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Property of Cook County Clerk's Office

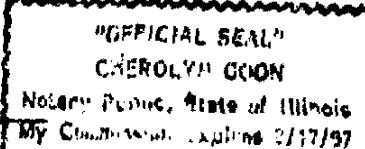
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STATEMENT BY GRANTOR AND GRANTEE

The grantor or his agent affirms that, to the best of his knowledge, the name of the grantee shown on the deed or assignment of beneficial interest in a land trust is either a natural person, an Illinois corporation or foreign corporation authorized to do business, or acquire and hold title to real estate in Illinois, a partnership authorized to do business or acquire and hold title to real estate in Illinois, or other entity recognized as a person and authorized to do business or acquire title to real estate under the laws of the State of Illinois.

Dated 3-22, 1994 Signature: Nicole M. Velasquez  
Grantor or Agent

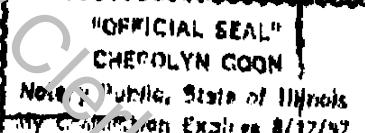
Subscribed and sworn to before  
me by the said \_\_\_\_\_  
this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_,  
19 \_\_\_\_\_.  
Notary Public Chevy Chase



The grantee or his agent affirms and verifies that the name of the grantee shown on the deed or assignment of beneficial interest in a land trust is either a natural person, an Illinois corporation or foreign corporation authorized to do business or acquire and hold title to real estate in Illinois, a partnership authorized to do business or acquire and hold title to real estate in Illinois, or other entity recognized as a person and authorized to do business or acquire and hold title to real estate under the laws of the State of Illinois.

Dated 3-22, 1994 Signature: Nicole M. Velasquez  
Grantee or Agent

Subscribed and sworn to before  
me by the said \_\_\_\_\_  
this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_,  
19 \_\_\_\_\_.  
Notary Public Chevy Chase



NOTE: Any person who knowingly submits a false statement concerning the identity of a grantee shall be guilty of a Class C misdemeanor for the first offense and of a Class A misdemeanor for subsequent offenses.

(Attach to deed or ABI to be recorded in Cook County, Illinois, if exempt under the provisions of Section 4 of the Illinois Real Estate Transfer Tax Act.)

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applicable law may specify for reinstatement) before sale of the Property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this Security Instrument; or (b) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) cures any default of any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees, and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that the lien of this Security Instrument, Lender's rights in the Property and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall continue unchanged. Upon reinstatement by Borrower, this Security instrument and the obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under paragraph 17.

**19. Sale of Note; Change of Loan Servicer.** The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with this Security Instrument) may be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale may result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects monthly payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument. There also may be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change in accordance with paragraph 14 above and applicable law. The notice will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer and the address to which payments should be made. The notice will also contain any other information required by applicable law.

**20. Hazardous substances.** Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances on or in the Property. Borrower shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property that is in violation of any Environmental Law. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property.

Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law.

As used in this paragraph 20, "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials. As used in this paragraph 20, "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection.

**NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS.** Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

**21. Acceleration; Remedies.** Lender shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under paragraph 17 unless applicable law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument, foreclosure by judicial proceeding and sale of the Property. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to reinstate after acceleration and the right to assert in the foreclosure proceeding the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and foreclosure. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender at its option may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may foreclose this Security Instrument by judicial proceeding. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this paragraph 21, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of title evidence.

**22. Release.** Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall release this Security Instrument without charge to Borrower. Borrower shall pay any recordation costs.

**23. Waiver of Homestead.** Borrower waives all right of homestead exemption in the Property.

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**3. Hazard or Property Insurance:** Borrower shall keep the insurance monies available on the property insured against loss by fire, robbery and/or damage.

Both sides of the argument present dissimilarities and thus argue from different premises. The Seaway Instrumentalist argues that the Seaway has priority over this instrument because it is a more effective way of preventing the loss of life at sea. The Seaway Instrumentalist also claims that the Seaway is a more effective way of preventing the loss of life at sea.

3. **Application of Penalties.** If and as applicable law provides otherwise, all penalties received by the Notee under paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be applied to the rest of any prepayment charges due under the Note, except to the amounts payable under paragraph 2 and 2 shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines and liquid awards attributable to the Notee.

Even if the People's Republic of China had agreed to sell the following [and] further portion of the indemnity to the United States, it would still be the duty of the Chinese Government to pay the sum.

If the funds held by the executors pursuant to the applicable law, less interest shall account to beneficiaries in accordance with the requirements of applicable law. If the amount of the funds held by the executors pursuant to the applicable law, less interest, shall provide the sum necessary to satisfy the debts and expenses of administration and to pay the debts and expenses of the estate.

The Federal Home Loan Bank Board, in any federal agency instrumentality or corporation whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, shall apply the funds made available under this section to the extent necessary to meet the needs of the funds as may arise from the following:

1. The funds are pledged as additional security for all sums secured by pledges for which no funds have been made.
2. The funds are advanced to the funds of the Federal Home Loan Banks, to the extent necessary to meet the needs of the funds, showing credits and debits to the funds and the sum paid on the funds.
3. The funds are advanced to the funds of the Federal Home Loan Banks, to the extent necessary to meet the needs of the funds, showing credits and debits to the funds and the sum paid on the funds.

### 1. **Assumption of Prinicipal and Interest:** Principal and interest shall be paid by the Note holder and the charges due under the Note.

**THIS SIGHT RULY INSTITUTE** contains uniform specimens for medical use and non-medical purposes with limited exceptions by permission of authorities and under guarantee instrument covering real property.

**HORNOWER COVENANTS** that Hornower is lawfully vested of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to

**TO THE OTHER WITH** all the improvements now or hereafter granted on the property, and all easements, appurtenances and privileges now or hereafter granted or in this security shall also be covered by this Security instrument. All such other grants, agreements, covenants, stipulations and conditions as the Trustee may desire to add to this property. All stipulations and addendums shall also be contained in this Security instrument.

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periods that Lender requires. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's approval which shall not be unreasonably withheld. If Borrower fails to maintain coverage described above, Lender may, at Lender's option, obtain coverage to protect Lender's rights in the Property in accordance with paragraph 7.

All insurance policies and renewals shall be acceptable to Lender and shall include a standard mortgage clause. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewals. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, insurance proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property damaged, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to Borrower. If Borrower abandons the Property, or does not answer within 30 days a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may collect the insurance proceeds. Lender may use the proceeds to repair or restore the Property or to pay sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the monthly payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of the payments. If under paragraph 21 the Property is acquired by Lender, Borrower's right to any insurance policies and proceeds resulting from damage to the Property prior to the acquisition shall pass to Lender to the extent of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately prior to the acquisition.

**6. Occupancy, Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Borrower's Loan Application; Leaseholds.** Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within sixty days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate, or commit waste on the Property. Borrower shall be in default if any forfeiture action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that in Lender's good faith judgment could result in forfeiture of the Property or otherwise materially impair the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower may cure such a default and reinstate, as provided in paragraph 18, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's good faith determination, precludes forfeiture of the Borrower's interest in the Property or other material impairment of the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower shall also be in default if Borrower, during the loan application process, gave materially false or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with any material information) in connection with the loan evidenced by the Note, including, but not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as a principal residence. If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

**7. Protection of Lender's Rights in the Property.** If Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, or there is a legal proceeding that may significantly affect Lender's rights in the Property (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture or to enforce laws or regulations), then Lender may do and pay for whatever is necessary to protect the value of the Property and Lender's rights in the Property. Lender's actions may include paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument, appearing in court, paying reasonable attorneys' fees and entering on the Property to make repairs. Although Lender may take action under this paragraph 7, Lender does not have to do so.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this paragraph 7 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. Unless Borrower and Lender agree to other terms of payment, these amounts shall bear interest from the date of disbursement at the Note rate and shall be payable, with interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

**8. Mortgage Insurance.** If Lender required mortgage insurance as a condition of making the loan secured by this Security Instrument, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the mortgage insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the mortgage insurance coverage required by Lender lapses or ceases to be in effect, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the mortgage insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the mortgage insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer approved by Lender. If substantially equivalent mortgage insurance coverage is not available, Borrower shall pay to Lender each month a sum equal to one-twelfth of the yearly mortgage insurance premium being paid by Borrower when the insurance coverage lapsed or ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a loss reserve in lieu of mortgage insurance. Loss reserve payments may no longer be required, at the option of Lender, if mortgage insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period that Lender requires) provided by an insurer approved by Lender again becomes available and is obtained. Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain mortgage insurance in effect, or to provide a loss reserve, until the requirement for mortgage insurance ends in accordance with any written agreement between Borrower and Lender or applicable law.

**9. Inspection.** Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to an inspection specifying reasonable cause for the inspection.

**10. Condemnation.** The proceeds of any award or claim for damages, direct or consequential, in connection with any

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18. Borrower's Right to Remodel. If Borrower needs certain remodeling or other work prior to the return of the property, he may do so at his own expense.

If under certain circumstances the option holder still gives the Borrower notice of acceleration, the notice shall provide a period of 30 days for the Borrower to pay the sums due prior to the expiration of this period, lender may make any necessary disbursement.

**12. Transfer of the Property or Right to Perform.** It is a part of the Project to any other form was sold or transferred to a third person. It is a part of the Project to any other form was sold or transferred to a third person.

**Reporters' note:** Because of the size of the surrounding copy, we could not fit all the details of this section into this page.

[§ 1] **Chorumeing Law: Separability.** This Statute instrument shall be governed by federal law, and the law of the

**Exhibit 1 (Continued).** If the loan so secured by this Security Instrument is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and if such maximum charge is exceeded so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the loan exceed the maximum charge, then (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce such loan charge to the maximum charge, and (b) the balance of the loan charge so collected or to be collected in connection with the loan, less the amount so reduced, shall be retained by the lender.

11. Borrower and Kelleseeds, for themselves, sole or a trustee, extension of the time for payment of any indebtedness due to the parties secured by this instrument shall not exceed one year from the date of the execution of this instrument.

I declare that the sum and Bearer of the above-mentioned bill of exchange is my son, and I have given him full power to apply the proceeds of principal shall not exceed one thousand dollars.

If the property is abandoned by Borrower or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the consumer offers to make full payment of all amounts due under the Note, Borrower fails to do so within 30 days after the date the notice is given, either to restore the property or to dispose of it as provided and apply the proceeds, at its option, either to restoration of the property or to the

In the event of a total loss of the Property, the proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security instrument, whether or not the Property is repossessed, the proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security instrument whether or not the sums due against the property before the repossession, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing or unless applicable law provides in writing the time market value of the property immediately before the taking is less than the amount of the sums due against the property before the taking, unless Borrower has paid to Lender the amount of a partial taking of the property immediately before the taking. Any balance shall be paid to Borrower. In the event of a partial taking of the property immediately before the taking, the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the taking, divided by the fair market value of the property taken, plus security instruments shall be reduced by the amount of the proceeds unapplied by the following fraction:

condemnation or other taking of any part of the Property, or for convenience in lieu of condemnation, are hereby assigned and