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DEPT-01 RECORDING \$31.50
TRAN 0910 06/19/98 10:23:00
W0010 # 00-28777-1
COOK COUNTY RECORDER

(Space Above This Line For Recording Data)

MORTGAGE

THIS MORTGAGE ("Security Instrument") is given on ... APRIL 30 ...
19 93 by the undersigned, CHRISTINE VANDYK, AKA CHRISTINE A. MAXKOVICH, DIVORCED,
..... ("Borrower"). This Security Instrument is given to ...
... COLE TAYLOR BANK which is organized and existing
under the laws of ... THE STATE OF ILLINOIS and whose address is ...
... CHICAGO, ILLINOIS ("Lender").
Borrower owes Lender the principal sum of ... FOURTEEN THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED FIFTY ONE AND 16/100 *
..... Dollars (U.S. \$... 14,951.16). This debt is evidenced by Borrower's note
dated the same date as this Security Instrument ("Note"), which provides for monthly payments, with the full debt, if not
paid earlier, due and payable on ... MAY, 01, 1998 This Security Instrument
secures to Lender: (a) the repayment of the debt evidenced by the Note, with interest, and all renewals, extensions and
modifications of the Note; (b) the payment of all other sums, with interest, advanced under paragraph 7 to protect the security
of this Security Instrument; and (c) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument
and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower does hereby mortgage, grant and convey to Lender the following described prop-
erty located in ... COOK County, Illinois:

UNIT 32 IN MANORHOMES OF SOMERSET PARK CONDOMINIUM NUMBER 1 AS DELINE-
ATED ON SURVEY OF A TRACT OF LAND IN THE SOUTH 1/2 OF SECTION 10,
TOWNSHIP 36 NORTH, RANGE 12 EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, IN
COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS (HEREINAFTER REFERRED TO AS PARCEL WHICH SURVEY
ATTACHED AS EXHIBIT "B" TO DECLARATION OF CONDOMINIUM OWNERSHIP, EASE-
MENTS, RESTRICTIONS AND COVENANTS MADE BY CHICAGO TITLE AND TRUST COM-
PANY, TRUSTEE UNDER TRUST AGREEMENT KNOWN AS TRUST 10-45426 RECORDED IN
THE OFFICE OF THE RECORDER OF DEEDS OF COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS AS DOCUMENT
NUMBER 25,280,578 TOGETHER WITH ITS UNDIVIDED PERCENTAGE INTEREST
IN SAID PARCEL IN COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS.

PIN# 27 10 400 041 1016

which has the address of ... 9137 SANDPIPER CT., UNIT 32

(Street)

ORLAND PARK

(City)

Illinois 60462 ("Property Address");
(Zip Code)

TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances,
and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security
Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property."

BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully seized of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to mortgage,
grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Borrower warrants
and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited
variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

ILLINOIS—Single Family—Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT

Form 3014 W90 (page 1 of 6 pages)

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3. Standard of Property Maintenance. BonaViva shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter created in a good condition, up to date, and in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations.

4. Charges shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fees and impositions ultimately liable to the property which may attain priority over this Security Instrument, and each holder of record shall pay without notice or demand, Borrower shall promptly furnish to Landlord the amount so paid under this paragraph. If Borrower makes these payments directly, Borrower shall promptly furnish to Landlord a copy of the payment slip, and if Landlord receives evidence establishing

3. Application of Payment Law. Unless applicable law provides otherwise, all payments received by Lender under paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be applied: first, to any prepayment charges due under the Note; second, to amounts payable under paragraph 2; third, to interest due; fourth, to principal due; and last, to any late charge due under the Note.

(ii) The Funds held by Lender exceed the amounts permitted to be held by applicable law, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess in accordance with the regulations or amounts of applicable law, if the amount of the Funds held by Lender exceeds the amounts permitted to be held by applicable law, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess in accordance with the regulations or amounts of applicable law.

This Fund shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, intergovernmentally, or entirely by Lender if Lender is such an institution) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply the necessary funds to pay the escrow items. Lender may not charge Borrower for holding and applying the Funds, normally analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the escrow items. Unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds and applicable law permits Lender to receive interest on the Funds, Lender may not charge Borrower for holding and applying the Funds, normally analyzing the escrow items, unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds and applicable law permits Lender to receive interest on the Funds, normally analyzing the escrow items. Lender may not charge Borrower for holding and applying the Funds, normally analyzing the escrow items, unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds and applicable law permits Lender to receive interest on the Funds, normally analyzing the escrow items.

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All insurance policies and renewals shall be acceptable to Lender and shall include a standard mortgage clause. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewals. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, insurance proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property damaged. If the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to Borrower. If Borrower abandons the Property, or does not answer within 30 days a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may collect the insurance proceeds. Lender may use the proceeds to repair or restore the Property or to pay sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the monthly payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of the payments. If under paragraph 21 the Property is acquired by Lender, Borrower's right to any insurance policies and proceeds resulting from damage to the Property prior to the acquisition shall pass to Lender to the extent of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately prior to the acquisition.

6. Occupancy, Reservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Borrower's Loan Application; Leaseholds. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within sixty days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless existing circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate, or commit waste on the Property. Borrower shall be in default if any forfeiture action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that in Lender's good faith judgment could result in forfeiture of the Property or otherwise materially impair the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower may cure such a default and reinstate, as provided in paragraph 18, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's good faith determination, precludes forfeiture of the Borrower's interest in the Property or other material impairment of the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower shall also be in default if Borrower, during the loan application process, gave materially false or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with any material information) in connection with the loan evidenced by the Note, including, but not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as a principal residence. If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

7. Protection of Lender's Rights in the Property. If Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, or there is a legal proceeding that may significantly affect Lender's rights in the Property (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture or in divorce laws or regulations), then Lender may do and pay for whatever is necessary to protect the value of the Property and Lender's rights in the Property. Lender's actions may include paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument, appearing in court, paying reasonable attorneys' fees and entering on the Property to make repairs. Although Lender may take action under this paragraph 7, Lender does not have to do so.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this paragraph 7 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. Unless Borrower and Lender agree to other terms of payment, these amounts shall bear interest from the date of disbursement at the Note rate and shall be payable, with interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

8. Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required mortgage insurance as a condition of making the loan secured by this Security Instrument, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the mortgage insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the mortgage insurance coverage required by Lender lapses or ceases to be in effect, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the mortgage insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the mortgage insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer approved by Lender. If substantially equivalent mortgage insurance coverage is not available, Borrower shall pay to Lender each month a sum equal to one-twelfth of the yearly mortgage insurance premium being paid by Borrower when the insurance coverage lapsed or ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a loss reserve in lieu of mortgage insurance. Loss reserve payments may no longer be required, at the option of Lender, if mortgage insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period that Lender requires) provided by an insurer approved by Lender again becomes available and is obtained. Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain mortgage insurance in effect, or to provide a loss reserve, until the requirement for mortgage insurance ends in accordance with any written agreement between Borrower and Lender or applicable law.

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9. Inspection. Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to an inspection specifying reasonable cause for the inspection.

10. Condemnation. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages, direct or consequential, in connection with any condemnation or other taking of any part of the Property, or for conveyance in lieu of condemnation, are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender.

In the event of a total taking of the Property, the proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to Borrower. In the event of a partial taking of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the taking, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the taking, divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking. Any balance shall be paid to Borrower. In the event of a partial taking of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the taking, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing or unless applicable law otherwise provides, the proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument whether or not the sums are then due.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the condemnor offers to make an award or settle a claim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the proceeds, at its option, either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the monthly payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of such payments.

11. Borrower Not Released; Forbearance By Lender Not a Waiver. Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to any successor in interest of Borrower shall not operate to release the liability of the original Borrower or Borrower's successors in interest. Lender shall not be required to commence proceedings against any successor in interest or refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument by reason of any demand made by the original Borrower or Borrower's successors in interest. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy.

12. Successors and Assigns Bound; Joint and Several Liability; Co-signers. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender and Borrower, subject to the provisions of paragraph 17. Borrower's covenants and agreements shall be joint and several. Any Borrower who co-signs this Security Instrument but does not execute the Note: (a) is co-signing this Security Instrument only to mortgage, grant and convey that Borrower's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower may agree to extend, modify, forbear or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without that Borrower's consent.

13. Loan Charges. If the loan secured by this Security Instrument is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the loan exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment without any prepayment charge under the Note.

14. Notices. Any notice to Borrower provided for in this Security Instrument shall be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail unless applicable law requires use of another method. The notices shall be directed to the Property Address or any other address Borrower designates by notice to Lender. Any notice to Lender shall be given by first class mail to Lender's address stated herein or any other address Lender designates by notice to Borrower. Any notice provided for in this Security Instrument shall be deemed to have been given to Borrower or Lender when given as provided in this paragraph.

15. Governing Law; Severability. This Security Instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located. In the event that any provision or clause of this Security Instrument or the Note conflicts with applicable law, such conflict shall not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the conflicting provision. To this end the provisions of this Security Instrument and the Note are declared to be severable.

16. Borrower's Copy. Borrower shall be given one conformed copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument.

17. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. If all or any part of the Property or any interest in it is sold or transferred (or if a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred and Borrower is not a natural

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Borrower shall promptly give written notice of any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any borrower agency or regulator of which Borrower has actual knowledge. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any Borrower agent or regulator authority, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance is necessary, Borrower shall promptly take all necessary actions in accordance with law.

A used in this paragraph 20., "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances by Environmental Law and the following subsections: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials.

Used in this paragraph 20., "Environmental Laws" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located relative to health, safety or environmental protection.

NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS, Borrower and Lender further agree as follows:

30. **Liabilities Subsidiaries**, Borrower shall not cause or permit the preexisting, ordinary, dispensable, use, or property of small quantities of hazardous substances which are generally recognized to be subparagraph to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the property.

19. Sale of Note or Change of Loan Servicer. The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with its Security Instrument) may be sold or transferred to another party prior to maturity without prior notice to the Borrower. A note may recite in a clause such as the following: "I, the Lessor Servicer, shall collect monately payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument until the note is paid in full. I, the Lessor Servicer, may sell or transfer my interest in the Note or a portion of it to another party at any time and for any reason without prior notice to the Borrower. The Note will be governed by applicable law."

18. Borrower's Right to Remedy. If Borrower makes certain corrections, Borrower shall have the right to have security instruments discontested at any time prior to the earlier of: (a) 5 days (or such other period as applicable law may specify for resumption) before notice of the property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this instrument; or (b) entry of a judgment awarding title of the property to the holder of this instrument. These conditions are that Borrower:

- (i) pays: (a) under this instrument, and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) any other amount which may be due under this instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; and (c) security for attorney fees, costs and expenses.
- (ii) pays: (a) under this instrument, and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; and (b) any other amount which may be due under this instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; and (c) security for attorney fees, costs and expenses.

as mentioned by this Security Council statement. It would, if it is decided by the Security Council to accelerate its implementation by federal law or by the date of the entry into force of the Convention.