

# UNOFFICIAL COPY

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0810/0110 03 (01) Page 1 of 7  
1998-04-09 09:42:29  
Cook County Recorder 33.00

LOAN NUMBER: 7229(7)  
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ORIGINAL 1

## MORTGAGE

THIS MORTGAGE ("Security Instrument") is given on MARCH 30TH, 1998. The mortgagor is WILLIAM M. STROUD, MELINDA L. STROUD ("Borrower"). This Security Instrument is given to CENDANT MORTGAGE CORPORATION, which is organized and existing under the laws of NEW JERSEY, and whose address is 6000 ATRIUM WAY MT. LAUREL NEW JERSEY 08054 ("Lender"). Borrower owes Lender the principal sum of ONE HUNDRED SEVENTY SEVEN THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED AND 00/100 Dollars (U.S. \$177,500.00). This debt is evidenced by Borrower's Note dated the same date as this Security Instrument ("Note"), which provides for monthly payments, with the full debt, if not paid earlier, due and payable on APRIL 01ST 2028. This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (a) the repayment of the debt evidenced by the Note, with interest, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; (b) the payment of all other sums, with interest, advanced under paragraph 7 to protect the security of this Security Instrument; and (c) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower does hereby mortgage, grant and convey to Lender the following described property located in COOK County, Illinois:

BEING MORE PARTICULARLY DESCRIBED ACCORDING TO A LEGAL DESCRIPTION ATTACHED HERETO AND MADE A PART HEREOF.

BEING COMMONLY KNOWN AS 1434 WEST HOOD STREET.

BEING THE SAME PREMISES CONVEYED TO  
BY DEED DATED AND RECORDED IN THE COUNTY RECORDER'S  
OFFICE IN DEED BOOK PAGE THIS IS A FIRST AND PARACOUNT MORTGAGE  
LIEN ON THE ABOVE DESCRIBED PREMISES.

PREPARED BY: DONNA HYMSON

which has the address of 1434 WEST HOOD STREET, CHICAGO, Illinois 60660 ("Property Address");

ILLINOIS - Single Family - Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT  
MHS 00 100 (01/01)

Form 3014 9/90 (page 1 of 6 pages)

BOX 333-CTI

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The Funds shall be held in an institution, whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity including Lender, if Lender is such an institution) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply the Escrow items, Lender may not charge Borrower for holding, and applying the Funds, unusually analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow items, unless Lender pays Borrower in trust on the Funds and applicable law permits Lender to make such a charge. However, Lender may recapture Borrower to pay a one-time charge for an independent real estate tax reporting service used by Lender in connection with this loan, unless applicable law provides otherwise. Unless a unique Lender not be required to pay Borrower any interest on the Funds and applicable law permits Lender to make such a charge in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the Funds and the purpose for which each debt is incurred may agree in writing. Lender shall agree to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on the Funds as annual accounting of the Funds, showing credits and debits to the Funds and the purpose for which each debt is incurred may agree in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the Funds and the purpose for which each debt is incurred to be paid, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on the Funds as annual accounting of the Funds, showing credits and debits to the Funds and the purpose for which each debt is incurred to be paid. The Funds are pledged as additional security for all sums secured by this security instrument. If the Funds held by Lender exceed the amount necessary to make up the deficiency, Borrower shall make up the deficiency in no more than twelve months. Lender shall pay the Escrow items when due, Lender may so notify Borrower in writing. And, in such case Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to pay the Escrow items when due, Lender shall pay to Lender at any time for which excess Funds in accordance with the requirements of applicable law. If the amount of the Funds held by Lender exceeds the amount permitted to be held by applicable law, Lender shall account to Borrower for payments, all Lender's, at Lender's sole discretion. Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this security instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrower any Funds held by Lender for the security instrument. Property, shall apply Funds held by Lender at the time of acquisition or sale as a credit against the amount secured by this property, if, under paragraph 21, Lender shall acquire or sell the property, Lender prior to the acquisition or sale of the property, shall apply Funds held by Lender to any late charges due under the Note. Paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be applied: first, to any prepayment charges due under the Note; second, to amounts payable under paragraphs 2 through 6, to late charges due under the Note.

3. Application of Payments. Unless applicable law provides otherwise, all payments received by Lender under security instrument.

4. Charges: Lender, Borrower shall pay all taxes, to any late charges due under the Note.

Borrower makes payments directly, Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this agreement over the manner provided in paragraph 2, or if not paid in that manner, Borrower shall pay them on time directly to the person owed payment. Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this agreement to the person owed payment. Borrower shall pay all taxes, to any late charges due under the Note.

1. Payment of Principal and Interest; Prepayment and Late Charges. Borrower shall promptly pay when due the principal of and interest on the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment and late charges due under the Note.
2. Funds for Taxes and Insurance. Subsidiary to applicable law or to a written waiver by Lender, Borrower shall pay to Lender on the date specified in the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum ("Funds") for: (a) yearly taxes and assessments which may, within priority over this Security instrument as a lien on the Property; (b) yearly real estate premiums, if any; (c) yearly hazard or property insurance premiums; (d) yearly flood insurance premiums, if any; (e) yearly mortgage, subsidence insurance, if any; and (f) any sums payable by Borrower to Lender, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 8, in lieu of the payment of mortgage insurance premiums. These items are called "Taxes and Insurance". Lender may require for Borrower's account under the federal Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act of 1974 a detailed mortgage statement, at any time, collecting and holding funds in an amount not to exceed the lesser amount. Lender may estimate the amount of funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of future growth items or otherwise in accordance with law.

TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and in fixtures, structures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument.

All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property".

BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully seized of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to mortgage,

grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Borrower warrants and

will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines several convenants for national use and non-national Government which limited

variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender cover each and agree as follows:

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Borrower shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender; (b) contests in good faith the lien by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in the Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien; or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the lien to this Security Instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which may attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the lien. Borrower shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above within 10 days of the giving of notice.

**5. Hazard or Property Insurance.** Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage" and any other hazards, including floods or flooding, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts and for the periods that Lender requires. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's approval which shall not be unreasonably withheld. If Borrower fails to maintain coverage described above, Lender may, at Lender's option, obtain coverage to protect Lender's rights in the Property in accordance with paragraph 7.

All insurance policies and renewals shall be acceptable to Lender and shall include a standard mortgage clause. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewals. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, insurance proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property damaged, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to Borrower. If Borrower abandons the Property, or does not answer within 30 days a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may collect the insurance proceeds. Lender may use the proceeds to repair or restore the Property or to pay sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the monthly payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of the payments. If under paragraph 21 the Property is acquired by Lender, Borrower's right to any insurance policies and proceeds resulting from damage to the Property prior to the acquisition shall pass to Lender to the extent of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately prior to the acquisition.

**6. Occupancy, Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Borrower's Loan Application; Leaseholds.** Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within sixty days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate, or commit waste on the Property. Borrower shall be in default if any forfeiture action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that in Lender's good faith judgment could result in forfeiture of the Property or otherwise materially impair the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower may cure such a default and reinstate, as provided in paragraph 18, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's good faith determination, precludes forfeiture of the Borrower's interest in the Property or other material impairment of the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower shall also be in default if Borrower, during the loan application process, gave materially false or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with any material information) in connection with the loan evidenced by the Note, including, but not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as a principal residence. If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

**7. Protection of Lender's Rights in the Property.** If Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, or there is a legal proceeding that may significantly affect Lender's rights in the Property (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture or to enforce laws or regulations), then Lender may do and pay for whatever is necessary to protect the value of the Property and Lender's rights in the Property. Lender's actions may include paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument, appearing in court, paying reasonable attorneys' fees and entering on the Property to make repairs. Although Lender may take action under this paragraph 7, Lender does not have to do so.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this paragraph 7 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. Unless Borrower and Lender agree to other terms of payment, these amounts shall bear interest from the date of disbursement at the Note rate and shall be payable, with interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

(regarding the subject) 86/6 1105 words

11. Borrower Not Relieved; Forbearance By Lender Not A Waiver. Extension of the time for payment of amortization of the sums accrued by this Security instrument granted by Lender to any Successor in interest of Borrower shall not operate to release the liability of the original Borrower or Borrower's Successors in interest. Lender shall not commence proceedings against any Successor in interest or release to extend the time for payment of otherwise amortization of the sums accrued by this Security instrument granted by Lender to any Successor in interest of Borrower shall not be a waiver of any right or remedy.

12. Successors and Assigns Bound; Joint and Several Liability; Co-signers. The covenant and agreements of this Security instrument shall bind and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender and Borrower, subject to the provisions of paragraph 7, Borrower's covenants and agreements shall be joint and several. Any Borrower who co-signs this Security instrument but does not execute the Note; (a) is co-signing this Security instrument only to mortgage, grant and convey that Borrower's interest in the property under the terms of this Security instrument or (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sums accrued by this Security instrument; and (c) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower may agree to extend, modify, forgive or make any accommodations in interest; and (d) is not personally liable for any amounts accrued by this Security instrument.

13. Loan Charges. If the loan secured by this Security instrument is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges and such law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the loan exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceed permitted limits will be refunded to the Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a principal reduction is made, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment without any charge under the Note.

In the event of a total taking of the Property, the proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to Borrower. In the event of a partial taking of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security instrument before the taking, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the taking shall be reduced by the amount of the proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the taking; (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking.

Security instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the taking; (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking.

Security instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the taking; (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking.

Any balance shall be paid to Borrower. In the event of a partial taking of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the taking, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing or unless a provision is made in the Security instrument otherwise, the amount of the sums secured by this Security instrument whether or not the same are then due, shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security instrument whether or not the same are then due.

Borrower notice at the time of or prior to an inspection specifying reasonable cause for the inspection.

8. **Proportionate insurance coverage** required by Lender or ceases to be in effect, Borrower shall pay the premium(s) or cancellation fee(s) to the insurance company previously in effect, and Lender shall pay the premium(s) or cancellation fee(s) to the insurance company subsequently in effect, if, for any reason, the security instrument, Borrower shall pay the premium(s) required to maintain the proportionate insurance in effect. If Lender has received payment of any premium(s) or cancellation fee(s) paid by Lender, Lender shall refund such payment to Lender.

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**14. Notices.** Any notice to Borrower provided for in this Security Instrument shall be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail unless applicable law requires use of another method. The notice shall be directed to the Property Address or any other address Borrower designates by notice to Lender. Any notice to Lender shall be given by first class mail to Lender's address stated herein or any other address Lender designates by notice to Borrower. Any notice provided for in this Security Instrument shall be deemed to have been given to Borrower or Lender when given as provided in this paragraph.

**15. Governing Law; Severability.** This Security Instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located. In the event that any provision or clause of this Security Instrument or the Note conflicts with applicable law, such conflict shall not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the conflicting provision. To this end the provisions of this Security Instrument and the Note are declared to be severable.

**16. Borrower's Copy.** Borrower shall be given one conformed copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument.

**17. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower.** If all or any part of the Property or any interest in it is sold or transferred (or if a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred and Borrower is not a natural person) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may, at its option, require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if exercise is prohibited by federal law as of the date of this Security Instrument.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is delivered or mailed within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower.

**18. Borrower's Right to Reinstate.** If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time prior to the earlier of: (a) 5 days (or such other period as applicable law may specify for reinstatement) before sale of the Property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this Security Instrument; or (b) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) cures any default of any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees; and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that the lien of this Security Instrument, Lender's rights in the Property and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall continue unchanged. Upon reinstatement by Borrower, this Security Instrument and the obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under paragraph 17.

**19. Sale of Note; Change of Loan Servicer.** The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with this Security Instrument) may be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale may result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects monthly payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument. There also may be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change in accordance with paragraph 14 above and applicable law. The notice will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer and the address to which payments should be made. The notice will also contain any other information required by applicable law.

**20. Hazardous Substances.** Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances on or in the Property. Borrower shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property that is in violation of any Environmental Law. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property.

Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law.

As used in this paragraph 20, "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials. As used in this paragraph 20, "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection.



STREET ADDRESS: 1434 WEST HOOD STREET

CITY: CHICAGO

COUNTY: COOK

TAX NUMBER: 14-05-117-027-0000

**LEGAL DESCRIPTION:**

LOT 69 IN KRANSZ'S 1ST ADDITION TO EDGEWATER, A SUBDIVISION OF THE NORTH 1/2 OF THE SOUTHWEST 1/4 OF THE NORTHWEST 1/4 AND NORTH 38.3 FEET OF THE SOUTH 1/2 OF THE SOUTHWEST 1/4 OF THE NORTHWEST 1/4 OF SECTION 5, TOWNSHIP 40 NORTH, RANGE 14 EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, IN COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS.

Property of Cook County Clerk's Office