

# UNOFFICIAL COPY

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THIS INSTRUMENT WAS PREPARED BY  
**DIAO Lantz**  
Libertyville Federal Savings and Loan Association  
56 NORTH MILWAUKEE AVENUE  
LIBERTYVILLE, ILLINOIS 60040

NOTE IDENTIFIED

(Please Above This Line For Recording Data)

Event # 0110050166

## MORTGAGE

THIS MORTGAGE ("Security Instrument") is given on March 31, 1989. The borrower is RONALD T. SCHILZT AND IRENE N. SCHILZT, HHS, WPA ("Borrower"). This Security Instrument is given to LIBERTYVILLE FEDERAL SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATION, which is organized and existing under the laws of the United States of America, and whose address is 56 North Milwaukee Avenue, Libertyville, Illinois 60040 ("Lender"). Borrower owes Lender the principal sum of \$100,000.00 (\$100,000.00). This debt is evidenced by Borrower's note dated the same date as this Security Instrument ("Note"), which provides for monthly payments, with the full debt, if not paid earlier, due and payable on April 1, 2019. This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (a) the repayment of the debt evidenced by the Note, with interest, and all renewals, extensions and modifications; (b) the payment of all other sums, with interest, advanced under paragraph 7 to protect the security of this Security Instrument; and (c) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower does hereby mortgage, grant and convey to Lender the following described property located in Cook, County, Illinois.

**LOT ONE NUMBERED FORTY SEVEN (47) AT "STONN GATE", BEING A RESUBDIVISION OF E. BOY DUDLEY CO'S EAST MORELAND, BEING A SUBDIVISION OF THAT PART OF THE WEST HALF (1/2) OF THE NORTHWEST QUARTER (1/4) OF SECTION 32, AND THAT PART OF THE EAST HALF (1/2) OF THE NORTHEAST QUARTER (1/4) OF SECTION 32, LYING NORTHEASTLY OF THE CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY, A.L. IN TOWNSHIP 42 NORTH, PARCE 11, EAST OF THE THIRD PERTICIPAL MILESTONE.  
PHONE 03-33-106-006-0000  
COMMONLY KNOWN AS: 335 S WINDSOR DR.  
ARLINGTON HTS, IL 60005**

A.T.O.F.  
BOX 375

which has the address of 335 S. WINDSOR DR. (Street)  
Illinois 60005 (City/Country)  
(Zip Code)

To the note will all the improvements now or hereafter owned on the property, and all covenants, rights, appurtenances, rents, royalties, mineral, oil and gas rights and profits, water rights, and stock and all fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property."

**BORROWER COVENANTS** that Borrower is lawfully seized of the estate hereby granted and has the right to mortgage, grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Borrower warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

**THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT** constitutes evidence of the mutual and non-conflicting covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction so constituting a valid security instrument or note and property.



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If Lender required mortgage insurance as a condition of making the loan secured by this Security Instrument, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the insurance in effect until such time as the requirement for the insurance terminates in accordance with Borrower's and Lender's written agreement or applicable law.

8. Inspection. Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to an inspection specifying reasonable cause for the inspection.

9. Condemnation. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages, direct or consequential, in connection with any condemnation or other taking of any part of the Property, or for conveyance in lieu of condemnation, are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender.

In the event of a total taking of the Property, the proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to Borrower. In the event of a partial taking of the Property unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the taking, divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking. Any balance shall be paid to Borrower.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the condemnor offers to make an award or settle a claim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 10 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the proceeds, at its option, either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the monthly payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of such payments.

10. Borrower's Non-Rescission Performance by Lender Not a Waiver. Exercise of the right for payment or modification or amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to any successor in interest of Borrower shall not operate to release the liability of the original Borrower or Borrower's successors in interest. Lender shall not be required to commence proceedings against any successor in interest or refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument by reason of any demand made by the original Borrower or Borrower's successors in interest. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy.

11. Successors and Assigns Bound; Joint and Several Liability; Co-signers. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind and benefit all the successors and assigns of Lender and Borrower, subject to the provisions of paragraph 17. Borrower's covenants and agreements shall be joint and several. Any Borrower who co-signs this Security Instrument but does not execute the Note: (a) co-signing this Security Instrument only to re-mortgage, grant and convey that Borrower's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower may agree to extend, modify, forbear or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without that Borrower's consent.

12. Loan Charges. If the loan secured by this Security Instrument is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is broadly interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the loan exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (b) any sum already collected from Borrower which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment without any prepayment charge under the Note.

13. Legislation Affecting Lender's Rights. If enactment or expansion of applicable laws has the effect of rendering any provision of the Note or this Security Instrument unenforceable according to its terms, Lender, at its option, may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument and may invoke any remedies permitted by paragraph 19. If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall take the steps specified in the second paragraph of paragraph 17.

14. Notices. Any notice to Borrower provided for in this Security Instrument shall be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail unless applicable law requires use of another method. The notice shall be directed to the Property Address or any other address Borrower designates by notice to Lender. Any notice to Lender shall be given by first class mail to Lender's address stated herein or any other address Lender designates by notice to Borrower. Any notice provided for in this Security Instrument shall be deemed to have been given to Borrower or Lender when given as provided in this paragraph.

15. Governing Law; Severability. This Security Instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located. In the event that any provision or clause of this Security Instrument or the Note conflicts with applicable law, such conflict shall not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the conflicting provision. To this end the provisions of this Security Instrument and the Note are declared to be severable.

16. Borrower's Copy. Borrower shall be given one conformed copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument.

17. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest to Borrower. If all or any part of the Property or any interest in it is sold or transferred (or if a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred and Borrower is not a natural person) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may, at its option, require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if exercise is prohibited by federal law as of the date of this Security Instrument.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is delivered or mailed within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower.

18. Borrower's Right to Relocate. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time prior to the earlier of: (a) 5 days (or such other period as applicable law may specify for reinstatement) before sale of the Property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this Security Instrument; or (b) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. These conditions are that: Borrower: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note had no acceleration occurred; (b) cures any default of any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred by enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees; and (d) takes such notice as Lender may reasonably require to assure that the lien of this Security Instrument, Lender's rights in the Property and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall continue unchanged. Upon reinstatement by Borrower, this Security Instrument and the obligations secured hereby shall resume fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to relocate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under paragraphs 13 or 17.

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in a class of defendants in which there was no intent to defraud, such as in the case of a bona fide mistake or a honest belief that one's conduct was lawful and proper. This defense may be available to a defendant who has been induced by another to commit a wrong.

In most cases, applying to court setting aside a judgment is the best course of action. A defendant may file a motion to set aside a judgment if he can show that the judgment was obtained through fraud, duress, or undue influence. If the defendant can establish that the plaintiff used false or misleading information to induce him to act, he may be able to set aside the judgment. However, it is important to note that this defense is not available in all states.

If a defendant does not succeed in his attempt to set aside a judgment, he may still have options. For example, he may be able to negotiate a settlement with the plaintiff or file an appeal. It is important to consult with a lawyer to understand the specific laws and procedures in your state.

If a defendant is found guilty in the Proprietary Court, he may be able to file an appeal to the Superior Court. The Superior Court may overturn the decision of the Proprietary Court if it finds that there was a clear and manifest disregard of the law or that the trial judge committed a reversible error. It is important to consult with a lawyer to understand the specific laws and procedures in your state.

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All these remedies should keep the law in mind. It is important to remember that the law is designed to protect the innocent and punish the guilty. It is also important to remember that the law is not perfect and mistakes can happen. It is important to seek legal advice from a qualified attorney if you are facing criminal charges.

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