AFTER RECORDING RETURN TO

ICM MORTGAGE CORPORATION 2500 W. HIGGINS ROAD SUITE 750 SUITE 750 HOFFMAN ESTATES, IL 60195 ATTN: POST CLOSING DEPARTMENT

9415735



[Space Above This Line For Recording Date]

20-132239A

MORTGAGE

February 14 THIS MORTGAGE ("Security Instrument") is given on 19 94 . The mortgagor is WIESLAW MICHALSKI andKRYSTYNA MICHALSKI, HIS WIFE

ICM MORTGAGE CORPORATION

under the laws of CELAWARE and whose address is

6061 SOUTH WILLOW DRIVE SUITE 300, GREENWOOD VILLAGE, COLORADO 80111 ("Lender").

("Borrower"). This Security Instrument is given to

, which is organized and existing

Borrower owes Lender the principal sum of One Hundred Thirty Five Thousand and no/100

Dollars (U.S. \$ 135,000.00). This debt is evidenced by Borrower's note

dated the same date as this Security Instrument ("Note"), which provides for monthly payments, with the full debt, if not paid . This Security Instrument 2024 earlier, due and payable on

secures to Lender: (a) the repayment of use debt evidenced by the Note, with interest, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; (b) the payment of all other sums, with interest, advanced under Paragraph 7 to protect the security of this Security Instrument; and (c) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower described property County, Illinois: located in COOK

LOT 6 (EXCEPT THE EAST 5 FEET THEREOF) AND THE EAST 15 FEET OF LOT 7 IN JAMES PILAFAS' SUBDIVISION OF LOTS 1, 2 AND 3 IN BLOCK 1 IN JOHNSON'S ADDITION TO MONT CLARE, BEING A SUBDIVISION OF THE EAST 1/2 OF THE WEST 1/2 AND YOK THE WEST 1/3 OF THE EAST 1/2 OF THE SO'STHWEST 1/4 OF SECTION 30, TOWNSHIP 40 NORTH, RANGE 13, EAST OF THE THIPD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, IN COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS.

TAX ID# 13-30-304-036/13-30-304-037

ンFPT-01 RECORDING

10014 TRAN 0858 02/17/94 14:04:00

*-94-157357

CLOK COUNTY RECORDER

6949 W. DIVERSEY AVENUE which has the address of

[Street]

60635 [Zip Code] ("Property Address");

CHICAG

TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security instrument as the "Property."

BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully seized of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to montgage, grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Borrower warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations; by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

ILLINOIS - Single Family - Famile Mac/Freddio Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT

Form 3014 9/90 (page 1 of 5 pages)

ICM Form 2041A (Rev. 7/91) p



Eller Colyn

Property of Cook County Clark's Office

157357

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

- 1. Payment of Principal and Interest: Prepayment and Late Charges. Borrower shall promptly pay when due the principal of and interest on the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment and late charges due under the Note.
- 2. Funds for Taxes and Insurance. Subject to applicable law or to a written waiver by Lender, Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day monthly payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum ("Funds") for: (a) yearly taxes and assessments which may attain priority over this Security instrument as a lien on the Property; (b) yearly feasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) yearly hazard or property insurance premiums; (d) yearly flood insurance premiums, if any; (e) yearly mortgage insurance premiums, if any; and (f) any sums payable by Borrower to Lender, in accordance with the provisions of Paragraph 8, in lieu of the payment of mortgage insurance premiums. These items are called "Escrow items." Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount not to exceed the maximum amount a lender for a federally related mortgage loan may require for Borrower's escrow account under the federal Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act of 1974 as amended from time to time, 12 U.S.C. § 2601 et seq. ("RESPA"), unless another law that applies to the Funds sets a lesser amount. If so, Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount not to exceed the lesser amount. Lender may estimate the amount of Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future Escrow items or otherwise in accordance with applicable law.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Lender, if 1 and it is such an institution) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply the Funds to pay the Escrow Items. Lender may not charge Borrower for holding and applying the Funds, annually analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items, unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds and applicable law permits Lender to make such a charge. However, Lender require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for an independent real estate tax reporting service used by Lender in connection with this loan, unless applicable law provides otherwise. Unless an agreement is made or applicable law requires interest to be poid. Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on the Funds. Borrower and Lender may agree in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the Funds. Lender shall give to Borrower, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds, showing credits and debits to the Funds and the purpose for which each debit to the Funds was made. The Funds are predged as additional security for all sums secured by this Security Instrument.

If the Funds held by Lender (see at the amounts permitted to be held by applicable law, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess Funds in accordance with the requirements of applicable law. If the amount of the Funds held by Lender at any time is not sufficient to pay the Escrow Items when due, Lender may so notify Borrower in writing, and, in such case Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to hake up the deficiency. Borrower shall make up the deficiency in no more than twelve monthly payments, at Lender's sole discretion.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrower any Funds held by Lender. If, under Paragraph 21, Lender Cirp' acquire or sell the Property, Lender, prior to the acquisition or sale of the Property, shall apply any Funds held by Lender at the time of acquisition or sale as a credit against the sums secured by this Security Instrument.

- 3. Application of Payments. Unless applicable law provides otherwise, all payments received by Lender under Paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be applied: first, to any prepayment charges due under the Note; second, to amounts payable under Paragraph 2; third, to interest due; fourth, to principal due; and last, to any life sharges due under the Note.
- 4. Charges; Liens. Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, ci arges, fines and impositions attributable to the Property which may attain priority over this Security instrument, and leasehold payments or ground rents, if any. Borrower shall pay these obligations in the manner provided in Paragraph 2, or if not paid in that manner, Borrower shall pay them on time directly to the person owed payment. Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices at mounts to be paid under this paragraph. If Borrower makes these payments directly, Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender receipts evidencing the payments.

Borrower shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security instrument unless Borrower. (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Linding (b) contests in good faith the lien by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in the Lender', or inion operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien; or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lenue supportinating the lien to this Security instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which may attain priority over this Security instrument, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the lien. Borrower shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above within 10 days of the giving of notice.

5. Hazard or Property insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or heccure, erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage" and any other haze de, including floods or flooding, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts and or the periods that Lender requires. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's approximation with shall not be unreasonably withheld. If Borrower falls to maintain coverage described above, Lender may, at Lender's option, obtain coverage to protect Lender's rights in the Property in accordance with Paragraph 7.

All insurance policies and renewals shall be acceptable to Lender and shall include a standard mortgage clause. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewals. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, insurance proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property damaged, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to Borrower. If Borrower abandons the Property, or does not answer within 30 days a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may collect the insurance proceeds. Lender may use the Proceeds to repair or restore the Property or to pay sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the monthly payments referred to in Paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of the payments. If under Paragraph 21 the Property is acquired by Lender, Borrower's right to any insurance policies and proceeds resulting from damage to the Property prior to the acquisition shall pass to Lender to the extent of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately prior to the acquisition.

Form 3014 9/90 (page 2 of 5 pages)

IGM Form 2041B (Rev. 7/91) np

Property of County Clerk's Office

- 6. Occupancy, Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Borrower's Loan Application; Lesseholds Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within sixty days after the execution of this Security instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate, or commit waste on the Property. Borrower shall be in default if any forfeiture action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that in Lender's good fallh judgment could result in forfeiture of the Property or otherwise materially impair the lien created by this Security instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower may cure such a default and reinstate, as provided in Paragraph 18, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lander's good faith determination, practudes forfeiture of the Borrower's interest in the Property or other material impalment of the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower shall also be in default if Borrower, during the loan application process, gave materially false or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or falled to provide Lender with any material information) in connection with the loan evidenced by the Note, including, but not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as a principal residence. If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.
- 7. Protection of Lender's Rights in the Property. If borrower falls to perform the convenants and agreements contained in this Security instrument, or there is a legal proceeding that may significantly affect Lender's rights in the Property (such as a proceeding in particularly probate, for condemnation or forfeiture or to enforce laws or regulations), then Lender may do and pay for whatever is necessary to protect the value of the Property and Lender's rights in the Property. Lender's actions may include paying any sures secured by a tien which has priority over this Security Instrument, appearing in court, paying reasonable attorneys' fees and en urit g on the Property to make repairs. Although Lender may take action under this Paragraph 7, Lender does not have to do so.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Paragraph 7 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. Unless Borrower and Lender agree to other terms of payment, these amounts shall bear interest from the date of disbursement at the Note rate and shall be payable, with interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

- 8. Mortgage insurance. If Lender required mortgage insurance as a condition of making the loan secured by this Security instrument, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the mortgage insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the mortgage insurance coverage required by Lender lapses or ceases to be in effect. Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the nortgage insurance provides in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the mortgage insurance provides in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer approved by Lender. If substantially equivalent mortgage insurance coverage is not available, Borrower shall pay to Lender each month a sum equal to one-twelfth of the yearly mortgage insurance premium being paid by Borrower when the insurance coverage isposed or ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a loss reserve in fleu of mortgage insurance. Loss reserve payments may no longer be required, at the option of Linder if mortgage insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period that Lender requires) provided by an insurer approved by Linder again becomes available and is obtained. Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain mortgage insurance in effect, or to provide a loss reserve, until the requirement for mortgage insurance ends in accordance with any written agreement between to rower and Lender or applicable law.
- 9. Inspection. Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries or on and inspections of the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to an inspection specifying reasonable cause for the inspection.
- 10. Condemnation. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages, direct or consequential, in connection with any condemnation or other taking of any part of the Property, or for conveyance in lieu of condemnation, are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender.

In the event of a total taking of the Property, the proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to Borrower. In the event of a partial carring of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the taking, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the proceeds multiplied by the involving fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the taking, divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking. Any balance shall be paid to Borrower. In the event of a partial taking of the Property in the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately perfore the taking, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing or unless applicable law otherwise provides, the proceese shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security instrument whether or not the sums are then due.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the condemnor of the to make an award or settle a claim for damages, Borrower talls to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the proceeds, at its option, either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the monthly payments referred to in Paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of such payments.

- 11. Borrower Not Released: Forbearance By Lender Not a Waiver. Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to any successor in Interest of Borrower shall not operate to release the liability of the original Borrower or Borrower's successors in Interest. Lender shall not be required to commence proceedings against any successor in interest or refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument by reason of any demand made by the original Borrower or Borrower's successors in Interest. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy.
- 12. Successors and Assigns Bound; Joint and Several Liability; Co-signers. The covenants and agreements of this Security instrument shall bind and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender and Borrower, subject to the provisions of Paragraph 17. Borrower's covenants and agreements shall be joint and several. Any Borrower who co-signs this Security instrument but does not execute the Note: (a) is co-signing this Security instrument only to mortgage, grant and convey that Borrower's interest in

Form 3014 8/90 (page 3 of 5 pages)

Property of County Clerk's Office

the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower may agree to extend, modify, forbear or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without that Borrower's consent.

- 13. Loan Charges. If the loan secured by this Security Instrument is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the loan exceed the permitted limits, then; (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower. It a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment without any prepayment charge under the Note.
- 14. Notices. Any notice to Borrower provided for in this Security Instrument shall be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail unless applicable law requires use of another method. The notice shall be directed to the Property Address or any other address Borrower designates by notice to Lender. Any notice to Lender shall be given by first class mail to Lender's address stated herein or any other address Lender designates by notice to Borrower. Any notice provided for in this Security Instrument shall be deemed to have been given to Borrower or Lender when given as provided in this paragraph.
- 15. Governing Law, Severability. This Security instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the Froperty is located. In the event that any provision or clause of this Security Instrument or the Note conflicts with applicable law, such conflict shall not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the conflicting provision. To this end the provisions of this Security Instrument and the Note are declared to be severable.
 - 16. Borro re's Copy. Borrower shall be given one conformed copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument.
- 17. Transfer if the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. If all or any part of the Property or any interest in it is sold or transferred (or it is beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred and Borrower is not a natural person) without Lender's prior written content. Lender may, at its option, require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this prior shall not be exercised by Lender if exercise is prohibited by federal law as of the date of this Security Instrument.

If Lender exercises this option, Linder shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the nutice is delivered or mailed within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower falls to ruly these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument wit four further notice or demand on Borrower.

- 18. Borrower's Right to Reinstate. If dominary meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any dominary prior to the earlier of: (a) 5 days (or such other period as applicable law may specify for reinstatement) before sale of the Poperty pursuant to any power of sale contained in this Security Instrument; or (b) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) cures any default of any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees; and (d) takes such a dor as Lender may reasonably require to assure that the lien of this Security Instrument, Lender's rights in the Property and poperty obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall continue unchanged. Upon reinstatement by borrower's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument and the obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under Paragraph 17.
- 19. Sale of Note: Change of Loan Servicer. The Note or a partial interent in the Note (together with this Security Instrument) may be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A vale may result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects monthly payments due under the Note and this Security instrument. There also may be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change in accordance with Paragraph 14 above and applicable law. The notice will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer and the address to which paragraph should be made. The notice will also contain any other information required by applicable law.
- 20. Hazardous Substances. Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, claposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances on or in the Property. Borrower shall not do, nor allow anyone else to uo, inything affecting the Property that is in violation of any Environmental Law. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the riminance, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate 3 to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property.

Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary. Borrower shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law.

As used in this Paragraph 20, "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flummable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, voiatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials. As used in this Paragraph 20, "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to the health, safety or environmental protection.

NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

21. Acceleration; Remedies, Lender shall give notice to Sorrower prior to acceleration tollowing Borrower's breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under Paragraph 17 unless applicable law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) it date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security instrument, foreclosure by judicial proceeding and sale of the Property. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to reinstate after acceleration and the right to assert in the foreclosure proceeding the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Borrower

Property of Cook County Clerk's Office

acceleration and foreclosure. If the defect is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lendor at its option may require immediate payment in tall of all sums secured by this Security instrument without further demand and may foreclose this Security instrument by judicial proceeding. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedias provided in this Paragraph 21, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of title evidence.

without o	charge to Borrower. Borrower a Waiver of Homestead. Borrowe	ums secured by this Security Instrument, Lending pay any recordation costs. Twelves all right of homestead exemption in the state of the secured by Boles.	the Property.
Security the cove	Instrument, the covenants and a	greements of each such ider shall be incomp county instrument as if the rider(s) were a par	orated into and shall amend and supplemen
	Adjustable Rate Rider	Condominium Rider	1-4 Family Rider
	Graduated Payment Rider	Planned Unit Development Rider	Biweeldy Payment Ridor
	Baltoon Rider	Rate Improvement Rider	Second Home Rider
	Other(s) [specify]		
		pts and agrees to the lorms and covenants o	contained in this Security Instrument and in
any rider	(a) recuted by Borrowar and re	corded with it.	
Wilnesse	s:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		Hipator Sh	ALSKI -Bonower
		WIESLAW MICHA	LSKI -Borrowei
	4	W. A. M.	MI drawn (See)
		KRYSTYNA MICH	AA1 CK1 (Seal)
			(Seal)
		4	
			-Sorrower
		O_{I}	
		Space Below This Une For Acknowledgment	
STATE OI	FILLINOIS, COOK	County ss:	
- 1, -	the undersigned		blic in and for said county and state.
do hereby	certify that WIESLAW I	IICHALSKI andKRYSTYNA MICHALI	SKI, HIS WIFE
			Z ,
			e same person(s) whose name(s)
	d delivered the said instrument, a	peared before me this day in person, and ac is THEIR free and voluntary act,	for the _se. and purposes therein
		into 14th day of Fe bruary	, 189 4.
My Comm	nission expires: 6-15-95	Λ	1 10
		No bbio	& Nicham
			Notary Public
		" OFFICIAL SEA	·····
	$g(\mathcal{P})$	1 UCHRIE I MILLION	
		NOTARY PUBLIC, STATE OF ILL MY COMMISSION EXPIRES 6/	INOIS {
		LAPINES BY	
			& S
			157357 7.657257

Property of Cook County Clerk's Office