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(Space Above This Line for Recording Date)

Loan # 9447350

MORTGAGE

THIS MORTGAGE ("Security Instrument") is given on **August 4th**
19**99** The borrower is

HAMDI AYYASH and CHINA AYYASH, His Wife

("Borrower"). This Security Instrument is given to

Midwest Funding Corporation, which is organized and existing under the laws of **the State of Illinois**, and whose address is
1020 51st Street Suite 401, Downers Grove, Illinois 60515 ("Lender").

Borrower owes Lender the principal sum of **Eighty-five thousand and NO/100**

Dollars (U.S.) **35,000.00**). This debt is evidenced by Borrower's Note

dated the same date as this Security Instrument ("Note"), which provides for monthly payments, with the full debt, if not paid earlier, due and payable on **September 1st, 2019**. This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (a) the repayment of the debt evidenced by the Note, with interest, and all renewals, extensions and modifications; (b) the payment of all other sums, with interest advanced under paragraph 7 to protect the security of this Security Instrument; and (c) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower does hereby mortgage, grant and convey to Lender the following described property

located in **COOK** County, Illinois:

LOT FOURTEEN (14) IN HICKORY HIGHLANDS BEING A SUBDIVISION OF THE SOUTH HALF (1/2) OF THE SOUTH HALF (1/2) OF THE NORTH HALF (1/2) OF THE NORTHWEST QUARTER (1/4) (EXCEPT THE EAST ONE-EIGHTH (1/8) THEREOF) OF SECTION 2, TOWNSHIP 37 NORTH, RANGE 12, EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, ACCORDING TO PLAT THEREON REGISTERED IN THE OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR OF TITLES OF COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS, ON AUGUST 3, 1962, AS DOCUMENT NUMBER 2048073, AND RE-REGISTERED ON NOVEMBER 5, 1962, AS DOCUMENT NUMBER 2064232, IN COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS.

Item # 23-02-105-011 *et*

which has the address of

8959 SOUTH 84TH COURT
[Street]

HICKORY HILLS
[City]

Illinois

60457
[Zip Code]

("Property Address");

TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, rights, appurtenances, rents, royalties, mineral, oil and gas rights and profits, water rights and stock and all fixtures now or hereafter part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property."

BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully seized of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to mortgage, grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Borrower warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

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If Lender required mortgage insurance as a condition of making the loan secured by this Security Instrument, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the insurance in effect until such time as the requirement for the insurance terminates in accordance with Borrower's and Lender's written agreement or applicable law.

8. Inspection. Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to an inspection specifying reasonable cause for the inspection.

9. Condemnation. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages, direct or consequential, in connection with any condemnation or other taking of any part of the Property, or for conveyance in lieu of condemnation, are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender.

In the event of a total taking of the Property, the proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to Borrower. In the event of a partial taking of the Property, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the taking, divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking. Any balance shall be paid to Borrower.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the condemnor offers to make an award or settle a claim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the proceeds, at its option, either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the monthly payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of such payments.

10. Borrower Not Released; Forbearance By Lender Not a Waiver. Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to any successor in interest of Borrower shall not operate to release the liability of the original Borrower or Borrower's successors in interest. Lender shall not be required to commence proceedings against any successor in interest or refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument by reason of any demand made by the original Borrower or Borrower's successors in interest. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy.

11. Successors and Assigns Bound Joint and Several Liability; Co-signers. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender and Borrower, subject to the provisions of paragraph 17. Borrower's covenants and agreements shall be joint and several. Any Borrower who co-signs this Security Instrument but does not execute the Note: (a) is co-signing this Security Instrument only to mortgage, grant and convey that Borrower's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees that Lender and any other borrower may agree to extend, modify, forbear or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without that Borrower's consent.

12. Loan Charges. If the loan secured by this Security Instrument is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the loan exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment without any prepayment charge under the Note.

13. Legislation Affecting Lender's Rights. If enactment or expiration of applicable laws has the effect of rendering any provision of the Note or this Security Instrument unenforceable according to its terms, Lender, at its option, may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument and may invoke any remedy permitted by paragraph 19. If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall take the steps specified in the second paragraph of paragraph 17.

14. Notices. Any notice to Borrower provided for in this Security Instrument shall be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail unless applicable law requires use of another method. The notice shall be directed to the Property Address or any other address Borrower designates by notice to Lender. Any notice to Lender shall be given by first class mail to Lender's address stated herein or any other address Lender designates by notice to Borrower. Any notice provided for in this Security Instrument shall be deemed to have been given to Borrower or Lender when given as provided in this paragraph.

15. Governing Law; Severability. This Security Instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located. In the event that any provision or clause of this Security Instrument or the Note conflicts with applicable law, such conflict shall not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the conflicting provision. To this end the provisions of this Security Instrument and the Note are declared to be severable.

16. Borrower's Copy. Borrower shall be given one conformed copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument.

17. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. If all or any part of the Property or any interest in it is sold or transferred for if a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred and Borrower is not a natural person without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may, at its option, require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if exercise is prohibited by federal law as of the date of this Security Instrument.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is delivered or mailed within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower.

18. Borrower's Right to Reinstate. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time prior to the earlier of: (a) 5 days (or such other period as applicable law may specify for reinstatement) before sale of the Property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this Security Instrument; or (b) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note has no acceleration occurred; (b) cures any default of any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees; and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that the hen of this Security instrument, Lender's rights in the Property and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall continue unchanged. Upon reinstatement by Borrower, this Security Instrument and the obligations created hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under paragraphs 13 or 17.

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any instruments designed to measure and record this parameter. The following definitions of terms shall be used by this section:

Protections of leaders' rights in the Progressive Years In the years following the end of World War I, the U.S. Congress passed a series of laws designed to protect the rights of business leaders. These laws included the Clayton Antitrust Act (1914), the Federal Trade Commission Act (1914), the Sherman Anti-Trust Act (1914), and the Adamson Act (1916). The Adamson Act established minimum wage standards for railroad workers, which helped to increase their purchasing power and reduce inflation.

3. **Properties and characteristics of Progression**. Before we shall not destroy, damage or subvert any of the Properties and characteristics of Progression, we must first understand what are the Properties and characteristics of Progression.

For purposes of the due diligence of the members' permits referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of the paid means, if under paragraph 1 of the Property Tax Law is required by law, the member may increase the amount of the paid means to the maximum extent to which the member may be entitled to do so under the law.

of the prospective defendant, if the prosecutor can prove to the court that the prospective defendant has committed a felony and that he has been convicted of it, he may be sentenced to prison for a period of time.

All circumstances shall be taken into account by the appropriate authority in assessing and awarding grants and other financial assistance under this section.
An authority may hold the property and receive rental income from it if it is used for the purposes of a business or profession carried on by a person who is not a member of the household of the authority.
An authority may make a grant to a person who is not a member of the household of the authority if the grant is used for the purpose of providing a dwelling for the person.

5. **Licensed Contractor.** Contractor shall keep the property in a neat and clean condition and shall not do any damage to the property or any part thereof, except as may be necessary in the course of the work, without the written consent of the Owner.

Debt holders have the right to require payment of the debt prior to maturity or earlier if specified in the debt instrument. This right is called a prepayment option. The debt instrument may also give the debt holder the right to require payment of the debt prior to maturity if certain events occur, such as bankruptcy or default by the issuer.

Notice should, if circumstances permit, be given to the chargers due under the lease prior to the date of payment due.

any funds held as a trustee or as security for instrumental, lands, shall promptly refund to Borrower any funds received in trust of all funds received by him provided that he shall pay over to the Lender at the time of sale or removal of such lands to the side of the property in sold to acquired by Lender, and funds held by Lender at no later date than the time of sale or removal of such lands to the Lender by this instrument.

the due date, if the customer fails to pay, the seller reserved the amount required to pay the excess items when due; the excess shall be paid to Borrower or ordered to Borrower to return items when due. Borrower shall pay to Lender any amount paid by Lender to Seller to settle up the deficiency in case of more payments as required by Lender.

payments will not be paid. Lenders shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings, on the Funds Lender's share of the interest which each Lender has paid to the Funds, unless the Funds show up records and details to the Funds Lender that the Funds have been disbursed as provided in the Funds' documents for the same sum used by the Funds for the purpose for which each Lender has paid to the Funds.

Since application of such a deduction is subject to an alternative tax treatment, the deduction shall apply if the Funds pay the extra item, otherwise it will be paid on the Funds unless an agreement is made or applicable law

One effect is that (a) early taxes and assessments which may affect future property values will be based upon the present value of future cash flows. These taxes and assessments of which are imposed by a legislature or

The preparation of and delivery of the Note and any preparation and late charges due under the Note.