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94186108

FIRST AMERICAN TITLE

Return Recorded Doc to:
Bank One Mortgage Corporation
9300 W. Higgins Road 4th Floor
Rosemont, IL 60018
Attn: Post Closing Department



RECORDED IN THE OFFICE OF THE
REGISTER OF LANDS AND PLATES
AT CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, ON MAY 27, 1994
AT 10:00 A.M. CDT
IN COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS.

[Space Above This Line for Recording Data]

MORTGAGE

THIS MORTGAGE ("Security Instrument") is given on **May 27, 1994** . The mortgagor is

GEORGE B. MARTIN AND AGNES G. MARTIN, HUSBAND AND WIFE

("Borrower"). This Security Instrument is given to **CD'S MORTGAGE, INC.**

which is organized and existing under the laws of **THE STATE OF ILLINOIS** , and whose address is **2902 CENTRAL STREET
EVANSTON, IL 60201**

(Lender). Borrower owes Lender the principal sum of

Two Hundred Thousand and No/100 ----- Dollars (U.S. \$ 200,000.00)

This debt is evidenced by Borrower's note dated the same date as this Security Instrument ('Note'), which provides for monthly payments, with the full debt, if not paid earlier, due and payable on **June 1, 2024** . This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (a) the repayment of the debt evidenced by the Note, with interest, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; (b) the payment of all other sums, with interest, advanced under paragraph 7 to protect the security of this Security Instrument; and (c) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower does hereby mortgage, grant and convey to Lender the following described property located in **COOK** County, Illinois:

INDEX NUMBER 05-35-303-014

SEE ATTACHED LEGAL

94186108

which has the address of **414 ISABELLA
60091**
Illinois
(Zip Code)

WILMETTE
("Property Address")

[Street, City]

ILLINOIS - Single Family - Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT

VNU-6R(IL) (0105)

VNU MORTGAGE FORMS - (312)293-8100 - (800)523-7220

Page 1 of 6

Form 3014 9/90
Amended 5/91

Initials

J. J. Smith

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1491

06:6 4105010

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the primary objective of this research is to examine the relationship between the two variables and to determine whether or not there is a significant correlation between them.

For example, the following table provides information about the properties of different types of polymers:

A. Application of Payments. This is applicable law provides otherwise, all payments received by Lender under Paragraph 2 shall be made in full or partial payment of the debt, and in all other respects the debts due under this Note.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrower any funds held by Lender under paragraph 21, and Lender shall acquire or sell the Property, Lender, prior to the acquisition of said of the sums secured by this

With the introduction of the new system, it is now possible to add a new record to the system without having to log off the system and log back on again.

The Fund, which shall be held in an institutional account, whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including the Federal Home Loan Bank Board), shall apply the Funds to pay the Expenses, including, but not limited to, the following:

- a. Payment of interest on the principal amount of the Fund's loans and advances.
- b. Payment of principal on the principal amount of the Fund's loans and advances.
- c. Payment of expenses of collection, including attorney fees, costs, and expenses of suit, including legal expenses, incurred in the collection of the Fund's loans and advances.
- d. Payment of expenses of defense, including attorney fees, costs, and expenses of suit, including legal expenses, incurred in the defense of the Fund's loans and advances.
- e. Payment of expenses of investigation, including attorney fees, costs, and expenses of suit, including legal expenses, incurred in the investigation of the Fund's loans and advances.
- f. Payment of expenses of audit, including attorney fees, costs, and expenses of suit, including legal expenses, incurred in the audit of the Fund's loans and advances.
- g. Payment of expenses of arbitration, including attorney fees, costs, and expenses of suit, including legal expenses, incurred in the arbitration of the Fund's loans and advances.
- h. Payment of expenses of mediation, including attorney fees, costs, and expenses of suit, including legal expenses, incurred in the mediation of the Fund's loans and advances.
- i. Payment of expenses of negotiation, including attorney fees, costs, and expenses of suit, including legal expenses, incurred in the negotiation of the Fund's loans and advances.
- j. Payment of expenses of settlement, including attorney fees, costs, and expenses of suit, including legal expenses, incurred in the settlement of the Fund's loans and advances.
- k. Payment of expenses of compromise, including attorney fees, costs, and expenses of suit, including legal expenses, incurred in the compromise of the Fund's loans and advances.
- l. Payment of expenses of reorganization, including attorney fees, costs, and expenses of suit, including legal expenses, incurred in the reorganization of the Fund's loans and advances.
- m. Payment of expenses of liquidation, including attorney fees, costs, and expenses of suit, including legal expenses, incurred in the liquidation of the Fund's loans and advances.
- n. Payment of expenses of conversion, including attorney fees, costs, and expenses of suit, including legal expenses, incurred in the conversion of the Fund's loans and advances.
- o. Payment of expenses of consolidation, including attorney fees, costs, and expenses of suit, including legal expenses, incurred in the consolidation of the Fund's loans and advances.
- p. Payment of expenses of division, including attorney fees, costs, and expenses of suit, including legal expenses, incurred in the division of the Fund's loans and advances.
- q. Payment of expenses of merger, including attorney fees, costs, and expenses of suit, including legal expenses, incurred in the merger of the Fund's loans and advances.
- r. Payment of expenses of acquisition, including attorney fees, costs, and expenses of suit, including legal expenses, incurred in the acquisition of the Fund's loans and advances.
- s. Payment of expenses of disposition, including attorney fees, costs, and expenses of suit, including legal expenses, incurred in the disposition of the Fund's loans and advances.
- t. Payment of expenses of transfer, including attorney fees, costs, and expenses of suit, including legal expenses, incurred in the transfer of the Fund's loans and advances.
- u. Payment of expenses of assignment, including attorney fees, costs, and expenses of suit, including legal expenses, incurred in the assignment of the Fund's loans and advances.
- v. Payment of expenses of subordination, including attorney fees, costs, and expenses of suit, including legal expenses, incurred in the subordination of the Fund's loans and advances.
- w. Payment of expenses of participation, including attorney fees, costs, and expenses of suit, including legal expenses, incurred in the participation of the Fund's loans and advances.
- x. Payment of expenses of participation in a bankruptcy proceeding, including attorney fees, costs, and expenses of suit, including legal expenses, incurred in the participation of the Fund's loans and advances.
- y. Payment of expenses of participation in a receivership proceeding, including attorney fees, costs, and expenses of suit, including legal expenses, incurred in the participation of the Fund's loans and advances.
- z. Payment of expenses of participation in a liquidation proceeding, including attorney fees, costs, and expenses of suit, including legal expenses, incurred in the participation of the Fund's loans and advances.

2. **Funds for leases and insurance.** Subject to applicable law or to a written waiver by Lender, Borrower shall pay to third parties premiums on the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum ("Funds") for (a) yearly leasehold premiums and insurance charges under the Note, and (b) yearly hazard or property insurance premiums (d) yearly flood insurance premiums (e) yearly standard insurance premiums, and (f) any sums payable by Borrower to Lender, in accordance with the terms of the Note.

• **NEIGHBORHOODS:** Bottleneck and ladder connection and agree as follows:
A ladder connection with distribution to one unique distribution security instrument covering real properties.

such limited purposes as may be necessary for the purpose of the property, and demands, shall set off any encumbrances or record.

THE PRACTICAL USES OF THE BIBLIOGRAPHY.—The following list will show the practical uses of the Bibliography.

and in the course of his business he will be in contact with many of the manufacturers now doing business in this country, and in this way he will be in a position to get the best prices.

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5. Hazard or Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements, now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage" and any other hazards, including floods or flooding, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts and for the periods that Lender requires. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's approval which shall not be unreasonably withheld. If Borrower fails to maintain coverage described above, Lender may, at Lender's option, obtain coverage to protect Lender's rights in the Property in accordance with paragraph 7.

All insurance policies and renewals shall be acceptable to Lender and shall include a standard mortgage clause. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewals. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal premium. In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, insurance proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property damaged, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to Borrower. If Borrower abandons the Property, or does not answer within 30 days a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may collect the insurance proceeds. Lender may use the proceeds to repair or restore the Property or to pay sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the monthly payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of the payments. If under paragraph 21 the Property is acquired by Lender, Borrower's right to any insurance policies and proceeds resulting from damage to the Property prior to the acquisition shall pass to Lender to the extent of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately prior to the acquisition.

6. Occupancy, Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Borrower's Loan Application; Leaseholds. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within sixty days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate, or commit waste on the Property. Borrower shall be in default if any forfeiture action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that in Lender's good faith judgment could result in forfeiture of the Property or otherwise materially impair the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower may cure such a default and reinstate, as provided in paragraph 18, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's good faith determination, precludes forfeiture of the Borrower's interest in the Property or other material impairment of the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower shall also be in default if Borrower, during the loan application process, gave materially false or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with any material information) in connection with the loan evidenced by the Note, including, but not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as a principal residence. If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

7. Protection of Lender's Rights in the Property. If Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, or there is a legal proceeding that may significantly affect Lender's rights in the Property (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture or to enforce laws or regulations), then Lender may do and pay for whatever is necessary to protect the value of the Property and Lender's rights in the Property. Lender's actions may include paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument, appearing in court, paying reasonable attorneys' fees and entering on the Property to make repairs. Although Lender may take action under this paragraph 7, Lender does not have to do so.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this paragraph 7 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. Unless Borrower and Lender agree to other terms of payment, these amounts shall bear interest from the date of disbursement at the Note rate and shall be payable, with interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

8. Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required mortgage insurance as a condition of making the loan secured by this Security Instrument, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the mortgage insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the mortgage insurance coverage required by Lender lapses or ceases to be in effect, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the mortgage insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the mortgage insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer approved by Lender. If substantially equivalent mortgage insurance coverage is not available, Borrower shall pay to Lender each month a sum equal to one-twelfth of the yearly mortgage insurance premium being paid by Borrower when the insurance coverage lapsed or ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a loss reserve in lieu of mortgage insurance. Loss reserve

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18. **Other than the law of the land.** The *Secular Instrument* shall be governed by the federal law and the law of the state in which the corporation is incorporated. To this end the provisions of this *Secular Instrument* and the Note are divided in

14. Notices. Any notice or information provided for in this Satisfactory Instrument shall be given by delivering it to the manager or

www.dreamit.com

For our chapters, it is the main demand by this Society's institution as subject to a law which sets maximum for charges.

12. **SURVEYS AND ASSESSMENTS**. The evaluations and assessments of this

(1) Borrower Not a Lender. Extension of the time for payment of nondelinquent debt which is held by the same holder in its capacity as a lender shall not be a waiver of the exercise of any rights or remedies available to the creditor in its capacity as a lender.

Any application for payment or extension of time for payment shall not extend or postpone the due date for the payment of premiums unless the premium is paid in full by the due date.

If the People's Government is dissatisfied by the removal, or if, after notice by Landlord to Borrower that the condominium offers to make arrangements to pay all expenses, it fails to do so, Landlord may apply to the People's Government for an order to restrain the Borrower from making any further payment.

can be used to distinguish between different types of soil based on the presence or absence of specific minerals.

subject to the following conditions before the liability is liable to be incurred by this Society unless otherwise agreed in writing, the liability shall be limited to the greater of the amount of the sum received by this Society or the amount of the proceeds multiplied by the following fraction (as the total amount of such insurance which will be liable to the holder of the policy under the terms of the insurance contract):

in the event of a total loss of the Property, the proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument held as part of Lender's assets.

bottom layer of the soil to prevent water loss through evaporation. This can be done by spreading a thin layer of sand or fine gravel over the topsoil.

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16. Borrower's Copy. Borrower shall be given one conformed copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument.

17. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. If all or any part of the Property or any interest in it is sold or transferred (or if a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred and Borrower is not a natural person) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may, at its option, require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if exercise is prohibited by federal law as of the date of this Security Instrument.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is delivered or mailed within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower.

18. Borrower's Right to Rebutate. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time prior to the earlier of: (a) 5 days (or such other period as applicable law may specify for reinstatement) before sale of the Property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this Security Instrument; or (b) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred, (b) cures any default of any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees; and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that the lien of this Security Instrument, Lender's rights in the Property and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall continue unchanged. Upon reinstatement by Borrower, this Security Instrument and the obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under paragraph 17.

19. Sale of Note; Change of Loan Servicer. The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with this Security Instrument) may be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale may result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects monthly payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument. There also may be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change in accordance with paragraph 14 above and applicable law. The notice will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer and the address to which payments should be made. The notice will also contain any other information required by applicable law.

20. Hazardous Substances. Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances on or in the Property. Borrower shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property that is in violation of any Environmental Law. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property.

Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the property is necessary, Borrower shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law.

As used in this paragraph 20, "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials. As used in this paragraph 20, "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection.

NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

21. Acceleration; Remedies. Lender shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under paragraph 17 unless applicable law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument, foreclosure by judicial proceeding and sale of the Property. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to reinstate after acceleration and the right to assert in the foreclosure proceeding the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and foreclosure. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender, at its option, may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may foreclose this Security Instrument by judicial proceeding. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this paragraph 21, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of title evidence.

22. Release. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall release this Security Instrument without charge to Borrower. Borrower shall pay any recordation costs.

23. Waiver of Homestead. Borrower waives all right of homestead exemption in the Property.

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LUCA A SIEZIANSKI
NOTARIAL SEAL
STATE OF ILLINOIS
MY COMMISSION NO. 5796
0014 990

BANG ONE MORTGAGE CORPORATION

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BANC ONE MORTGAGE CORPORATION
DENNIFER STALLER

1994 May 14/5 day to May 15/6 day

“...Society finds it hard to spot country and state do better by letting them

Properties (cont'd) Books Stationery

GEORGE B. MARTIN (S&D) (B) (1) (A) (1) (C) (1) (E)
AGNES G. MARTIN (S&D) (B) (1) (A) (1) (C) (1) (E)

in this section we will focus on two types of covariates: continuous and categorical covariates.

34. **Riskless to the security instrument.** If one of more riders are executed by Borrower and recorded together with this
35. **Security instrument.** It may be necessary to record and/or file this Security instrument as it the rider(s) were a part of this Security instrument
36. **Debt instrument.** The debt instrument will be recorded and filed under the name of the Debtor(s).

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LEGAL DESCRIPTION:

THE WEST 16 2/3 FEET OF LOT 17 AND THE EAST 16 2/3 OF LOT 18 IN BLOCK 1 IN GREGORY'S SUBDIVISION OF THE SOUTH 1/2 OF LOTS 26, 27 AND 28 IN BAXTER'S SUBDIVISION OF PART OF THE SOUTH SECTION OF THE QUILMETTE RESERVE IN SECTION 35, TOWNSHIP 42 NORTH, RANGE 13, EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, IN COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS.

9445-100

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Property of Cook County Clerk's Office