

# UNOFFICIAL COPY

X264788

130250

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L2  
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C4  
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1969253

1969253

(Space Above This Line for Recording Data)

## MORTGAGE

THIS MORTGAGE ADDRESSES EULALIO CHALDEZ AND ERYSELDA CHALDEZ, HIS WIFE  
The mortgagor is

MIDWEST SAVINGS BANK

(Borrower). This Security Instrument is given to

THE STATE OF ILLINOIS

, and whose address is

911 COMMONS DRIVE

BOLINGBROOK, IL 60440

(Lender). Borrower owes Lender the principal sum of

Dollars U.S. \$ 106,200.00

This debt is evidenced by Borrower's note dated the same date as this Security Instrument ("Note"), which provides for monthly payments, with the full debt, if not paid earlier, due and payable on

JULY 1, 1991.

This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (a) the repayment of the debt evidenced by the Note, and all interest, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; (b) the payment of all other sums, with interest, as may be agreed under paragraph 4 to protect the security of this Security Instrument; and (c) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower does hereby mortgage, grant and conveys to Lender the following described property located in

COOK

County, Illinois:

LOT 9 (EXCEPT THE NORTH 6.25 FEET THEREOF) AND THE NORTH 12 FEET OF LOT 9 IN  
BLOCK 11, N. DAWNBURN'S 34TH STREET ADDITION TO CHICAGO, IN THE EAST 1/2 OF THE  
TAXE 1/2 IN THE SOUTHWEST 1/4 OF THE SOUTHWEST 1/4 OF SECTION 11, TOWNSHIP 38  
NORTH, RANGE 13, EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, IN COOK COUNTY,  
ILLINOIS.

• 061-91 RECORDING  
• 1969253 06/05/91 15141100  
• 061-91 8-91-264788  
• 061-91 CIRREY RECORDER

3969253

which has the address of

5120 S. RAMBLIN AVENUE

CHICAGO

Illinois

60632

18964

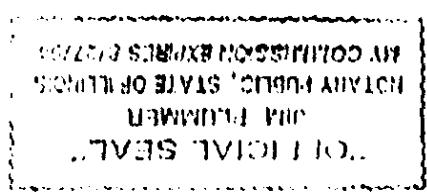
(City)

Dept. 1000

Property Address:

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RECEIVED - COOK COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE - CHICAGO, ILLINOIS



324 COMMERCIAL DRIVE  
MARGOT STANLEY  
BOLINGBROOK, IL 60440

This instrument was prepared by

My Commission Expires:

Given under my hand and affixed seal this

Date:

the and a duly authorized witness and witness do hereby

subscribed to the foregoing instrument, appeared before me this day in person, and acknowledged the same to be his free and voluntary act and deed.

John C. H. Kline, Esq., Notary Public, State of Illinois and State

do hereby certify that

the Notary Public named above has and still

is now and

STATE OF ILLINOIS

County of

Year of

NOTARIAL SIGNATURE: JOHN C. H. KLINE, NOTARY PUBLIC

Witnesses:

BY SIGNING BELOW I acknowledge receipt and agrees to the terms and conditions contained in the security instrument.

(Other) [Specify]

Holdout Rider

Creditable Payment Rider

Adjustable Rate Rider

Lease Improvement Rider

Leased Turn Fix Development Rider

Leaseback Rider

[Check applicable box(es)]

Supplement the coverings and agreements of this Security instrument as follows: \_\_\_\_\_

this Security instrument, its covenants and agreements of record shall be incorporated and made a part of this instrument, and shall have the same force and effect as if it were set forth in full in this instrument.

44. Riders to this Security instrument. If one or more riders are executed by Borrower, and are attached to this instrument, they will supersede the original instrument.

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TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all structures, equipment and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property".

**BORROWER COVENANTS** that Borrower is lawfully seized of the estate set by conveyance, and that he will mortgage, grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record, and Borrower warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, except for valid encumbrances of record.

**THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT** combines uniform covenant for individual real property and uniform covenant for limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

**UNIFORM COVENANTS.** Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

**1. Payment of Principal and Interest; Prepayment and Late Charges.** Borrower shall promptly pay when due the principal of and interest on the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment and late charges due under the Note.

**2. Funds for Taxes and Insurance.** Subject to applicable law or to a written waiver by Lender, Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day monthly payments are due under the Note, and the Note is paid in full, a sum of funds to cover taxes and assessments which may attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien on the Property, taxes on real estate, payments or ground rents on the Property, if any, (c) yearly hazard or property insurance premiums, if any, (d) any insurance premiums, if any, (e) yearly mortgage insurance premiums, if any, and (f) any sums payable to Lender due to Lender, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 8, in lieu of the payment of monthly interest on principal. These items are called "Escrow Items." Lender may, at any time, collect and hold funds in an amount not to exceed the maximum amount a lender for a federally related mortgage loan may require for Borrower's escrow account under the Uniform Estate Settlement Procedure Act of 1974 as amended from time to time, 12 U.S.C. § 2091 et seq., or RESPA, or any other law that applies to the funds set a lesser amount. If so, Lender may, at any time, collect and hold funds in an amount not to exceed the lesser amount. Lender may estimate the amount of funds due on the basis of current costs and make early estimates of expenditures of future Escrow Items or otherwise in a manner set forth in the applicable law.

The Funds shall be held in an escrow who is depositary agent by a federal agency, instrumentality or entity, including Lender, if Lender is such an agency or in any United States Trust Fund. Lender shall credit the Funds to pay the Escrow Items. Lender may not charge Borrower for holding and applying the Funds, annually or daily, in an escrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items, unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the funds and applies the same to Lender to make such a charge. However, Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for credit in a real estate tax reporting service used by Lender in connection with the loan and/or applicable law provides otherwise. If no such agreement is made or applicable law requires interest to be paid, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest on earnings on the Funds. Borrower and Lender may agree in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the Funds. Lender shall give to Borrower, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds showing credits and debits and the specific purpose for which each debit to the Funds was made. The Funds are pledged as additional security for all obligations secured by this Security Instrument.

If the Funds held by Lender exceed the amounts permitted to be held by applicable law, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess Funds in accordance with the requirements of applicable law. If the amount of money held by Lender at any time is not sufficient to pay the Escrow Item, Borrower may secure the deficiency. Borrower may secure the deficiency in no more than twelve monthly payments, at Lender's sole discretion.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly release all monies held by Lender. If, under paragraph 21, Lender shall acquire or sell the Property, Lender, prior to the acquisition or sale of the Property, shall apply any funds held by Lender at the time of acquisition or sale in a credit against the amounts secured by this Security Instrument.

**3. Application of Payments.** Unless applicable law provides otherwise, all payment received by Lender under paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be applied first, to any prepayment charge due under the Note, second, to interest payable under paragraph 2, third, to interest due, fourth, to principal due, and last, to any late charges due under the Note.

**4. Charges; Liens.** Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, sheriffs' fees, fines and improvements attached to the Property which may attain priority over this Security Instrument and shall defend payments or encumbrances of record. Borrower shall pay these obligations in the manner provided in paragraph 2 or, if not paid in that manner, Borrower shall pay them in full directly to the person owed payment. Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of liens and/or judgments given under this paragraph. If Borrower makes these payments directly, Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender the receipt of each of the payments.

Borrower shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument and/or Borrower shall give notice in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender, by continuing to hold the lien by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which is the Lender's concern or, if no action is taken, enforces the enforcement of the lien, or to secure, from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender, to void or release the lien to this Security Instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which may have priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the lien. Borrower shall rectify the error or take one or more of the actions set forth above within 10 days of the giving of notice.

**5. Hazard or Property Insurance.** Borrower shall keep the improvement, crew, fixtures and equipment on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazard included within the term "standard coverage" and any other hazard, including floods or flooding, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts and for the

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(continued from page 233)

27. A written statement from the Borrower prior to acceleration following the occurrence of any event of default under the Note or the other documents evidencing the debt, which statement shall set forth in detail the nature and amount of such event of default, the steps taken by the Borrower to correct such event of default, and the proposed method of curing such event of default.

28. A written statement from the Borrower prior to acceleration following the occurrence of any event of default under the Note or the other documents evidencing the debt, which statement shall set forth in detail the nature and amount of such event of default, the steps taken by the Borrower to correct such event of default, and the proposed method of curing such event of default.

As the first step in the analysis, we have to identify the regions where the property is located.

194 The case of South Africa in the Non-Aligned Movement: Security and Development Interactions

sup in parentheses as to how it is furnished stands on its original manufacturer's bill of lading, and the bill of lading is to be used as the basis for determining the liability of the carrier.

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condemnation or other taking of any part of the Property, or for conversion of land or condemnation of land, the proceeds of such condemnation or conversion shall be paid to Lender.

In the event of a total taking of the Property, the proceeds shall be applied first to the payment of the amount due under this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to Borrower. In the event of a partial taking of the Property, or in the event in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking is equal to or greater than the amount due under this Security Instrument immediately before the taking, and if Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the lesser of the amount due under this Security Instrument, (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the taking, divided by the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking. Any balance shall be paid to Borrower. In the event the fair market value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking is less than the amount due under this Security Instrument immediately before the taking, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, or except as otherwise provided, the proceeds shall be applied to the amounts due under this Security Instrument in which the amounts are then due.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the same may be done, Lender fails to award or settle a claim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date it receives such notice, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the proceeds, at its option, either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the monthly payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of any payment.

**11. Borrower Not Released; Forbearance By Lender Not a Waiver.** Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender is given only as an interest of Borrower shall not operate to release the liability of the original Borrower or Borrower's successors in interest. Lender shall not be required to commence proceedings against any successor in interest or refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument by reason of any transfer of title to original Borrower or Borrower's successors in interest. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy.

**12. Successors and Assigns Bound; Joint and Several Liability; Co-signers.** The obligations created by this Security Instrument shall bind and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender and Borrower. Subject to the provisions of paragraph 17, Borrower's covenants and agreements shall be joint and several. Any Borrower who signs this Security Instrument but does not execute the Note, shall be known thruout this Security Instrument only to Lender as co-signer, then Borrower's interest in the Property under the terms of the Security Instrument, shall not personally obligate to pay the sum secured by this Security Instrument, and to agrees that Lender and any other Borrower may agree to amend, modify, reduce or make any accommodations with regard to the term of this Security Instrument or the Note without their Borrower's consent.

**13. Loan Charge.** If the loan secured by this Security Instrument is subject to a law which permits multiple loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charge collected for the entire loan period with the loan exceed the permitted limits, then (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (b) any sums already collected in excess of the legal permitted permitted limit shall be refunded to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment without any prepayment charge under the Note.

**14. Notices.** Any notice to Borrower provided for in this Security Instrument shall be given in writing or by mailing it by first class mail unless applicable law requires use of another method. The notice shall be directed to the Property Address or any other address Borrower designates by notice to Lender. Any notice so mailed shall be given if mailed to Lender's address stated herein or any other address Lender directs in writing to Borrower. Any notice provided for in this Security Instrument shall be deemed to have been given to Borrower or Lender when delivered pursuant to this paragraph.

**15. Governing Law; Severability.** This Security Instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located. In the event that any provision or clause of this Security Instrument or the Note conflicts with applicable law, such conflict shall not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note, but it can be given effect without the conflicting provision. To this end the provisions of this Security Instrument and the Note are declared to be severable.

**16. Borrower's Copy.** Borrower shall be given one conformed copy of the Note and this Security Instrument.

**17. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower.** If all or any part of the Property or any interest in it is sold or transferred (or if a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred) and Borrower is not a transferee, or if without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may, at its option, require immediate payment in full of all amounts secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender unless it is provided for in this paragraph.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice of acceleration shall be given not less than 30 days from the date the notice is delivered for notice of default and thereafter shall be given in writing to Borrower. The notice of acceleration shall state that Lender has the right to foreclose on the Property or to take any other remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or action by Lender. Borrower

**18. Borrower's Right to Reinstate.** If Borrower makes timely payment, Borrower shall have the right to reinstate enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time prior to the entry of final judgment or decree of a

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THE INQUIRIES OF THE COUNCIL OF THE  
COLONIAL GOVERNMENT

18 BX B11-81N100 HS C 1918 091000 091000 IN 091000

Any given population can be represented by a frequency distribution of the proportion of individuals in each category. The frequency distributions of the proportions of individuals in each category are called the probability distributions of the proportions.

the effect of the presence of the inhibitor on the rate of polymerization was studied by the same method as described above. The results are shown in Figure 1. It is evident that the inhibitor has a marked inhibitory effect on the polymerization of propene at 50°C. The inhibition is proportional to the concentration of inhibitor. The inhibition is more pronounced at higher temperatures.

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2. *Opinion of shareholders*. It follows that if, in the opinion of shareholders and management,

1. **Property of Borrowers** and **Proceeds of the Sale of the Property of Borrowers**—The term "Property of Borrowers" means all personal property owned by the Borrowers, including, without limitation, all real property, fixtures, equipment, machinery, vehicles, supplies, materials, tools, furniture, fixtures, leasehold interests, accounts receivable, notes receivable, and other personal property now or hereafter owned by the Borrowers. The term "Proceeds of the Sale of the Property of Borrowers" means all money received by the Lender from the sale of the Property of Borrowers.

2. **Loans Applied Against Advances**—The term "Loans Applied Against Advances" means all amounts advanced by the Lender to the Borrowers under this Note, less the amount of all principal and interest paid by the Borrowers to the Lender under this Note.

Finally, we can also consider the effect of the different sampling methods on the estimation of the mean and variance of the population.

the following year, he was appointed to the faculty of the University of Michigan, where he remained until 1900. He then accepted a call to the chair of the Department of History at the University of Wisconsin, where he remained until his retirement in 1936.

It is also important to note that the results of the study were based on a relatively small sample size, which may limit the generalizability of the findings.

Underlined with a wavy line: *the day after the present time period or the next day*