lender may require Boarder to pay a one-time charge for an independent real estate law reporting service such as a title company or attorney. Lender may require Boarder to pay a one-time charge for an independent real estate law reporting service such as a title company or attorney. Unless Lender is connected with this loan, Lender may require Boarder to pay a one-time charge for an independent real estate law reporting service such as a title company or attorney.

2. Funds for Taxes and Leases under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum ("Funds") for: (a) yearly taxes and assessments which may attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien on the Property; (b) yearly leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) yearly hazard or property insurance premiums; (d) yearly flood insurance premiums; (e) yearly mortgage insurance premiums, if any; and (f) any sums payable by Borrower to Lender, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 6, in lieu of the payment of mortgage insurance premiums. These items are called "Fees or Items." Lender may charge monthly payments subject to applicable law or to a written waiver by Lender, Borrower shall pay to Lender the sum of the fees or items set forth in the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum ("Funds") for Taxes and Leases under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum ("Funds") for: (a) yearly taxes and assessments which may attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien on the Property; (b) yearly leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) yearly hazard or property insurance premiums; (d) yearly flood insurance premiums; (e) yearly mortgage insurance premiums, if any; and (f) any sums payable by Borrower to Lender, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 6, in lieu of the payment of mortgage insurance premiums. These items are called "Fees or Items." If any of the fees or items set forth in the Note exceed the amount of the fees or items set forth in the Note, Lender may estimate the amount of Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of future fees or items set forth in the Note, unless another law otherwise provides. Lender may estimate the amount of Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of future fees or items set forth in the Note, unless another law otherwise provides.

1. Payment of Prepaid and Late Charges: Prepayment and Late Charges. Borrower shall promptly pay when due the principal of and interest on the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment and late charges due under the Note.

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform coveralls for rational use and non-uniform coveralls with limited warranties by the defendant to plaintiff security instruments covering real property.

BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully entitled to the title to the property, conveys and has the right to mortgage,

Another work of importance is that of the people. All improvements and successes will only be made by the people.

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payments may no longer be required, at the option of Lender, if mortgage insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period that Lender requires) provided by an insurer approved by Lender again becomes available and is obtained. Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain mortgage insurance in effect, or to provide a loss reserve, until the requirement for mortgage insurance ends in accordance with any written agreement between Borrower and Lender or applicable law.

9. Inspection. Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to an inspection specifying reasonable cause for the inspection.

10. Condemnation. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages, direct or consequential, in connection with any condemnation or other taking of any part of the Property, or for conveyance in lieu of condemnation, are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender.

In the event of a total taking of the Property, the proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to Borrower. In the event of a partial taking of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the taking, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the taking, divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking. Any balance shall be paid to Borrower. In the event of a partial taking of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the taking, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing or unless applicable law otherwise provides, the proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument whether or not the sums are then due.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the condemnor offers to make an award or settle a claim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the proceeds, at its option, either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the monthly payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of such payments.

11. Borrower Not Released; Forbearance By Lender Not a Waiver. Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to any successor in interest of Borrower shall not operate to release the liability of the original Borrower or Borrower's successors in interest. Lender shall not be required to commence proceedings against any successor in interest or refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument by reason of any demand made by the original Borrower or Borrower's successors in interest. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy.

12. Successors and Assigns Bound; Joint and Several Liability; Co-signers. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender and Borrower, subject to the provisions of paragraph 17. Borrower's covenants and agreements shall be joint and several. Any Borrower who co-signs this Security Instrument but does not execute the Note: (a) is co-signing this Security Instrument only to mortgage, grant and convey the Borrower's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower may agree to extend, modify, forbear or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without the Borrower's consent.

13. Loan Charges. If the loan secured by this Security Instrument is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the loan exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment without any prepayment charge under the Note.

14. Notices. Any notice to Borrower provided for in this Security Instrument shall be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail unless applicable law requires use of another method. The notice shall be directed to the Property Address or any other address Borrower designates by notice to Lender. Any notice to Lender shall be given by first class mail to Lender's address stated herein or any other address Lender designates by notice to Borrower. Any notice provided for in this Security Instrument shall be deemed to have been given to Borrower or Lender when given as provided in this paragraph.

15. Governing Law; Severability. This Security Instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located. In the event that any provision or clause of this Security Instrument or the Note conflicts with applicable law, such conflict shall not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the conflicting provision. To this end the provisions of this Security Instrument and the Note are declared to be severable.

16. Borrower's Copy. Borrower shall be given one conformed copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument.

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Any amounts disbursed by Leader under this Paragraph 7 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security instrument. Unless Borrower and Leader agree to other terms of payment, these amounts shall bear interest from the date of disbursement at the Note rate and shall be payable, with interest, upon notice from Leader to Borrower requesting

7. Leader does not have to do so.

7. Protection of Lender's Rights in the Property. If Borrower fails to perform the obligations and agreements contained in this Security Instrument or if a legal proceeding is taken against Lender's rights in the Property (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, or condemnation of title or to enjoin Lender from doing something), then Lender may do and include paying any sum received by a lessor which has priority over this Security Instrument, applying in court, paying reasonable attorney fees and attorney's fees and retaking or the Property to make repairs. Although Lender may take such action under this paragraph

6. Occupancy, Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Borrower's Loan Application; Lenderhold
Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within sixty days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year unless the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise specifies, occurs in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control. Borrower shall be liable for damage or impairment of property, allow the property to deteriorate, or commit any waste on the Property. Borrower shall be in default if any forfeiture action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is brought to implement the loan created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower may be liable in tort or other
Property of otherwise determinable liability except that Lender's right to sue for damages resulting from Lender's conduct or negligence in connection with the property or its operation, maintenance, repair, or management, or for any other cause such as damage and resultant costs, as provided in paragraph 18, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling
that, in Lender's good faith determination, precludes Lender's interest in the Property or other material impairment of the interest created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower shall also be in default if
Borrower, during the loan application process, gives materially false or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed
to provide Lender with any material information) in connection with the loan evidenced by the Note, including, but not limited
to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as a principal residence. If this Security Instrument is on a
leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the
lesseehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease.

(unless Lessee and Lessor and Borrower or other trustees agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall exceed the amount of damage to the Property prior to a negotiation shall pass to Lender to the extent of the sums secured by this Security Instrument under Paragraph 21 the Property is acquired by Lender, Borrower's right to any insurance policies and proceeds resulting from possession of the modality payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of the payments, to

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, insurance proceeds shall be applied to restoration of repair of such property damaged, if the restoration of repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. If the restoration of repair is not economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the security of this Note, Security Instrument, whether or not due, with any excess paid to Borrower. If Borrower abandons the instrument, whether or not due, with any excess paid to Borrower, Lender may use the proceeds to repair or restore the property, or does not receive within 30 days a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, Lender may collect the insurance proceeds. Lender may use the proceeds to repair or restore the property or to pay sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not due, The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given.

All insurance policies and renewals shall be susceptible to Lender and shall include a standard mortgage clause. Lender shall have the right to held the policies and renewals. If Lender and shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notice, in the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender shall make payment of loss if no more promptly by Borrower.

3. Standard of Proof: In criminal trials, the burden of proof lies with the prosecution. The prosecution must prove beyond a reasonable doubt that the defendant committed the offense. The defense can challenge the evidence presented by the prosecution and argue that it does not meet the standard of proof.