

# UNOFFICIAL COPY

97347083

DEPT-01 RECORDING \$31.00  
T60001 TRAN 9152 05/16/97 12:45:00  
#7136 & RC -97-347083  
COOK COUNTY RECORDER

[Space Above This Line For Recording Date]

## MORTGAGE

THIS MORTGAGE ("Security Instrument") is given on **MAY 15, 1997**

The mortgagor is **PATRICK J. SMITH AND CAROL A. SMITH, HIS WIFE IN JOINT TENANCY**

(“Borrower”) This Security Instrument is given to

**PAYSAYER CREDIT UNION**  
which is organized and existing under the laws of  
**450 E 22ND ST STE 250, LOMBARD IL 60148**

**TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS AND NO CENTS** ----- Lender. Borrower owes Lender the principal sum of

Dollars U.S. \$ **10,000.00**

This debt is evidenced by Borrower's note dated the same date as this Security Instrument ("Note"), which provides for monthly payments with the full debt, if not paid earlier, due and payable on **MAY 20, 2002**. This Security Instrument is given to Lender (a) the repayment of the debt evidenced by the Note, with interest, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note, (b) the payment of all other sums, with interest, advanced under paragraph 7 to protect the security of this Security Instrument, and (c) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower does hereby mortgage, grant and convey to Lender the following described property located in **BURBANK**

COOK County, Illinois.

**LOT 6 IN BLOCK 9 IN F. H. BARTLETT'S FIRST ADDITION TO GLENFIELD 79TH STREET SUBDIVISION BEING A SUBDIVISION OF THE SOUTH EAST 1/4 OF THE SOUTH EAST 1/4 OF SECTION 30, ALSO THE SOUTH WEST 1/4 OF THE SOUTH WEST 1/4 AND THE SOUTH EAST 1/4 OF THE SOUTH WEST 1/4 OF SECTION 29, TOWNSHIP 38 NORTH, RANGE 13, EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, IN COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS.**

PERMANENT TAX ID# **19-29-303-026**

which has the address of **7722 S MELVINA**  
(Street)

**BURBANK**

(City)

**Illinois 60459** ("Property Address").  
(Zip Code)

**ILLINOIS - Single Family - Freddie Mac Uniform Instrument**  
Form 2014 970  
Rev. 1-1-94  
Page 1 of 9 pages

Form 2014 970  
Rev. 1-1-94  
Page 1 of 9 pages  
100-512-1001 C-67-T-1



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hours or working for the State Library before it can be released to the public and  
possibly affect other parts of the library and other parts of the State Library's budget. And for any other budgetary considerations.

2. Because of the fact that the State Library has a large backlog of work to do in the preparation of the State Library's annual budget, it would be a waste of time to do the same kind of work again.

The preparation of the State Library's annual budget is a major responsibility of the State Library. It is a major responsibility of the State Library to make sure that the State Library's annual budget is accurate and reflects the needs of the State Library. It is also a major responsibility of the State Library to make sure that the State Library's annual budget is accurate and reflects the needs of the State Library.

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for the periods that Lender requires. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's approval which shall not be unreasonably withheld. If Borrower fails to maintain coverage described above, Lender may, at Lender's option, obtain coverage to protect Lender's rights in the Property in accordance with paragraph 7.

All insurance policies and renewals shall be acceptable to Lender and shall include a standard mortgage clause. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewals. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, insurance proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property damaged, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to Borrower. If Borrower abandons the Property, or does not answer within 30 days a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may collect the insurance proceeds. Lender may use the proceeds to repair or restore the Property or to pay sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the monthly payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of the payments. If under paragraph 31 the Property is acquired by Lender, Borrower's rights to any insurance policies and proceeds resulting from damage to the Property prior to the acquisition shall pass to Lender to the extent of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately prior to the acquisition.

**6. Occupancy, Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Borrower's Loan Application; Leaseholds.** Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within sixty days after the execution of this Security Instrument, and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate, or commit waste on the Property. Borrower shall be in default if any forfeiture action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that in Lender's good faith judgment could result in forfeiture of the Property, or otherwise materially impair the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower may cure such a default and reinstate, as provided in paragraph 18, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that in Lender's good faith determination, precludes forfeiture of the Borrower's interest in the Property or other material impairment of the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower shall also be in default if Borrower, during the loan application process, gave materially false or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with any material information) in connection with the loan evidenced by the Note, including, but not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as a principal residence. If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

**7. Protection of Lender's Rights in the Property.** If Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, or there is a legal proceeding that may significantly affect Lender's rights in the Property (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture or to enforce laws or regulations), then Lender may do and pay for whatever is necessary to protect the value of the Property and Lender's rights in the Property. Lender's actions may include paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument, appearing in court, paying reasonable attorneys' fees and entering on the Property to make repairs. Although Lender may take action under this paragraph 7, Lender does not have to do so.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this paragraph 7 shall become additional debt or costs over secured by this Security Instrument. Unless Borrower and Lender agree to other terms of payment, these amounts shall bear interest from the date of disbursement at the Note rate and shall be payable, with interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

**8. Mortgage Insurance.** If Lender required mortgage insurance as a condition of making the loan secured by this Security Instrument, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the mortgage insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the mortgage insurance coverage required by Lender lapses or ceases to be in effect, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the mortgage insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the mortgage insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer approved by Lender. If substantially equivalent mortgage insurance coverage is not available, Borrower shall pay to Lender each month a sum equal to one-twelfth of the yearly mortgage insurance premium being paid by Borrower when the insurance coverage lapsed or ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a loss reserve in lieu of mortgage insurance. Loss reserve payments may no longer be required, at the option of Lender, if mortgage insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period that Lender requires) provided by an insurer approved by Lender again becomes available and is obtained. Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain mortgage insurance in effect, or to provide a loss reserve, until the requirement for mortgage insurance ends in accordance with any written agreement between Borrower and Lender or applicable law.

**9. Inspection.** Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of, or prior to, an inspection specifying reasonable cause for the inspection.

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In the same manner, the option holder may exercise his option to purchase the shares at the price fixed by the option agreement.

in a field of the same size as the one in which the first was sown, it will be found that the yield per acre will be increased.

11. **Software Configuration**. Distributor shall be given one unexecuted copy of the Name and of the Security Information.

16. **Answers.** Any answer is correct as long as it is clearly understood by the teacher and the students. To this end the following are given as general criteria for evaluating answers. To the extent that the student's answer meets these criteria, it is considered correct; to the extent that it fails to do so, it is considered incorrect. The teacher may, however, accept any answer which is clearly correct even though it does not meet all the criteria.

12. **Team Charter** If the team is accountable to this department, it must have a team charter that defines the team's mission, roles and responsibilities, and performance metrics.

12. **Successors and Antecedents:** From this point on, the following lists will be referred to as "Successors" and "Antecedents". The continuations and extensions of the

All participants had to answer a questionnaire by letter from a writer. Extractions of the questionnaire are as follows:

People do not die of the cold; they get cold because they are afraid.

It is not surprising that the first major breakthrough in the construction of the first atomic bombs was made by the United States. The country had the best scientific institutions, the most advanced industrial base, and the largest military budget.

In the case of a trial ending in a hung jury, the prosecutor may be asked to re-present the case to the judge for a new trial if the defense attorney believes the jury was unable to reach a verdict due to bias or lack of evidence.

The consequences of this would be to allow greater scope for the introduction of new technologies, to set lower standards in terms of environmental protection and to encourage greater dependence on imported energy.

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applicable law may specify for reinstatement) before sale of the Property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this Security Instrument, or (b) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) cures any default of any other covenant or agreement; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorney's fees; and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that the tenor of this Security Instrument, Lender's rights in the Property and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall continue unchanged. Upon reinstatement by Borrower, this Security Instrument and the obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under paragraph 17.

**19. Sale of Note; Change of Loan Servicer.** The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with this Security Instrument) may be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale may result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects monthly payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument. There also may be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change in accordance with paragraph 14 above and applicable law. The notice will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer and the address to which payments should be made. The notice will also contain any other information required by applicable law.

**20. Hazardous Substances.** Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances on or in the Property. Borrower shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property that is in violation of any Environmental Law. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property.

Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law.

As used in this paragraph 20, "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials. As used in this paragraph 20, "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection.

## NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS

Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

**21. Acceleration; Remedies.** Lender shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under paragraph 17 unless applicable law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument, foreclosure by judicial proceeding and sale of the Property. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to reinstate after acceleration and the right to assert in the foreclosure proceeding the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and/or foreclosure. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender at its option may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may foreclose this Security Instrument by judicial proceeding. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this paragraph 21, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of title evidence.

**22. Release.** Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall release this Security Instrument without charge to Borrower. Borrower shall pay any recording costs.

**23. Waiver of Homestead.** Borrower waives all right of homestead exemption in the Property.

CH704246

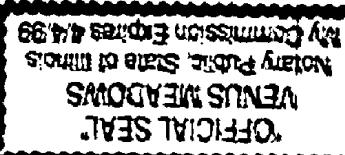
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CHICAGO IL 60148

450 E 22ND ST STE 250

PASSENGER CREDIT UNION

This instrument is a copy.



IN CIRCUMSTANCES WHERE

1997 MAY 15TH DAY OR

RECEIVED IN THE RECORDER'S OFFICE OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF CHICAGO  
AND DEPOSED IN THE RECORDER'S OFFICE OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF CHICAGO  
ON THE 15TH DAY OF MAY, 1997, BY JAMES A. KELLY, NOTARY PUBLIC.  
PERSONALLY KNOWN TO ME TO BE THE SAME PERSON AS SET FORTH THEREIN. AFFE

JOHN GALLAGHER, PATRICK J. SWINE AND CAROL A. SWINE

1. VENUS MEADOWS

STATE OF ILLINOIS

COOK COUNTY

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