Loan No. CHI-0066012551 Instrument Prepared by:

DEBRA A. DELANEY

Record & Return to: HARRIS TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK 200 W. MONROE STREET SECONDARY MORTGAGE MARKETING CHICAGO, IL 60606

7795576 99003631 Bill T. DI 285

9444/0270 04 001 Page 1 of 1999-02-02 12:47:29 Cook County Recorder .



			U /
[Space Above This Li	ine For Recording Data]	
	TGAGE		
THIS MORTGAGE ("Geogrity Instrument") is given of	ON <u>January 29th, 1999</u>	*	<u> </u>
The mortgagor is DOROTHY J. PF.A/I, AN UNMARRIED WOMA			
JOINT TENANTS	("Borrower").	This Security Inst	trument is given to
HARRIS TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK		, w	hich is organized
and existing under the laws of THE STAVE OF !! LINOIS		, and	whose address is
111 WEST MONROE STREET 23W CHICAGO, IL LING/S 60603			("Lender").
Borrower owes Lender the principal sum of One lundred	Twenty Seven Thousand S	ix Hundred Thirty ar	nd 00/100
this Security Instrument ("Note"), which provides for mo and payable on <u>February 1st, 2029</u> repayment of the debt evidenced by the Note, with inter- Note; (b) the payment of all other sums, with interest, a Security Instrument; and (c) the performance of Bor Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower de lowing described property located in <u>COOK</u> LOT 16 IN BLOCK 4 IN MILLS AND SONS RESUBDIVISION OF BLO AND WATSONS ADDITION TO CHICAGO BEING A SUBDIVISION OF SUBDIVISION OF THE EAST 1/2 OF THE SOUTHEAST 1/4 OF SEC NORTH, RANGE 13, EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN I	This Security Institute in the security Inst	he full debt, if no strument secures extensions and maph 7 to protect to d agreements ur grant and convey	t paid earlier, due to Lender: (a) the odifications of the he security of this ider this Security
PERMANENT INDEX NUMBER: 16-03-412-015		0//	÷

•	·	$(x_1,\dots,x_{n-1},\dots,x_{n-1})$			
		The second second		,	
which has the address of	1017 NORTH KEELER	CHICAGO			
Illinois 60651-	("Property Address");		· [City]	เกิสเลเลเล	
ILLINOIS - Single Family GFS Form 3014 (6J16)	- Fannie Mae/ Freddie Mac UNIFORM I	NSTRUMENT		Form 3014 9/9 (page 1 of 7 pages	

But the total

Loan Number:

位"龙"

3

11 11/14

有一点

** 35°

1 to 1 to 1

nie.

- 18

-

類 徽

羅機

اجه بالديد

May 1

33 miles

ę.

ď.

ing. b

the to

. Tudos?

4

1

****,

CHI-0066012551

TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property".

BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully seised of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to mortgage, grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Borrower warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

- 1. Payment of Principal and Interest; Prepayment and Late Charges. Borrower shall promptly pay when due the principal of and interest on the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment and late charges due under the Note.
- 2. Funds fo: Taxes and Insurance. Subject to applicable law or to a written waiver by Lender, Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day monthly payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum ("Funds") for: (a) yearly taxes and assessments which may attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien on the Property; (b) yearly floasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) yearly hazard or property insurance premiums; (d) yearly flood insurance premiums, if any; (e) yearly mortgage insurance premiums, if any; and (f) any sums payable by Secretower to Lender, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 8, in lieu of the payment of mortgage insurance premiums. These items are called "Escrow Items." Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount not to exceed the maximum amount a lender for a federally related mortgage loan may require for Borrower's escrow account under the federal Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act of 1974 as amended from time to time, 12 U.S.C. Section 2601 et seq. ("RESPA"), unless another law that applies to the Funds sets a lesser amount. If so, Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount not to exceed the lesser amount. Lender may estimate the animals of Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future Escrow Items or otherwise in accordance with applicable law.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Lender, if Lender is such an institution, or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply the Funds to pay the Escrow Items. Lender may not charge Borrower for holding and applying the Funds, annually analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items. Unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds and applicable law permits Lender to make such a charge. However, Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for an independent real estate tax reporting service used by Lender in connection with this loan, unless applicable law provides otherwise. Unless an agreement is made or applicable law requires interest to be paid, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on the Funds. Borrower and Lender may agree in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the Funds. Lender shall give to Borrower, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds, showing credits and debits to the Funds and the purpose for which each debit to the Funds was made. The Funds are pledged as additional security for all sums secured by this Security Instrument.

If the Funds held by Lender exceed the amounts permitted to be held by applicable law, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess Funds in accordance with the requirements of applicable law. If the amount of the Funds held by Lender at any time is not sufficient to pay the Escrow Items when due, Lender may so notify Borrower in writing, and, in such case Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the deficiency. Borrower shall make up the deficiency in no more than twelve monthly payments, at Lender's sole discretion.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrower any Funds held by Lender. If, under paragraph 21, Lender shall acquire or sell the Property, Lender, prior to the acquisition or sale of the Property, shall apply any Funds held by Lender at the time of acquisition or sale as a credit against the sums secured by this Security Instrument.

- 3. Application of Payments. Unless applicable law provides otherwise, all payments received by Lender under paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be applied: first, to any prepayment charges due under the Note; second, to amounts payable under paragraph 2; third, to interest due; fourth, to principal due; and last, to any late charges due under the Note.
- 4. Charges; Liens. Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines and impositions attributable to the Property which may attain priority over this Security Instrument, and leasehold payments or ground rents, if any. Borrower shall pay these obligations in the manner provided in paragraph 2, or if not paid in

initials 100/

Form 3014 9/90 (page 2 of 7 pages)

that manner, Borrower shall pay them on time directly to the person owed payment. Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this paragraph. If Borrower makes these payments directly, Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender receipts evidencing the payments.

Borrower shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender; (b) contests in good faith the lien by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in the Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien; or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the lien to this Security Instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which may attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the lien. Borrower shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above within 10 days of the giving of notice.

5. Hazard or Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage" and any other hazards, including floods or flooding, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts and for the periods that Lender requires. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrovier subject to Lender's approval which shall not be unreasonably withheld. If Borrower fails to maintain coverage described above, Lender may, at Lender's option, obtain coverage to protect Lender's rights in the Property in accordance with paragraph 7.

All insurance policies and renewals shall be acceptable to Lender and shall include a standard mortgage clause. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewals. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of pair premiums and renewal notices. In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower.

Unless Lender and Borrower othe wise agree in writing, insurance proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property damaged, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to Borrower. If Borrower abandons he Property, or does not answer within 30 days a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a chim, then Lender may collect the insurance proceeds. Lender may use the proceeds to repair or restore the Property or to pay sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the monthly payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of the payments. If under paragraph 21 the Property is acquired by Lender, Borrower's right to any insurance policies and proceeds resulting from damage to the Property prior to the acquisition shall pass to Lender to the extent of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately prior to the acquisition.

- 6. Occupancy, Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Borrower's Loan Application; Leaseholds. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within sixty days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless exterusting circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate, or commit waste on the Property. Borrower shall be in default if any function or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that in Lender's good faith judgment could result in revieiture of the Property or otherwise materially impair the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower may cure such a default and reinstate, as provided in paragraph 18, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's good faith determination, precludes forfeiture of the Borrower's interest in the Property or other material impairment of the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower shall also be in default if Borrower, during the loan application process, gave materially false or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with any material information) in connection with the loan evidenced by the Note, including, but not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as a principal residence. If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.
- 7. Protection of Lender's Rights in the Property. If Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, or there is a legal proceeding that may significantly affect

ælnitiäls.

Form 3014 9/90 (page 3 of 7 pages)

99110021

Loan Number:

·:

7

4

新.在1

透響變

51

\$ \

Fa.

南京

数,

1

蔡 一

南小//*

46.50

1000

1.

f · ·

悬点

4. 17

120

1. .

2 8

But.

.

9,

ě.

劑. 上八

å;Ar

4. .

.\$

CHI-0066012551

Lender's rights in the Property (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture or to enforce laws or regulations), then Lender may do and pay for whatever is necessary to protect the value of the Property and Lender's rights in the Property. Lender's actions may include paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument, appearing in court, paying reasonable attorneys' fees and entering on the Property to make repairs. Although Lender may take action under this paragraph 7, Lender does not have to do so.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this paragraph 7 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this A Security Instrument. Unless Borrower and Lender agree to other terms of payment, these amounts shall bear interest from the date of disbursement at the Note rate and shall be payable, with interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

- 8. Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required mortgage insurance as a condition of making the loan secured by this Security Instrument, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the mortgage insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the mortgage insurance coverage required by Lender lapses or ceases to be in effect, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the mortgage insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the mortgage insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer approved by Lender. If substantially equivalent mortgage insurance is not available, Borrower shall pay to Lender each month a sum equal to one-twelfth of the yearly mortgage insurance premium being paid by Borrower when the insurance coverage lapsed or ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a loss reserve in lieu of mortgage insurance. Loss reserve payments may no longer be required, at the option of Lender, if mortgage insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period that Lender requires) provided by an insurer approved by Lender again becomes available and is obtained. Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain mortgage insurance in effect, or to provide a loss reserve, until the requirement for mortgage insurance ends in accordance with any written agreement between Borrower and Lender or applicable law.
- 9. Inspection. Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to an inspection specifying reasonable cause for the inspection.
- 10. Condemnation. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages, direct or consequential, in connection with any condemnation or other taking of any part of the Property, or for conveyance in lieu of condemnation, are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lenger.

In the event of a total taking of the Property, the proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to Borrower. In the event of a partial taking of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the taking, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the taking, divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking. Any balance shall be paid to Borrower. In the event of a partial taking of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the taking, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing or unless applicable law otherwise provides. (195 proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument whether or not the sums are then due.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the condemnor offers to make an award or settle a claim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the proceeds, at its option, either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the monthly payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of such payments.

11. Borrower Not Released; Forbearance By Lender Not a Waiver. Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to any successor in interest of Borrower shall not operate to release the liability of the original Borrower or Borrower's successors in interest. Lender shall not be required to commence proceedings against any successor in interest or refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument by reason of any demand made by the original Borrower or Borrower's successors in interest. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right

Initials Apply

Form 3014 9/90 (page 4 of 7 pages)#:

12001166

CHI-006514259NOFFICIAL COPY

Loan Number: or remedy.

- 12. Successors and Assigns Bound; Joint and Several Liability; Co-signers. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender and Borrower, subject to the provisions of paragraph 17. Borrower's covenants and agreements shall be joint and several. Any Borrower who co-signs this Security Instrument but does not execute the Note: (a) is co-signing this Security Instrument only to mortgage, grant and convey that Borrower's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower may agree to extend, modify, forbear or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without that Borrower's consent.
- 13. Loan Charges. If the loan secured by this Security Instrument is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the loan exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment without any prepayment charge under the Note.
- 14. Notices. Any notice to Borrower provided for in this Security Instrument shall be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail unless applicable law requires use of another method. The notice shall be directed to the Property Address or any other address Borrower designates by notice to Lender. Any notice to Lender's address stated herein or any other address Lender designates by notice to Borrower. Any notice provided for in this Security Instrument shall be deemed to have been given to Borrower or Lender when given as provided in this paragraph.
- 15. Governing Law; Severability. This Security Instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property's located. In the event that any provision or clause of this Security Instrument or the Note conflicts with applicable law, such conflict shall not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the conflicting provision. To this end the provisions of this Security Instrument and the Note are declared to be severable.
- 16. Borrower's Copy. Borrower shall be given one conformed copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument.
- 17. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. If all or any part of the Property or any interest in it is sold or transferred (or if a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred and Borrower is not a natural person) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may, at its option, require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if exercise is prohibited by federal law as of the date of this Security Instrume it.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice or acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is delivered or mailed within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower.

- 18. Borrower's Right to Reinstate. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time prior to the earlier of: (a) 5 days (or such other period as applicable law may specify for reinstatement) before sale of the Property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this Security Instrument; or (b) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) cures any default of any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees; and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that the lien of this Security Instrument, Lender's rights in the Property and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall continue unchanged. Upon reinstatement by Borrower, this Security Instrument and the obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under paragraph 17.
- 19. Sale of Note; Change of Loan Servicer. The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with this Security Instrument) may be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale may result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects monthly payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument. There also may be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note.

Initials All

Form 3014 9/90 (page 5 of 7 pages)

99110021

新进制的发

Loan Number:

4.7

÷

į.

24

CHI-0066012551

If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change in accordance with paragraph 14 above and applicable law. The notice will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer and the address to which payments should be made. The notice will also contain any other information required by applicable law.

20. Hazardous Substances. Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances on or in the Property. Borrower shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property that is in violation of any Environmental Law. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property.

Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is pecessary, Borrower shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law.

As used in this paragraph 20, "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic posticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde and radioactive materials. As used in this paragraph 20, "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection.

NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS, Porrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

- 21. Acceleration; Remedics. Lender shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's breach of any covenar. or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under paragraph 17 unless applicable law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cule the default; (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument, foreclosure by judicial placeding and sale of the Property. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to reinstate after acceleration and the right to assert in the foreclosure proceeding the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and foreclosure. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender at Its option may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may foreclose this Security Instrument by judicial proceeding. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remodies provided in this paragraph 21, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of little evidence.
- 22. Release. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security instrument, Lender shall release this Security Instrument without charge to Borrower. Borrower shall pay any recordation costs.
 - 23 Walver of Homestead Romower waives all right of ho

· Zo. Walver of notifiestead.	sonower waives all night of homestead ex	kempush ilitile Floperty.
24. Riders to this Security In	strument. If one or more riders are	execute by Borrower and recor
ded together with this Security Instrume	ent, the covenants and agreements of ea	ach such rider shall be incorporated
into and shall amend and supplement t	the covenants and agreements of this S	ecurity Instrument as if the rider(s
were a part of this Security Instrument.	[Check applicable box(es)]	
Adjustable Rate Rider	Condominium Rider	1-4 Family Rider
Graduated Payment Rider	Planned Unit Development Rider	Biweekly Payment Rider
Balloon Rider	Rate Improvement Rider	Second Home Rider
X Other(s) [specify] IHDA RIDEF	R - FNMA/ FHLMC	

Ciaduated i ayillelit ilidei	i idinied onit bevelopment rider	Diveckly I ayment inde	
Balloon Rider	Rate Improvement Rider	Second Home Rider	
X Other(s) [specify] IHDA RIDE	ER - FNMA/ FHLMC		
BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrowe nstrument and in any rider(s) execute	er accepts and agrees to the terms and co ed by Borrower and recorded with it.	venants contained in this Security	
Witnesses:	& Darothy	A Pen 150	al)
	DOROTHY J. PENN	-Borrow	ver
	LESLIE C. PENN	-Borrow	al)
form 3014 9/90	LEGLIE C. FLININ	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	V GI

(page 6 of / pages)

Loan Number: CHI-008601255UNOFFICIAL COPY

	-	(Sea	
	<u>-</u>	(Sea	
	— [Space Below This Line Fo	For Acknowledgment] ————————————————————————————————————	
STATE OF ILLINO'S,		Cook County ss:	
a Notary Public in and for said cou			
DOROTHY J. PENN, AN UNMARRIZE JOINT TENANTS	Χ,	AN UNMARRIED WOMAN, AS (s) is/are subscribed to the foregoing instrument, appeared	
before me this day in person, and free and voluntary act, for the uses	acknowledged that he/she/they	ey signed and delivered the said instrument as their	
Given under my hand and official		January, 1999	
My Commission expires:	4	MANAT	
ì		intary Public	
	"OFFICIAL SEAL" CHRISTINE E. KAROFF Notary Public, State of Illinois My Commission Exp. 10/27/2002		
~	Maria Company		

Form 3014 9/90 (page 7 of 7 pages)

FNMA AND FHLMC ADDENDUM

FORM 22

Conventional Mortgage Loan Tax-Exempt Financing Rider

THIS RIDER is made this 29th day of January, 1999, and shall be deemed to amend and supplemented the Mortgage, Deed of Trust or other Security Instrument (the "Mortgage") dated of even date, given by the undersigned ("Borrower") to secure the Borrower's Note ("Note") tellarris TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK (together with its successors and assigns, the "Lender") of the same date and covering the property described in the Security Instrument and located at:

1017 North Keeler, Chicago, IL 60651

(Property Address)

Hereinafter referred to as the "Property."

The provisions of this Rider shall prevail notwithstanding any contrary provisions in the Note or Security Instrument, or any other instrument which evidences the obligations secured by the Security Instrument.

The Borrov er agrees that the Lender, at any time and without prior notice, may declare an event of default under the Security Instrument and accelerate all payments due under the Security Instrument and the Note under the following terms and conditions:

- Failure to Occupy. The Borrower agrees that the Lender may declare an event of default under the Security Instrument and accelerate all payments due under the Security Instrument and the Note if the Borrower fails to occupy the Property without programmer consent of the Lender.
- 2. Notice of Misrepresentation. The Borrower understand that the Lender has relied upon statements provided by the Borrower contained in the documents provided by Borrower in support of the loan application in the processing, financing and granting of this tran

Upon discovery of fraud or misrepresentation by the Borrower with respect to any information provided by the Borrower in the loan application or other documents executed in connection with the Note and Security Instrument, or if the Borrower omits or misrepresents a fact that is mater 2! with respect to the provisions of Section 143 of Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, in an application for the loan secured by the Security Instrument, the Lender, in its sole discretion, by written notice to the Borrower, may declare all obligations secured by the Security Instrument and all obligations payable under the Note immediately due and payable and exercise any other remedy allowed by law or provided by the Security Instrument.

The Borrower shall notify the Lender promptly in writing of any transaction or event which may give rise to such a right of acceleration. The Borrower shall pay to the Lender all damages sustained by reason of the breach of the covenant of notice set forth above or by reason of such fraud or misrepresentation.

Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. If all or any part of the Property or any interest in it is sold or transferred (or if a beneficial interest in the Borrower is sold or transferred and the Borrower is not a natural person) without the Lender's prior written consent, the Lender may, at its coulon, require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by the Lender if exercise is prohibited by federal law as of the date of this Security Instrument. The Lender also shall not exercise this option if: (a) the Borrower causes to be submitted to the Lender information required to evaluate the intended transferee; and (b) the Lender reasonably determines that the Lender's security will not be impaired by the loan assumption and that the risk of a breach of any covenant or agreement in the Note or the Security Instrument is acceptable the Lender.

To the extent permitted by applicable law, the Lender may charge a reasonable fee as a condition to the Lender's consent to the loan assumption. The Lender may also require the transferee to sign an assumption agreement that is acceptable to the Lender and that obligates the transferee to keep all the promises and agreements made in the Note and in the Security Instrument. The Borrower will continue to be obligated under the Note and the Security Instrument unless the Lender releases the Borrower in writing.

If the Lender exercises the option to require immediate payment in full, the Lender shall give the Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of nor less than 30 days from the date the notice is delivered or mailed within which the Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If the Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, the Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by the Note or by the Security Instrument without further notice or demand on the Borrower.

- 4. Restrictions on Transfer of Property. As long as this Security Instrument related to the Note is backing an FNMA/FHLMC Security held by the Trustee for the mortgage revenue bonds issued by the City of Chicago, Illinois (the "Agency"), the unpaid principal balance of the Note may be declared immediately due and payable if all or part of the Property is sold or otherwise transferred by the Borrower to a purchaser or other transferee:
 - (i) who cannot reasonably be expected to occupy the Property as a principal residence within a reasonable time after the sale or transfer, all as provided in Section 143(c) and (i)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended; or
 - (ii) who has had a present ownership interest in a principal residence during any part of the three-year period ending on the date of the sale or transfer, all as provided in Section 143(d) and (i)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (except that the words "100 percent" shall be substituted for the words "95 percent or more" where the latter appears in Section 143(d)(1)); or
 - (iii) an acquisition cost which is greater than 90 percent of the average area purchase price (greater than 110 percent for targeted area residences), all as provided in Section 143(e) and (i)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as amended; or
 - (iv) whose family income exceeds that established by the Agency under its applicable Rules and Regulations in effect on the date of sale or transfer.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Bearower has executed this Rider to Security Instrument.

Borrower POROTHY

LESLIE C. PENN

99110021