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Note about filed

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MORTGAGE

THIS MORTGAGE ("Security Instrument") is given on **October 19, 1991**
The mortgagor is **BETTY M. HILL, Divorced and not since remarried and SHERONE M. MAYES,**

A Single Woman, never been married
South Shore Bank of Chicago
which is organized and existing under the laws of
7054 S. Jeffery Blvd., Chicago, IL 60649

("Borrower"). This Security Instrument is given to
Illinois, and whose address is

("Lender"). Borrower owes Lender the principal sum of
Seventy-Four Thousand One Hundred 00/100 Dollars (U.S. \$ 74,100.00). This debt is evidenced by Borrower's note dated the same date as this Security Instrument ("Note"), which provides for monthly payments, with the full debt, if not paid earlier, due and payable on
November 1, 2006. This Security instrument secures to Lender: (a) the repayment of the debt evidenced by the Note, with interest, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; (b) the payment of all other sums, with interest, advanced under paragraph 7 to protect the security of this Security Instrument; and (c) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower does hereby mortgage, grant and convey to Lender the following described property located in **City of Chicago**,
COOK County, Illinois:

THE EAST 8 FEET OF LOT 35 AND 36 (EXCEPT THE EAST 15 FEET THEREOF) IN BLOCK 11 IN COMMUNITY RESUBDIVISION OF CERTAIN LOTS AND PARTS OF LOTS IN SCHOOL TRUSTEES' SUBDIVISION OF THE NORTH PART OF SECTION 16, TOWNSHIP 39 NORTH, RANGE 13 EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, ACCORDING TO THE PLAT OF SAID RESUBDIVISION RECORDED APRIL 22, 1946 AS DOCUMENT 13774213 IN BOOK 359 OF PLAT, PAGES 4 AND 5, IN COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS.

COMMONLY KNOWN AS: **5012 W. Gladys, Chicago, IL 60644**

P.I.N. #16-16-213-087

which has the address of

Illinois

60644
[Zip Code]

5012 W. Gladys
[Street]

("Property Address");

Chicago
[City]

ILLINOIS - Single Family - Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT
ITEM 1870 (8012)

Form 3014 9/90 (page 1 of 6 pages)

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applicable law may specify for reinstatement) before sale of the Property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this Security Instrument; or (b) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) cures any default of any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees; and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that the lien of this Security Instrument, Lender's rights in the Property and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall continue unchanged. Upon reinstatement by Borrower, this Security Instrument and the obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under paragraph 17.

19. Sale of Note; Change of Loan Servicer. The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with this Security Instrument) may be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale may result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects monthly payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument. There also may be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change in accordance with paragraph 14 above and applicable law. The notice will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer and the address to which payments should be made. The notice will also contain any other information required by applicable law.

20. Hazardous Substances. Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances on or in the Property. Borrower shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property that is in violation of any Environmental Law. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property.

Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law.

As used in this paragraph 20, "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials. As used in this paragraph 20, "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection.

NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

21. Acceleration; Remedies. Lender shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under paragraph 17 unless applicable law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument, foreclosure by judicial proceeding and sale of the Property. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to reinstate after acceleration and the right to assert in the foreclosure proceeding the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and foreclosure. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender at its option may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may foreclose this Security Instrument by judicial proceeding. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this paragraph 21, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of title evidence.

22. Release. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall release this Security Instrument without charge to Borrower. Borrower shall pay any recordation costs.

23. Waiver of Homestead. Borrower waives all right of homestead exemption in the Property.

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5. **Hazarded or Property Insurance.** Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the lots or building, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts and for the

Borrower shall promptly discharge any debt which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender; (b) consents in good faith the transfer of the property instrument of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender; or (c) secures from the Lender or deferees agreement to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in, legal proceedings which in the Lender's opinion operate to prevent the lien by, or deferees agreement to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender.

4. Charges: Lien(s), Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines and impositions attributable to the property which may attach prior to this Security instrument, and leasehold payments or ground rents, if any. Borrower shall pay these obligations in the manner provided in paragraph 2, or if not paid in that manner, Borrower shall pay them on time directly to the person owed payment. Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this paragraph. If Borrower makes these payments directly, Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender receipts evidencing

3. Application of Penalties. Unless applicable law provides otherwise, all payments received by Lender under section 2 of this section shall be applied first, to any prepayment charges due under the Note; second, to any late charges due under the Note; third, to principal due; fourth, to interest due; and last, to any late charges due under the Note.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrower any funds held by Lender under paragraph 21, Lender shall acquire or sell the Property, prior to the acquisition of sale of the Property, shall apply any funds held by Lender at the time of acquisition or, as a credit against the sums advanced by this Security instrument.

such case Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the deficiency in no more than twelve monthly payments, at Lender's sole discretion.

If the Funds held by Lennder exceed the amounts permitted to be held by applicable law, Lennder shall account to Borrower for the excess Funds in accordance with the requirements of applicable law. If the amount of the Funds held by Lennder at any time is not sufficient to pay the Escrow items when due, Lennder may so notify Borrower in writing.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose depositors are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Lender, if Lender is such an institution) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply the Funds to pay the Escrow fees, Lender may not charge Borrows for holding and applying the Funds, annually analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow fees, unless Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for an independent real Lender to make such a charge. However, Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for an independent real estate reporting service used by Lender in connection with his loan, unless applicable law permits Lender to do so. Article 13 governs the relationship between Lender and Borrower. Lender shall be liable for all sums accrued by Lender for which each debt to the Funds was made. The Funds are pledged as additional security for all sums accrued by this Security Instrument.

2. Funds for Taxes and Insurance. Subject to applicable law or to a written waiver by Lender, Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day monthly payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum ("Funds") for: (a) yearly leasehold taxes and assessments which may affect this Security Instrument as a lien on the Property; (b) yearly leasehold payments of ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) yearly hazard or property insurance premiums; (d) yearly flood insurance premiums, if any; (e) yearly mortgage insurance premiums, if any; and (f) any sums payable by Borrower to Lender, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 8, in lieu of the payment of mortgage premiums. These items are called "Fees" or "Items." Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount not to exceed the maximum amount set forth in the Note or otherwise agreed between Lender and Borrower.

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

LINES OF COVENANTS Between and under covenants and agreements as follows:

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with security instruments of record.

BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully seized of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to mortgage, grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record.

TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, fixtures now or hereafter in part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security instrument as the "Property".

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periods that Lender requires. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's approval which shall not be unreasonably withheld. If Borrower fails to maintain coverage described above, Lender may, at Lender's option, obtain coverage to protect Lender's rights in the Property in accordance with paragraph 7.

All insurance policies and renewals shall be acceptable to Lender and shall include a standard mortgage clause. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewals. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, insurance proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property damaged, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to Borrower. If Borrower abandons the Property, or does not answer within 30 days a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may collect the insurance proceeds. Lender may use the proceeds to repair or restore the Property or to pay sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the monthly payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of the payments. If under paragraph 21 the Property is acquired by Lender, Borrower's right to any insurance policies and proceeds resulting from damage to the Property prior to the acquisition shall pass to Lender to the extent of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately prior to the acquisition.

6. Occupancy, Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Borrower's Loan Application; Leaseholds. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within sixty days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate, or commit waste on the Property. Borrower shall be in default if any forfeiture action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that in Lender's good faith judgment could result in forfeiture of the Property or otherwise materially impair the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower may cure such a default and reinstate, as provided in paragraph 18, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's good faith determination, precludes forfeiture of the Borrower's interest in the Property or other material impairment of the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower shall also be in default if Borrower, during the loan application process, gave materially false or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with any material information) in connection with the loan evidenced by the Note, including, but not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as a principal residence. If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

7. Protection of Lender's Rights in the Property. If Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, or there is a legal proceeding that may significantly affect Lender's rights in the Property (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture, or to enforce laws or regulations), then Lender may do and pay for whatever is necessary to protect the value of the Property and Lender's rights in the Property. Lender's actions may include paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument, appearing in court, paying reasonable attorneys' fees and entering on the Property to make repairs. Although Lender may take action under this paragraph 7, Lender does not have to do so.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this paragraph 7 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. Unless Borrower and Lender agree to other terms of payment, these amounts shall bear interest from the date of disbursement at the Note rate and shall be payable, with interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

8. Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required mortgage insurance as a condition of making the loan secured by this Security Instrument, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the mortgage insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the mortgage insurance coverage required by Lender lapses or ceases to be in effect, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the mortgage insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the mortgage insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer approved by Lender. If substantially equivalent mortgage insurance coverage is not available, Borrower shall pay to Lender each month a sum equal to one-twelfth of the yearly mortgage insurance premium being paid by Borrower when the insurance coverage lapsed or ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a loss reserve in lieu of mortgage insurance. Loss reserve payments may no longer be required, at the option of Lender, if mortgage insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period that Lender requires) provided by an insurer approved by Lender again becomes available and is obtained. Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain mortgage insurance in effect, or to provide a loss reserve, until the requirement for mortgage insurance ends in accordance with any written agreement between Borrower and Lender or applicable law.

9. Inspection. Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to an inspection specifying reasonable cause for the inspection.

10. Condemnation. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages, direct or consequential, in connection with any

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remedies permitted by this section may not exceed one-half month or demand of payment.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is delivered or mailed within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Note.

16. Borrower's copy: Borrower shall be given one copy of the Note and of this Security instrument.
17. Transfer of the Property or a beneficial interest in Borrower: If all or any part of the Property or any interest in it is sold or transferred for a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred and Borrower is not a natural person without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may, at his option, require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if exercise is prohibited by federal law as

15. Governing Law; Severability. This Security Instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the state without the conflicting provisions. To this end the provisions of this Security Instrument and the Note are given effect as if applicable law, such conflict shall not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the Property is located, in the event that any provision of clause of this Note purports to be invalid or unconstitutional in whole or in part.

14. Notices. Any notice to Borrower provided for in this Security Instrument shall be given by deliverying it or by mailing it by first class mail unless otherwise specified in another method. The notice shall be directed to the property identified in the Security Instrument and given to Borrower or Lender who is given as provided in this Security Instrument shall be deemed to have been given to Borrower or Lender who is given as provided in this Security Instrument.

13. Loan Charges. If the loan secured by this Security Instrument is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is found to expressly interfere or interfere with the charges collected or to be collected in connection with the loan, then (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce such loan to the permitted limit, and (b) any amounts already collected from the borrower which exceed permitted limits will be returned to the borrower. Under this clause, if any amounts are collected from the borrower which exceed permitted limits, the charges to the permitted limit, and (b) any amounts already collected from the borrower which exceed permitted limits will be returned to the borrower.

12. Successors and Assigns Bound; Joint and Several Liability; Co-signers. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender and Borrower, subject to the provisions of paragraph 17. Borrower's covenants and agreements shall be joint and several. Any Borrower who co-signs this Security Instrument shall be liable to Lender and Borrower, up to the amount of his liability under this Security Instrument, jointly and severally, for all amounts due or to become due under this Note without regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without regard to the terms of this Security Instrument and (c) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower may agree to extend, modify, forgive or amend by this Security Instrument the terms of this Security Instrument; (d) is not personally obligated to pay the sum(s) borrowed or otherwise in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (e) is not personally liable for any amounts which exceed the amount(s) borrowed or otherwise in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument.

11. Borrower not Released; Forbearance Not a Waiver. Extension of the time for payment of monthly payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of such payments.

sums received by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the condominium offers to make an award or settle a claim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, an award or settle a claim for damages.

In the event of a total taking of the Property, the proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking is equal to or greater than the amount of the instrument, whether or not due, with any excess paid to Borrower. In the event of a partial taking of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking is less than the amount of the instrument or other taking of the Property, the proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking is equal to or greater than the amount of the instrument or other taking, or to the sum of the amounts so applied by reason of prior conveyances in trust of condominiums, in the case of condominiums or other takings of any part of the property, to the extent of contributions, in the case of condominiums, the proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking is less than the amount of the instrument or other taking, or to the sum of the amounts so applied by reason of prior conveyances in trust of condominiums, in the case of condominiums.

condemnation of other takings of any part of the Property, or for conveyance in lieu of condemnation, are hereby assigned and