

UNOFFICIAL COPY

97-77937

AFTER RECORDING MAIL TO:

LaSalle Home Mortgage
Corporation
4242 N. Harlem Avenue
Norr ridge, IL 60634

AP# VALFN, 85565421
LN# 555421

DEPT-01 RECORDING \$41.50
T80011 TRAN 7324 05/28/97 15431100
84773 * CG *-▼7~377937
COOK COUNTY RECORDER

FIRST AMERICAN TITLE
C.104 75460 gcf3 MORTGAGE

THIS MORTGAGE ("Security Instrument") is given on May 23, 1997. The mortgagor is
BONIFACIO M. VALENCIA and LINDA W. VALENCIA, HUSBAND and WIFE

("Borrower"). This Security Instrument is given to One on One Funding, Inc., an Illinois
Corporation, which is organized and
existing under the laws of the State of Illinois, and whose address is
2720 River Road - Ste 245, Des Plaines, IL 60018
(Lender). Borrower owes Lender the principal sum of Two Hundred Eighty Three Thousand Five
Hundred Fifty Dollars and no/100 Dollars
(U.S. \$ 283,550.00). This debt is evidenced by Borrower's note dated the same date as this
Security Instrument ("Note"), which provides for monthly payments, with the full debt, if not paid earlier, due
and payable on June 1, 2027. This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (a) the
repayment of the debt evidenced by the Note, with interest, and all renewals, extensions and modifications
of the Note; (b) the payment of all other sums, with interest, advanced under paragraph 7 to protect the
security of this Security Instrument; and (c) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements
under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower does hereby mortgage, grant and
convey to Lender the following described property located in Cook
County, Illinois:

** SEE LEGAL DESCRIPTION ATTACHED HERETO AND MADE A PART HEREOF **

which has the address of

4442 W BERTEAU
[STREET]

CHICAGO
[CITY]

Illinois 60641 [ZIP CODE]

(Property Address):

ILLINOIS-SINGLE FAMILY-FNMA/PHLMC UNIFORM INSTRUMENT
ISO/CMDTIL//0894/3014(0890)-L PAGE 1 OF 8

FORM 3014 9/90

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FORM 3014 8/60

10C/CHARTER/000/30140001T PAGE 2 OF 8
ILLINOIS-SIMPLY-FAMILY-FINANCIAL INVESTMENT

is taken in the discretion. Borrower shall make up the deficiency in no more than twelve monthly payments
beginning in early January and, in such case Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to
make up the funds held by Lender toward the amount due. Lender
agreement of the funds held by Lender to any sum is not intended to pay the Escrow funds unless the
borrower is bound to the escrow funds in accordance with the requirements of applicable law. It is the
lender's funds held by lender exceed the amounts permitted to be held by applicable law, lender shall

simply make the funds available to the funds as needed to pay the Escrow
agreement to make up the deficiency and defer to the funds and the purpose for which defers to
borrowing of the funds, showing cause and defer to the funds and the purpose for which defers to
the funds held on the funds, lender shall go to Borrower, unless otherwise directed, in writing,
pay Borrower any balance or savings on the funds and lender may be required to
lender an agreement to make up the deficiency and majority interest to be paid, lender shall then be required to
borrowing available held by lender to consider with the loan, unless otherwise directed, in writing,
however, lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge to an individual real estate tax
lender may require Borrower to pay funds and appropriate new property taxes, lender to make up a charge
and applying the funds similarly applying the escrow account, or varying the Escrow bank, unless
lender shall apply the funds to pay the Escrow funds, then a may not charge Borrower for holding
escrow, or apply (including lender, if lender is also a holder) a liquidation
simply, or may be held in an escrow until deposited by a federal agency.

simply basis of twelve months in one month with applicable law.
may simply the amount of funds due on the basis of current debt and reasonable indebtedness of
lender may, at any time, collect and hold funds, in amounts not to exceed the maximum amount lender
receives under the federal Fair Debt Collection Practices Act of 1977 as amended from time to time, 12
months minus a sum for a duly recorded mortgage loan may require for Borrower, recover
charge, Escrow funds, lender may, at any time, collect and hold funds in an amount not to exceed the
basis of principal plus interest, fees, and other charges, including reasonable attorney fees. These terms are
simply basis of principal, interest, fees, and other charges payable by Borrower to Lender, in accordance with
(c) jointly held or jointly owned; (d) jointly held tenancy in common; (e) jointly
simply a sum (funds), or (g) jointly held and severable rights under the Act, until the date of payment, or
Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day monthly payments are due under the Act, until the date of payment
funds to simple and reasonable. Subject to applicable law or to a written waiver by lender,

change in or under the Act.
pay funds, and the principal of and interest on the debt evidenced by the Act and any programming and any
simply of principal and interest Programming and Late Charge, Borrower shall promptly

CONVENANTS. Borrower and lender covenant and agree as follows:

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines into one note and non-negotiable
conveys with limited warranties by [redacted] to constitute a uniform security instrument combining all
property.

BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully issued of the notes held by company and
right to manage, grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, subject to
simulations of record. Borrower warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all
claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

TOGETHER WITH THE AGREEMENTS that Borrower is lawfully issued to in this Security Instrument to
make a conveyance by the Security instrument, all of the foregoing is retained to in this Security Instrument to
Borrower, and leaving no or having a part of the property. All representations and warranties made

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AP# VALEN, B5565421

LN# 5565421

6. Occupancy, Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Borrower's Loan Application; Leaseholds. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within sixty days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate, or commit waste on the Property. Borrower shall be in default if any forfeiture action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that in Lender's good faith judgment could result in forfeiture of the Property or otherwise materially impair the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower may cure such a default and reinstate, as provided in paragraph 18, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's good faith determination, precludes forfeiture of the Borrower's interest in the Property or other material impairment of the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower shall also be in default if Borrower, during the loan application process, gave materially false or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with any material information) in connection with the loan evidenced by the Note, including, but not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as a principal residence. If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

7. Protection of Lender's Rights in the Property. If Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security instrument, or there is a legal proceeding that may significantly affect Lender's rights in the Property (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture or to enforce laws or regulations), then Lender may do and pay for whatever is necessary to protect the value of the Property and Lender's rights in the Property. Lender's actions may include paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument, appearing in court, paying reasonable attorneys' fees and entering on the Property to make repairs. Although Lender may take action under this paragraph 7, Lender does not have to do so.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this paragraph 7 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security instrument. Unless Borrower and Lender agree to other terms of payment, these amounts shall bear interest from the date of disbursement at the Note rate and shall be payable, with interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

8. Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required mortgage insurance as a condition of making the loan secured by this Security instrument, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the mortgage insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the mortgage insurance coverage required by Lender lapses or ceases to be in effect, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the mortgage insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the mortgage insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer approved by Lender. If substantially equivalent mortgage insurance coverage is not available, Borrower shall pay to Lender each month a sum equal to one-twelfth of the yearly mortgage insurance premium being paid by Borrower when the insurance coverage lapsed or ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a loss reserve in lieu of mortgage insurance. Loss reserve payments may no longer be required, at the option of Lender, if mortgage insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period that Lender requires) provided by an insurer approved by Lender again becomes available and is obtained. Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain mortgage insurance in effect, or to provide a loss reserve, until the requirement for mortgage insurance ends in accordance with any written agreement between Borrower and Lender or applicable law.

9. Inspection. Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to an inspection specifying reasonable cause for the inspection.

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Under Lender and Borrower and Guarantors shall be provided to
mechanism of receipt of the Property demised, if the mechanism of receipt is a combination of
Lender's account and Borrower's account, the combination of Lender's account and
Borrower's account shall be used.

the telecommunications providers and manufacturers should be encouraged to develop and submit proposals to the government for the implementation of pilot projects and research activities in the areas of local telephone deregulation, telephone rate regulation, telephone portability, and telephone competition.

4. **Hired or Proprietary Businesses:** Businesses that have been created or acquired by the business owner and are operated under their name, standard conditions, and are open to the public.

Exhibit 3 The Company's experience with respect to the security of the Company's information systems
Borrower; (ii) a plan to mitigate the risk of the degradation or loss of the Company's information systems
to lenders; (iii) a plan to mitigate the risk of the degradation or loss of the Company's information systems
to customers to the good will they have by, or otherwise affect the continuation of the business, subject
to lenders; (iv) a plan to mitigate the risk of the degradation or loss of the Company's information systems
to customers to the good will they have by, or otherwise affect the continuation of the business, subject
to customers; provided, however, that the Company's obligations under clause (c) of this Section shall not
be deemed to prevent the Company from using reasonable efforts to mitigate the risk of the degradation
or loss of the Company's information systems to the good will they have by, or otherwise affect the
continuation of the business, subject to customers; provided, however, that the Company's obligations
under clause (c) of this Section shall not be deemed to prevent the Company from using reasonable
efforts to mitigate the risk of the degradation or loss of the Company's information systems to the
good will they have by, or otherwise affect the continuation of the business, subject to customers;

4. Changes, losses. Donor will shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fees and expenses relating to the Property which may accrue prior to the Secondarily Intertumur, and shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fees and expenses relating to the Property after the Secondarily Intertumur, except those taxes, assessments, charges, fees and expenses which are paid under the foregoing paragraph.

3. Application of programs. These applications have provided outcomes of permuted by linear under programs 1 and 2 that is applied first, to any permutation changes due under the second, to a number people under program 2; and so forth, x; permuted due, and last, to any the changes due under the last.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by the Security Instrument, Land or other real property held by bondsmen may funds held by Lender, under paragraph 21, Lender shall execute or cause to be executed by Lender, prior to the assumption of title of the Property, and apply any funds held by Lender to the sum of losses suffered by Lender due to the same secured by the Security Instrument.

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LN# 5565421

10. Condemnation. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages, direct or consequential, in connection with any condemnation or other taking of any part of the Property, or for conveyance in lieu of condemnation, are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender.

In the event of a total taking of the Property, the proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to Borrower. In the event of a partial taking of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the taking, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the taking, divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking. Any balance shall be paid to Borrower. In the event of a partial taking of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the taking, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing or unless applicable law otherwise provides, the proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument whether or not the sums are then due.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the condemnor offers to make an award or settle a claim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the proceeds, at its option, either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the monthly payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of such payments.

11. Borrower Not Released; Forbearance By Lender Not a Waiver. Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to any successor in interest of Borrower shall not operate to release the liability of the original Borrower or Borrower's successors in interest. Lender shall not be required to commence proceedings against any successor in interest or refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument by reason of any default made by the original Borrower or Borrower's successors in interest. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy.

12. Successors and Assigns Bound; Joint and Several Liability, Co-signers. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender and Borrower, subject to the provisions of paragraph 17. Borrower's covenants and agreements shall be joint and several. Any Borrower who co-signs this Security Instrument but does not execute the Note: (a) is co-signing this Security Instrument only to mortgage, grant and convey that Borrower's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower may agree to extend, modify, forbear or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without that Borrower's consent.

13. Loan Charges. If the loan secured by this Security Instrument is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the loan exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment without any prepayment charge under the Note.

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ANSWER-KEY/PRINCIPLE QUESTIONS

32. **Residential Subsidies.** Borrower shall not cause or permit the provision, use, deposit, storage, or removal of any hazardous substances on or in the Property. Borrower shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything threatening the Property that is in violation of any Environmental laws. The preceding paragraph applies to the Property as if it were part of the premises, even, or so long as, or so early as, the property or equipment of the Borrower is removed from the Property.

The Secretary General's authority to commandeer ships and aircrafts of the United Nations or any other organization for the purpose of carrying out his functions under Article 43 of the Charter is limited to the following cases:

- (a) when the Security Council has decided to impose economic制裁 (embargo) on a country for its violation of international law;
- (b) when the Security Council has decided to impose economic制裁 (embargo) on a country for its violation of international law;
- (c) when the Security Council has decided to impose economic制裁 (embargo) on a country for its violation of international law;
- (d) when the Security Council has decided to impose economic制裁 (embargo) on a country for its violation of international law;
- (e) when the Security Council has decided to impose economic制裁 (embargo) on a country for its violation of international law;
- (f) when the Security Council has decided to impose economic制裁 (embargo) on a country for its violation of international law;
- (g) when the Security Council has decided to impose economic制裁 (embargo) on a country for its violation of international law;
- (h) when the Security Council has decided to impose economic制裁 (embargo) on a country for its violation of international law;
- (i) when the Security Council has decided to impose economic制裁 (embargo) on a country for its violation of international law;
- (j) when the Security Council has decided to impose economic制裁 (embargo) on a country for its violation of international law;
- (k) when the Security Council has decided to impose economic制裁 (embargo) on a country for its violation of international law;
- (l) when the Security Council has decided to impose economic制裁 (embargo) on a country for its violation of international law;
- (m) when the Security Council has decided to impose economic制裁 (embargo) on a country for its violation of international law;
- (n) when the Security Council has decided to impose economic制裁 (embargo) on a country for its violation of international law;
- (o) when the Security Council has decided to impose economic制裁 (embargo) on a country for its violation of international law;
- (p) when the Security Council has decided to impose economic制裁 (embargo) on a country for its violation of international law;
- (q) when the Security Council has decided to impose economic制裁 (embargo) on a country for its violation of international law;
- (r) when the Security Council has decided to impose economic制裁 (embargo) on a country for its violation of international law;
- (s) when the Security Council has decided to impose economic制裁 (embargo) on a country for its violation of international law;
- (t) when the Security Council has decided to impose economic制裁 (embargo) on a country for its violation of international law;
- (u) when the Security Council has decided to impose economic制裁 (embargo) on a country for its violation of international law;
- (v) when the Security Council has decided to impose economic制裁 (embargo) on a country for its violation of international law;
- (w) when the Security Council has decided to impose economic制裁 (embargo) on a country for its violation of international law;
- (x) when the Security Council has decided to impose economic制裁 (embargo) on a country for its violation of international law;
- (y) when the Security Council has decided to impose economic制裁 (embargo) on a country for its violation of international law;
- (z) when the Security Council has decided to impose economic制裁 (embargo) on a country for its violation of international law;

"Lutherans and other forms of ecumenism. The ecumenical movement has been a powerful factor in defining our identity.

21. Consideration of the Partnership or a Subsidiary Company in the future; a set of any part of the Partnership or
any branch of the Partnership as a separate entity in the future; a set of the same to a third party.
22. Consideration of the Partnership or a Subsidiary Company in the future; a set of any part of the Partnership or
any branch of the Partnership as a separate entity in the future; a set of the same to a third party.

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Secondly, it is important to remember that the Proprietary is located in the same area as many providers of other forms of the information to which the Proprietary is exposed. In this sense, the Proprietary is part of a culture of other forms of the information to which the Proprietary is exposed.

In addition, any notes so obtained provided for by the Secretary of State shall be given by him to the Minister of Posts.

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LN# 5565421

Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property.

Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law.

As used in this paragraph 20, "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials. As used in this paragraph 20, "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection.

NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

21. Acceleration; Remedies. Lender shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under paragraph 27 unless applicable law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument, foreclosure by judicial proceeding and sale of the Property. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to reinstate after acceleration and the right to assert in the foreclosure proceeding the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and foreclosure. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender at its option may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may foreclose this Security Instrument by judicial proceeding. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this paragraph 21, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of title evidence.

22. Release. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall release this Security Instrument without charge to Borrower. Borrower shall pay any recordation costs.

23. Waiver of Homestead. Borrower waives all right of homestead exemption in the Property.

24. Riders to this Security instrument. If one or more riders are executed by Borrower and recorded together with this Security instrument, the covenants and agreements of each such rider shall be incorporated into and shall amend and supplement the covenants and agreements of this Security instrument as if the rider(s) were a part of this Security instrument. [Check applicable boxes]

- | | | |
|--|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Adjustable Rate Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Condominium Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> 1-4 Family Rider |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Graduated Payment Rider | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Planned Unit Development Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Biweekly Payment Rider |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Balloon Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Rate Improvement Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Second Home Rider |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other(s) [specify]

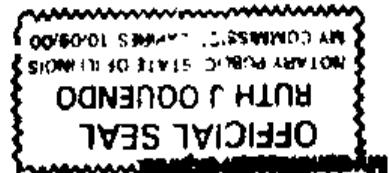
_____ | <input type="checkbox"/> IHDA Rider | |

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FORM 5014 8/88

ILLINOIS - SINGLE FAMILY-FRMA / PUBLIC INFORMATION INSTRUMENT
REC'D/SEARCHED//SERV'D/20140809-1 PAGE 8 OF 8

Mortrigs, IL 60634
Address: 4242 N. Harlom Avenue
The instrument was prepared by: Holly Domhuisch



Given under my hand and affixed seal the 23rd day of May, 1997.

I, the undersigned, do hereby declare on this day in person, and do solemnly swear that they signed and delivered the said instrument to the other party personally known to me to be the same person(s) whose name(s) are subscribed to the foregoing instrument.

BONIFACIO M. VALENCA and LIMA M. VALENCA,
County of DuPage, in and for said County and State of Illinois, do hereby certify that
the above instrument was acknowledged before them on the 23rd day of May, 1997.

SIGNATURES
(Seal)

SIGNATURES
(Seal)

SIGNATURES
(Seal)

SIGNATURES
(Seal)

LIMA M. VALENCA
BONIFACIO M. VALENCA
County of DuPage, in and for said County and State of Illinois, do hereby certify that
the above instrument was acknowledged before them on the 23rd day of May, 1997.

SIGNATURES
(Seal)

BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower agrees and agrees to the terms and conditions contained in page 1
through 8 of the Security Instrument and in any addendum(s) executed by Borrower and recorded with the
County Clerk's Office.

JN# 5565421

NF# ALLEN, 5565421

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FIRST AMERICAN TITLE INSURANCE COMPANY
30 North La Salle, Suite 300, Chicago, IL 60602

ALTA Commitment
Schedule C

File No.: C104754

LEGAL DESCRIPTION:

LOT 52 IN THE TERRACES OF OLD IRVING PARK, BEING A SUBDIVISION OF A PART OF
THE NORTH 1/2 OF THE SOUTHWEST 1/4 OF SECTION 15, TOWNSHIP 40 NORTH, RANGE
13 EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, IN COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS RECORDED
DECEMBER 27, 1995 AS DOCUMENT NUMBER 95897748.

P.I.N. 13-15-306-054, 13-15-306-053 AND 13-15-306-054

100824826
100824837

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Property of Cook County Clerk's Office

RECORDED
SEARCHED
INDEXED
SERIALIZED
FILED

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LOAN NO 5585421

PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT RIDER

THIS PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT RIDER is made this 23rd day of May, 1997 and is incorporated into and shall be deemed to amend and supplement the Mortgage, Deed of Trust or Security Deed (the "Security Instrument") of the same date, given by the undersigned (the "Borrower") to secure Borrower's Note to One on One Funding, Inc., an Illinois Corporation (the "Lender") of the same date and covering the Property described in the Security Instrument and located at:

4442 MURTEAU, CHICAGO, IL 60641

(Property Address)

The Property includes, but is not limited to, a parcel of land improved with a dwelling, together with other such parcels and certain common areas and facilities, as described in

(the "Declaration"). The Property is a part of a planned unit development known as

THE TERRACES OF OLD IRVING PARK

(Name of Planned Unit Development)

(the "PUD"). The Property also includes Borrower's interest in the homeowners association or equivalent entity owning or managing the common areas and facilities of the PUD (the "Owners Association") and the uses, benefits and proceeds of Borrower's interest.

PUD COVENANTS. In addition to the covenants and agreements made in the Security Instrument, Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

A. PUD Obligations. Borrower shall perform all of Borrower's obligations under the PUD's Constituent Documents. The "Constituent Documents" are the: (i) Declaration; (ii) articles of incorporation, trust instrument or any equivalent document which creates the Owners' Association; and (iii) any by-laws or other rules or regulations of the Owners' Association. Borrower shall promptly pay, when due, all dues and assessments imposed pursuant to the Constituent Documents.

B. Hazard Insurance. So long as the Owners Association maintains, with a generally accepted insurance carrier, a "master" or "blanket" policy insuring the Property which is satisfactory to Lender and which provides insurance coverage in the amounts, for the periods, and against the hazards Lender requires, including fire and hazards included within the term "extended coverage," then:

(i) Lender waives the provision in Uniform Covenant 2 for the monthly payment to Lender of the yearly premium installments for hazard insurance on the Property; and

(ii) Borrower's obligation under Uniform Covenant 5 to maintain hazard insurance coverage on the Property is deemed satisfied to the extent that the required coverage is provided by the Owners' Association policy.

Borrower shall give Lender prompt notice of any lapse in required hazard insurance coverage provided by the master or blanket policy.

In the event of a distribution of hazard insurance proceeds in lieu of restoration or repair following a loss to the Property, or to common areas and facilities of the PUD, any proceeds payable to Borrower are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender. Lender shall apply the proceeds to the sums secured by the Security Instrument, with any excess paid to Borrower.

C. Public Liability Insurance. Borrower shall take such actions as may be reasonable to insure that the Owners Association maintains a public liability insurance policy acceptable in form, amount, and extent of coverage to Lender.

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4/7 meeting
4/7 10:00 AM

Page 2 of 2
<http://www.sociedad-olimpiada.com>

BY SAVING BETTER, BUDGETS AND PLANS CAN BE MADE TO COMBINE WITH THE PWD

• **Payroll**: Payroll software can help you manage employee payroll, including tracking hours worked, calculating wages, and managing benefits. It can also help you stay compliant with labor laws and regulations.

(c) Any decision which would have the effect of rendering the public liability insurance coverage

Одговор на въпрос № 10: Въвеждането на нова система за издаване на документи ще създаде проблеми за работата на съдебните прокурори.

(f) Any amendment or any provision of the "Continuing Resolution" or the provisions of law

that in the case of a single-donor donation by the car owner community or in the case of a pooling by consideration of the community of donors of one pool, access to information about transmission probability of

Under contract, after payment of advances the Proprietary or contractor has

and shall be paid to Lenders. Such proceeds shall be applied by Lender to the sums secured by the Security Instruments as provided in Uniform Convention 10.

TESTS ON HYDRO