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A.J. SMITH FEDERAL SAVINGS BANK
14757 S. CICERO AVENUE
MIDLOTHIAN, IL 60445

91073408

APPL# 002-31112074
ML# 0025001058

(Space Above This Line For Recording Data)

MORTGAGE

DEPT 01 RECORDING \$51.00
1 P0011 TRAN 9538 01/24/94 14:16:00
19987 4 6 24 073408
COOK COUNTY RECORDER

THIS MORTGAGE ("Security Instrument") is given on **JANUARY 15, 1994** . The mortgagor is
EDWARD CASPER AND DIONE CASPER, HIS WIFE

("Borrower"). This Security Instrument is given to

A.J. SMITH FEDERAL SAVINGS BANK

which is organized and existing under the laws of **THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA** , and whose
address is **14757 SOUTH CICERO AVENUE, MIDLOTHIAN, ILLINOIS 60445** .
("Lender"). Borrower owes Lender the principal sum of
SIX THOUSAND AND NO/100

Dollars (U.S. \$ 6,000.00).

This debt is evidenced by Borrower's note dated the same date as this Security Instrument ("Note"), which provides for monthly payments, with the full debt, if not paid earlier, due and payable on **JANUARY 21, 1996** . This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (a) the repayment of the debt evidenced by the Note, with interest, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; (b) the payment of all other sums, with interest, advanced under paragraph 7 to protect the security of this Security Instrument; and (c) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower does hereby mortgage, grant and convey to Lender the following described property located in
COOK County, Illinois:

LOTS 19 AND 20 IN BLOCK 4 IN FIRST ADDITION TO H.O. STONE AND COMPANY'S 95TH STREET COLUMBUS MANOR, BEING A SUBDIVISION OF THE SOUTHWEST 1/4 OF THE NORTHWEST 1/4 OF SECTION 8, TOWNSHIP 37 NORTH, RANGE 13, EAST OF THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, IN COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS.

P.I.N.# 24-08-117-039 (AFFECTS LOT 19)
P.I.N.# 24-08-117-040 (AFFECTS LOT 20)

which has the address of **9750 S MERRIMAC, OAK LAWN**
Illinois **60453** ("Property Address");

[Street, City].

[Zip Code]

ILLINOIS - Single Family - FNMA/FHLMC UNIFORM INSTRUMENT

MDR-6R(IL)(9210).01

Form 3014 9/90
Amended 5/91

VMP MORTGAGE FORMS • (800)521-7261



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Borrower shall provide any disclosure required by the applicable securities laws prior to the issuance of the promissory note. Borrower shall provide any disclosure required by the applicable securities laws prior to the issuance of the promissory note.

Bornower makes these payments directly. Bornower still proudly carries his ledger receipts evidencing his payments.

4. **Charges:** Likewise, Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines and impositions attributable to the Project.

dated, to interest due; fourth, to principal due; and last, to any late charge due under the Note.

3. Application of Payments. Unless applicable law provides otherwise, all payments received by [REDACTED] under Paragraphs

Proprietary, shall apply any funds held by Lender at the time of liquidation or sale as a credit toward the amounts secured by this Security Instrument.

monetary payments, in tandem with a sole discretion rule.

not sufficient to play the Escrow Game when due, I consider my so hardly Borrower in writing, and, in such case Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the deficiency. Borrower shall make up the deficiency in no more than twelve

If the Fundus held by Leander exceeded the maximum permitted to be held by a public officer, Leander would be required to return the excess Fundus held by Leander to the Fundus held by Leander at any time is exceeded in accordance with the requirements of applicable law. If the amount of the Fundus held by Leander at any time is

middle. The funds are pledged to additional security for all sums secured, or this Security instrument.

requisites in order to be paid, Landor shall not be required to pay Darrower any interest or earnings on the Funds. Darrower and Landor may agree in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the Funds. Landor shall give to Darrower, without charge, an annual account of the Funds, showing credit and debits to the Funds and the balance for which each debt to the Funds was

However, consider how rapidly pointwise convergence to pay a one-time charge for an indifference can result in a large reduction in communication with others who have already paid.

the Executive items, unless Leader pays Stortower a receipt on the funds and applicable law permits Leader to make such a charge. However, Leader may pursue Stortower for a debt if Leader fails to pay an amount due under this provision.

(under, if Lender is such an institution) or to any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply the Funds to pay the Lender's debts, claims, losses, expenses, costs and attorney fees, including reasonable attorney fees, incurred by the Lender in connection with the exercise of any right or remedy under this Agreement or otherwise.

The Funds shall be held in an insurance whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, insaturnability, or entity (including otherwise in accordance with applicable law).

estimate the amount of funds due or the basis of certain due and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future extraordinary losses or

measured from time to time, 12 U.S.C., Section 2601 et seq. (RGSPA), unless another law which applies to the funds sets a lesser amount.

Under many, if not all, circumstances it is an amount not to exceed the maximum amount a lender for a federal mortgage loan may receive under the Federal Home Loan Bank Board's *Federal Home Loan Bank Board Rules and Regulations* Act of 1974 as

(c) clearly mandatory insurance premiums, if any; and (d) any sums payable by the insurer to Landor, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 8, in lieu of the payment of mandatory insurance premiums. These sums are called "Broker fees."

or ground rents or the property bearing insurance premiums; (d) yearly blood insurance premiums and assessments which may occur under this security insurance as a tax on the property; (e) yearly insurance premiums or yearly hazard or property insurance premiums; (f) yearly liability insurance premiums; (g) yearly fire insurance premiums.

Lender on die day mondingly payments are due under the Note, until die Note is paid in full, a sum ("Friends") for (a) **actual** losses

principals of and interested in the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment and late charges due under the Note.

UNIFORM CONTRACTS. Barrister and Lawyer cover all and agree in following:

This SECURITIZED INSTRUMENT contains no provisions for random as and non-random coverages with regard to jumbo losses by jurisdiction or portfolio security liability covering real property.

THIS STUDIOITY INSTITUTE waives all claims and demands, subject to any circumstances of record.

BORROWER GOVERNANTS shall Borrower is lawfully seized of the said hereby conveyable and shall have the right to mortgage;

All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property".

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5. Hazard or Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage" and any other hazards, including floods or flooding, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts and for the periods that Lender requires. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's approval which shall not be unreasonably withheld. If Borrower fails to maintain coverage described above, Lender may, at Lender's option, obtain coverage to protect Lender's rights in the Property in accordance with paragraph 7.

All insurance policies and renewals shall be acceptable to Lender and shall include a standard mortgage clause. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewals. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, insurance proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property damaged, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to Borrower. If Borrower abandons the Property, or does not answer within 30 days a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may collect the insurance proceeds. Lender may use the proceeds to repair or restore the Property or to pay sums secured by this Security Instrument whether or not then due. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the monthly payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of the payments. If under paragraph 21 the Property is acquired by Lender, Borrower's right to any insurance policies and proceeds resulting from damage to the Property prior to the acquisition shall pass to Lender to the extent of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately prior to the acquisition.

6. Occupancy, Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Borrower's Loan Application; Leaseholds. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within sixty days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate, or commit waste on the Property. Borrower shall be in default if any forfeiture action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that in Lender's good faith judgment could result in forfeiture of the Property or otherwise materially impair the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower may cure such a default and reinstate, as provided in paragraph 18, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's good faith determination, precludes forfeiture of the Borrower's interest in the Property or other material impairment of the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower shall also be in default if Borrower, during the loan application process, gave materially false or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with any material information) in connection with the loan evidenced by the Note, including, but not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as a principal residence. If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

7. Protection of Lender's Rights in the Property. If Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, or there is a legal proceeding that may significantly affect Lender's rights in the Property (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture or to enforce laws or regulations), then Lender may do and pay for whatever is necessary to protect the value of the Property and Lender's rights in the Property. Lender's actions may include paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument, appearing in court, paying reasonable attorneys' fees and entering on the Property to make repairs. Although Lender may take action under this paragraph 7, Lender does not have to do so.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this paragraph 7 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. Unless Borrower and Lender agree to other terms of payment, these amounts shall bear interest from the date of disbursement at the Note rate and shall be payable, with interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

8. Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required mortgage insurance as a condition of making the loan secured by this Security Instrument, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the mortgage insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the mortgage insurance coverage required by Lender lapses or ceases to be in effect, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the mortgage insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the mortgage insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer approved by Lender. If substantially equivalent mortgage insurance coverage is not available, Borrower shall pay to Lender each month a sum equal to one-twelfth of the yearly mortgage insurance premium being paid by Borrower when the insurance coverage lapsed or ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a loss reserve in lieu of mortgage insurance. Loss reserve

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15. Governing Law; Severability. This Security Instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the state where the parties have their principal place of business, which shall provide in any proceeding

14. **Notices.** Any notice to Borrower provided for in this Security Instrument shall be given by mailing it by first class mail unless applicable law requires use of another method. The notice shall be directed to the Property Address or any other address Borrower designates by notice to Lender. Any notice to Lender shall be given by first class mail unless applicable law requires use of another method. The notice shall be directed to Lender at address stated herein or any other address Lender designates by notice to Borrower. Any notice provided for in this Security Instrument shall be given by mailing it to Lender's office or place of business or by facsimile to Lender's office or place of business or by electronic mail to Lender's e-mail address as provided in this instrument.

13. Loan Charges. If the loan secured by this Security Instrument is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the loan exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceed the permitted limits will be reduced to Borrower's actual debt plus interest at the rate of 12% per annum.

12. Successors and Assigns Bound; Joint and Several Liability; Co-signer. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender and Borrower, subject to the provisions of paragraph 17. Borrower's covenants and agreements shall be joint and several. Any Borrower who co-signs this Note shall be liable under this Note as if he were the sole signatory. Co-signer shall be liable for the obligations of Borrower under this Note.

11. Borrower Not Responsible; Forbearance Not a Waiver. Extension of the time for payment of modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to any successor in interest of Borrower shall not operate to release the liability of the original Borrower's successors in interest. Lender shall not be required to release the liability of the original Borrower's successors in interest if Borrower shall commence proceedings against Lender for recovery of any sums secured by this Security Instrument made by the original Borrower or Borrower's successors in interest for the payment of any amounts secured by this Security Instrument by reason of any demand made by the original Borrower or Borrower's successors in interest. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the condominium offers to make an award or settle a claim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect its option, either to reacquisition or repart of the Property or to the sum secured by this Security instrument, whichever of the two due.

In the event of a total taking of the Property, the proceeds shall be applied to the sums accrued by this Security Instrument, whether or not due, with any excess paid to Borrower. In the event of a partial taking of the Property in which the market value of the Property immediately before the taking is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums accrued by this Security Instrument immediately before the taking, unless there is a deficiency, the deficiency shall be reduced by the amount of the sums accrued by this Security Instrument before the taking, and under otherwise agree in writing, the sum so reduced by the amount of the sums accrued by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the security instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking, divided by (c) the fair market value of the Project immediately before the taking. Any balance shall be paid to Borrower. In the event of a partial taking in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking is less than the amount of the sums accrued by this Security Instrument, the deficiency shall be paid to Borrower. In the event of a partial taking in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking is less than the amount of the sums accrued by this Security Instrument, the deficiency shall be applied to the sums accrued by this Security Instrument as if the same were applied to the Property.

10. **Cremedemation.** The proceeds of any award or claim for damage, direct or consequential, in connection with any cremation or other taking of any part of the Property, or for conveyance in lieu of condemnation, are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Landee.

9. Inspection. Landlord or his agent may make reasonable inspections upon and inspections of the Property. Landlord shall give

polymerisation may no longer be reinitiated, all the options of Leander, if necessary homogeneous coverage (in this situation and for the period between the initiation and the termination of polymerisation) will be available.

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16. Borrower's Copy. Borrower shall be given one conformed copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument.

17. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. If all or any part of the Property or any interest in it is sold or transferred (or if a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred and Borrower is not a natural person) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may, at its option, require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if exercise is prohibited by federal law as of the date of this Security Instrument.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is delivered or mailed within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower.

18. Borrower's Right to Reinstate. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time prior to the earlier of: (a) 5 days (or such other period as applicable law may specify for reinstatement) before sale of the Property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this Security Instrument; or (b) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) cures any default of any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees; and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that the lien of this Security Instrument, Lender's rights in the Property and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall continue unchanged. Upon reinstatement by Borrower, this Security Instrument and the obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under paragraph 17.

19. Sale of Note; Change of Loan Servicer. The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with this Security Instrument) may be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale may result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects monthly payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument. There also may be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change in accordance with paragraph 14 above and applicable law. The notice will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer and the address to which payments should be made. The notice will also contain any other information required by applicable law.

20. Hazardous Substances. Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances on or in the Property. Borrower shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property that is in violation of any Environmental Law. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property.

Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law.

As used in this paragraph 20, "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials. As used in this paragraph 20, "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection.

NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

21. Acceleration; Remedies. Lender shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under paragraph 17 unless applicable law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument, foreclosure by judicial proceeding and sale of the Property. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to reinstate after acceleration and the right to assert in the foreclosure proceeding the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and foreclosure. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender, at its option, may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may foreclose this Security Instrument by judicial proceeding. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this paragraph 21, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of title evidence.

22. Release. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall release this Security Instrument without charge to Borrower. Borrower shall pay any recordation costs.

23. Waiver of Homestead. Borrower waives all right of homestead exemption in the Property.

2013-2016
Form 3014 9/90

